

COVER SHEET

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SEC Registration Number

[illegible]

(Company's Full Name)

[illegible]

(Business Address: No. Street City/Town/Province)

Diane Madelyn C. Ching

(Contact Person)

(02) 8831-4479

(Company Telephone Number)

1	2

3	1

Month *Day*
(Fiscal Year)

2	0	-	I	S

(Form Type)

0	7

1	5

Month *Day*
(Annual Meeting)

2026 DEFINITIVE INFORMATION STATEMENT

Secondary License Type, If Applicable)

Markets and Securities
Regulation Department

Dept. Requiring this Doc.

	N/A

Amended Articles Number/Section

1,814

Total No. of Stockholders

Total Amount of Borrowings	
17,834,939	N/A

Total Amount of Borrowings

N/A

N/A
Foreign

To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned

[illegible]

File Number

LCU

[illegible]

Document ID

Cashier

STAMPS

STAMPS

Remarks: Please use BLACK ink for scanning purposes.

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
CITY OF MAKATI) S.S.

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, **DIANE MADELYN C. CHING**, of legal age, Filipino, with office address at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, do hereby depose and state that:

1. I am the Corporate Secretary of **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.** (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines, with principal office address at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valera (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.
2. I hereby certify that during the Regular Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Corporation held on **April 14, 2026**, at 4th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, wherein a quorum was present and acting throughout, the Board unanimously approved the following:

Resolution No.BD-3-2026-001

"WHEREAS, Pursuant to the Corporation's By-laws, the Annual Stockholders' Meeting shall be held every third Tuesday of May of each year."

"RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of **Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the "Corporation")** hereby approves the **(1)** postponement of the 2026 Annual Stockholders' Meeting (ASM) to give the Management sufficient time to prepare for the meeting and **(2)** conduct the ASM by remote communication or in absentia."

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the President of the Corporation be authorized to set the Annual Stockholders' Meeting and its record date."

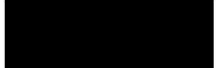
"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Management and/or any Officers of the Corporation be authorized and empowered, as they are hereby authorized and empowered, to sign, execute, file,

and deliver any and all relevant documents, for and on behalf of the Corporation, which may be required by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) and to perform any and all acts necessary thereto in relation to the conduct of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting."

"RESOLVED, FINALLY, that the foregoing resolution shall continue to have full force and effect until the same are repealed, amended and/or superseded by a subsequent resolution to the contrary."

(signature page follows)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this APR 14 2026 2026, in Makati, Philippines.


ATTY. DIANE MADELYN C. CHING
Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this APR 14 2026 day of _____ 2026 in Makati City, affiant exhibiting to me her Passport No.  expiring on 28 December 2031.

Doc. No. 12
Page No. 4
Book No. II
Series of 2026.


ATTY. BENJEN CARLO O. GENERAL
Notary Public for Makati City
App. No. M-223 Until 31 Dec. 2026
Roll of Attorneys No. 59087
IBP Membership No. 460027; 12/01/2024
PTR No. MKT-10769717AG; 01/12/2026
MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0042253;
3F ALPARI Building, #140 Levisia Street
Salcedo Village, Makati City

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
CITY OF MAKATI) S.S.

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, **DIANE MADELYN C. CHING**, of legal age, Filipino, with office address at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, do hereby depose and state that:

1. I am the Corporate Secretary of **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.** (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines, with principal office address at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.
2. I hereby certify that during the Special Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Corporation held on **May 18, 2026**, at 4th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, wherein a quorum was present and acting throughout, the Board unanimously approved the following:

Resolution No.BD-06-2026-001

"RESOLVED, as it is hereby resolved, that that the Board of Directors of **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.** (the "Corporation") authorizes, as it hereby authorizes, the holding of the 2026 Annual Stockholders' Meeting on **July 15, 2026, with record date on June 16, 2026;**

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the President and Chairman of the Corporation, **Atty. Dennis P. Manalo**, be authorized and empowered, as he is hereby authorized and empowered to amend, revise and/or finalize the agenda items to be presented in the said Annual Meeting, if necessary;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that pursuant to the Corporation's By-laws, Sections 49 and 57 of the Revised Corporation Code and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 6 (Series of 2020), the Board of Directors authorizes, as it hereby authorizes, the holding of the Corporation's 2026 Annual Stockholders' Meeting by remote communication or *in absentia*;

“RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Stockholders of the Corporation be authorized, as they are hereby authorized, to cast their votes by proxy, remote communication or *in absentia*, in accordance with the mechanisms and procedures to be issued by the Corporate Secretary;

“RESOLVED, FINALLY, that Management and the proper officers of the Corporation be authorized and empowered, as they are hereby authorized and empowered, to perform all acts, and to sign, execute, file and deliver, for and on behalf of the Corporation, any and all documents which may be required by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) in relation to the conduct of the Annual Stockholders’ Meeting.

(signature page follows)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand on MAY 18 2026 at MAKATI CITY


DIANE MADELYN C. CHING
Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me, a Notary Public for and in MAKATI CITY, Philippines, on MAY 18 2026, by the affiant, whose identity I have confirmed through competent evidence of identity, particularly her Philippine Passport  issued on December 29 2021 at DFA Manila.

Doc No. 83;
Page No. 18;
Book No. II;
Series of 2026.


ATTY. ROMAN CARLO O. GENERAL
Barangay Notary for Makati City
Appt. No. M-123 Until 31 Dec. 2026
Roll of Attorneys No. 53357
ID# Membership No. 486627 12/01/2024
PTR No. MKT-1076971780 09/12/2026
MCLE Compliance No. Y-1 6042253;
3F ALPAP Building, 1145 Leveille Street
Salcedo Village, Makati City

SEC Number
File Number 22401

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(formerly: First E-bank Corp.)

16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly: Citibank Tower),
8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

31 December 2025
(Fiscal Year Ending)

15 July 2026
(Annual Meeting)

Definitive Information Statement
SEC Form 20 - IS

Form Type

Not Applicable

Amendment Designation (if applicable)

Not Applicable

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

LCU

DTU

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 20-IS

INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 20
OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

1. Check the appropriate box:
- ☐ Preliminary Information Statement
☒ **Definitive Information Statement**
2. Name of Registrant as specified in its charter: **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.**
3. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization
Metro Manila, Philippines
4. SEC Identification Number: **Reg. No. 22401**
5. BIR Tax Identification Code: **TIN 000-491-007**
6. Address of principal office:
16F BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City
Postal Code **1227**
7. Registrant's telephone number, including area code, Tel. Nos.: **(632) 8831-4479**
8. Date, time, and place of the meeting of security holders

**15 July 2026, 2PM via Virtual Meeting/Video Conferencing/Remote Communication
hosted at 16F BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas,
Makati City**
9. Approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders: **24 June 2026**
10. In case of Proxy Solicitations
- Name of Person Filing the Statement/Solicitor: **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS INC.**
- Address and Telephone No.: **16th Floor BDO Towers Valero
(formerly Citibank Tower)
8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City
Metro Manila, Philippines
Tel. (632) 8831-4479
Attn: Atty. Diane Madelyn C. Ching**
11. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants)¹:

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding or Amount of Debt Outstanding

¹ Reported by the stock transfer agent as of 31 May 2026.
2026 SEC Form 20-IS (PRIM)

Common Shares	940,403,854
Preferred Series "A" Shares	6,549,960

12. Are any or all of registrant's securities listed in a Stock Exchange?
Yes [**X**] No []

If yes, disclose the name of such Stock Exchange and the class of securities listed therein:
Philippine Stock Exchange. Common Shares



PRIME MEDIA
Holdings, Inc.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

To All Stockholders:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.** (the "**Corporation**") will be held on **15 July 2026 (Wednesday) at 2:00 p.m.** The meeting will be held virtually via remote communication.

The agenda of the meeting is as follows:

1. Call to Order
2. Proof of Notice and Certification of Quorum
3. Approval of the Minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on July 31, 2025.
4. Presentation of the President's Report
5. Approval of the Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ending December 31, 2025.
6. **Conversion of the remaining Series "A" Non-voting and Convertible Preferred Shares and its retirement.**
 - 6.1 Conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.
 - 6.2 Approval of the Additional Listing with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares issued to shareholders after conversion of Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share into Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share as described in item 6.1 above, if necessary.
7. **Amendments to the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation**
 - 7.1 Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Four Billion Thirty-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A preferred class as described in Item 6 above.

- 7.2 Amendment to delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.

8. **Amendments to the Corporation's By-Laws**

8.1 **Section 1 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders)**

- 8.1.1 Setting of a new date for the Annual Stockholders Meeting from third Tuesday of May to third Tuesday of September of each year.
8.1.2 Change in the notice period of shareholder meetings from fifteen (15) days to twenty (21) days prior to the date of the meeting.

8.2 **Section 2 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders)**

Expressly allow shareholders who hold at least ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding capital stock of a publicly listed company to call for a special stockholders' meeting.

8.3 **Section 6 of Article II (Board of Directors)**

Change in the notice period of board meetings from twenty-four (24) hours to at least two (2) days prior to the scheduled meeting.

8.4 **Section 7 of Article II (Board of Directors)**

Expressly exclude from the authority of the remaining directors to elect a replacement director where the vacancy in the board was created by removal or expiration of term.

9. Ratification of All Acts of the Board of Directors, Management and Officers
10. Election of the Members of the Board of Directors for 2026-2027
11. Appointment of the External Auditor
12. Other Matters
13. Adjournment

For the purposes of the meeting, Stockholders of Record as of **16 June 2026** are entitled to receive notice and to vote at the said meeting. Stockholders intending to participate by remote communication should pre-register by sending us an email at service@primemediaholdingsinc.com on or before **03 July 2026**. Please refer to the **Procedure for Participation and Voting at the 2026 Annual Stockholders' Meeting** (attached as **Annex "A"** to the Definitive Information Statement) for detailed information on participation by remote communication and voting by proxy.

The duly signed and accomplished proxy Form must be submitted by email at service@primemediaholdingsinc.com not later than **03 July 2026** and the printed copy thereof should be delivered to:

**The Office of the Corporate Secretary
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly:
Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas,
Makati City**

Validation of proxies will take place on **9 July 2026** at the principal office of the Company. The copy of the Notice of the Meeting, Definitive Information Statement, Minutes of the Previous Annual Meeting of the Stockholders, and other documents related to the meeting may be accessed through the Corporation's website at <https://www.primemediaholdingsinc.com/> and the **PSE Edge**.

For any question about the conduct of the virtual meeting, you may refer to the Company website at <https://primemedia.com.ph/asm-prime2026/> or send your questions at service@primemediaholdingsinc.com.

Makati City, 22 June 2026.



ATTY. DIANE MADELYN C. CHING
Corporate Secretary

SAMPLE PROXY FORM

The undersigned stockholder of **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS INC.** (the “Corporation”) hereby appoints _____ or in his/her/its absence, the Chairman of the meeting, as attorney-in-fact and proxy, to represent and vote all the shares registered in his/her/its name at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation scheduled on **15 July 2026, 2:00 PM**, *via* virtual meeting hosted at the 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, and any of its adjournment(s), as fully as the undersigned can do if present and voting in person, ratifying all action taken on matters that may properly come before such meeting or its adjournment(s). The undersigned directs the proxy to vote on the agenda items expressly indicated by placing an “X” in the box below:

PROPOSAL	ACTION			
	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	
1. Approval of the Minutes of the Annual Stockholders’ Meeting held on July 31, 2025				
2. Approval of the Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ending December 31, 2025.				
3. Conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.				
4. Additional Listing with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares issued to shareholders after conversion of Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share into Common Shares				

with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share.				
5. Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Four Billion Thirty-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A preferred class as described in Item 3 above.				
6. Amendment to delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.				
7. Amendments to the Corporation's By-laws 7.1 Section 1 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders) 7.1.1 Setting of a new date for the Annual Stockholders Meeting from third Tuesday of May to third Tuesday of September of each year. 7.1.2 Change in the notice period of shareholder meetings from fifteen (15) days to twenty (21) days prior to the date of the meeting.				
7.2 Section 2 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders) Expressly allow shareholders who hold at least ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding capital stock of a publicly listed company to call for a special stockholders' meeting.				
7.3 Section 6 of Article II (Board of Directors) Change in the notice period of board meetings from twenty-four				

(24) hours to at least two (2) days prior to the scheduled meeting.				
7.4 Section 7 of Article II (Board of Directors) Expressly exclude from the authority of the remaining directors to elect a replacement director where the vacancy in the board was created by removal or expiration of term.				
8. Ratification of All Acts of the Board of Directors, Officers and Management				
9. Election of the Members of the Board of Directors for 2026-2027	FOR ALL	AGAINST ALL	ABSTAIN FOR	FULL DISCRETION OF PROXY
The nominees for regular directors are as follows: Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo Bernadeth A. Lim Rolando S. Santos Hermogene H. Real Michelle F. Ayangco Independent directors: 2 vacant seats <i>Instruction: To withhold authority to vote for any nominee, please mark "Abstain" box and list the name(s) under.</i>				
10. Appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as External Auditor				

Identification

This proxy is solicited by the Board of Directors and Management of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. The solicited proxy shall be exercised by the Chairman or the stockholder's authorized representative.

Instruction

- a. For all agenda items other than "Call to Order", "Proof of Notice and Certification of Quorum" and "Presentation of the President's Report, the proxy form shall be accomplished by marking in the appropriate box either "FOR", "AGAINST" or "ABSTAIN" according to the stockholder's/proxy's preference.

If no instructions are indicated on a returned and duly signed proxy, the shares represented by the proxy will be voted in favor of the:

1. Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Stockholders' Meeting held on July 31, 2025.

2. Approval of the Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ending December 31, 2025.
3. Approval of the Conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.
4. Approval of the Additional Listing with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares issued to shareholders after conversion of Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share into Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share.
5. Approval of the Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Four Billion Thirty-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A preferred class as described in Item 3 above.
6. Approval of the amendment to delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.
7. Approval of the amendments to the Corporation’s By-Laws
 - 7.1 Section 1 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders)
 - 7.1.1 Setting of a new date for the Annual Stockholders Meeting from third Tuesday of May to third Tuesday of September of each year.
 - 7.1.2 Change in the notice period of shareholder meetings from fifteen (15) days to twenty (21) days prior to the date of the meeting.
 - 7.2 Section 2 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders)
Expressly allow shareholders who hold at least ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding capital stock of a publicly listed company to call for a special stockholders’ meeting.
 - 7.3 Section 6 of Article II (Board of Directors)
Change in the notice period of board meetings from twenty-four (24) hours to at least two (2) days prior to the scheduled meeting.
 - 7.4 Section 7 of Article II (Board of Directors)
Expressly exclude from the authority of the remaining directors to elect a replacement director where the vacancy in the board was created by removal or expiration of term.

8. Ratification of all acts of the Board of Directors, Officers and Management
9. Election of the following directors for 2026-2027:

Regular Directors:

Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo
Bernadeth A. Lim
Rolando S. Santos
Hermogene H. Real
Michelle F. Ayangco

Independent directors: 2 vacant seats

10. Re-appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as external auditor.
- b. A Proxy Form that is returned without a signature shall not be valid.
 - c. The matters to be taken up in the meeting are enumerated opposite the boxes on the accompanying Proxy Form. The names of the nominee directors are likewise enumerated opposite an appropriate space.
 - d. If a stockholder will not be able to attend the meeting but would like to be represented thereat, he may submit his Proxy Form, duly signed and accomplished, to the Office of the Corporate Secretary at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, on or before **03 July 2026**. Beneficial owners whose shares are lodged with Philippine Depository & Trust Corporation (PDTC) or registered under the name of a broker, bank or other fiduciary allowed by law must, in addition to the required I.D., present a notarized certification from the owner of record (*i.e.* the broker, bank or other fiduciary) that he is the beneficial owner, indicating thereon the number of shares. Corporate shareholders shall likewise be required to present a notarized secretary's certificate attesting to the authority of its representative to attend and vote at the stockholders' meeting.

Validation of proxies will take place on **09 July 2026** at the principal office of the Company.

Revocability of Proxy

A shareholder may revoke his proxy on or before the date of the Annual Meeting. The proxy may be revoked by the shareholder's written notice to the Corporate Secretary advising the latter of the revocation of the proxy, or by a shareholder's personal attendance during the meeting and appropriate advice to the Corporate Secretary of such revocation.

Persons Making the Solicitation

This solicitation is made by the Corporation. No director has informed the Company in writing or otherwise of his intention to oppose any action intended to be taken at the meeting.

Solicitation of proxies will be done mainly by mail. Certain personnel of the Corporation will also solicit proxies in person or by telephone.

The estimated amount to be spent by the Corporation to solicit proxies is PhP20,000.00. The cost of solicitation will be borne by the Company.

Interest of Certain Persons in Matters to be Acted Upon

No director or officer of the Corporation or any other nominee for election as director of the Corporation or any associate of the foregoing, has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon, other than election to office as director of the Corporation. None of the officers or directors or any of their associates has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, in any of the matters to be acted upon in the stockholders' meeting.

Signed this ____ day of _____ 2026 at _____

PRINTED NAME OF THE STOCKHOLDER

SIGNATURE OF THE
STOCKHOLDER/AUTHORIZED
REPRESENTATIVE

This proxy form need not be notarized but must be submitted to the Corporate Secretary on or before **03 July 2026, at 5:00 p.m.** The stockholder giving a proxy has the power to revoke it either in an instrument in writing duly presented for recording with the Corporate Secretary at least five (5) days prior to the meeting or by personal attendance at the stockholders' meeting. For corporations, the proxy must be accompanied by a Secretary's Certificate authorizing an authorized representative to represent the corporation in the meeting.

SAMPLE SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, _____, of legal age, with address at _____, being the Corporate Secretary of _____, do hereby certify that:

1. In the regular/special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Corporation held on _____ 2026 at the _____, the following resolution was approved:

“**RESOLVED**, that the Board of Directors of _____ (the “Corporation”) hereby authorize, _____ and/or _____ to represent the Corporation and to vote all of the Corporation’s shares registered in the books of the **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS INC. (PMHI)** at any annual stockholders’ meeting of PRIM, particularly, the annual stockholders’ meeting to be held on **15 July 2026**, and any adjournments or postponements thereof.

“**RESOLVED, FURTHER**, that the Board of Directors of the Corporation authorize _____ and/or _____ to sign, execute and deliver nominations and proxies in relation to said annual stockholders’ meeting of PMHI.”

2. This resolution has not been suspended, revoked nor amended.

_____ (date of execution), _____ (place of execution).

Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me on _____ at Makati, Metro Manila, affiant exhibiting to me his/her valid proof of identification _____ issued at _____ on _____.

Doc. No. _____
Page No. _____
Book No. _____
Series of 2026.

INFORMATION STATEMENT AND MANAGEMENT REPORT

INFORMATION STATEMENT

WE ARE ASKING FOR YOUR PROXY AND YOU ARE REQUESTED TO SEND US A DULY FILLED PROXY

However, if you cannot attend and you wish to send a representative/proxy, please send your proxy letter to the Office of the Corporate Secretary on or before **03 July 2026, at 5:00 p.m.**, a sample of which is attached to this report. On the day of the annual stockholders' meeting on **15 July 2026**, your representative should bring the proxy letter and present valid proof of identification (e.g. passport, driver's license, company ID or TIN card).

This proxy is solicited by the Board of Directors and Management of Prime Media Holdings Inc. The solicited proxy shall be exercised by the Chairman or the stockholder's authorized representative.

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Date, Time and Place of Annual Meeting of Security Holders

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.** will be held on **15 July 2026, at 2:00 PM**, by video conferencing or remote communication as hosted at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

The mailing address of the Corporation is at **16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City**. Please address the letters to the corporate secretary of the Corporation, Atty. Diane Madelyn C. Ching.

This Information Statement will be first sent or given to security holders on or around **24 June 2026**.

Item 2. Dissenters' Right of Appraisal

The Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines limits the exercise of the appraisal right by any dissenting stockholder to the following instances:

- a. In case an amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholder or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence (Section 80);
- b. In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets as provided in this Code (Section 80);
- c. In case of merger or consolidation (Section 80);
- d. In case of investment of corporate funds for any purpose other than the primary purpose of the corporation (Section 80).

The appraisal right may be exercised by making a written demand on the corporation within thirty (30) days after the date on which the vote was taken for payment of the fair value of his shares; provided, that failure to make the demand within such period shall be deemed a waiver of the appraisal right. If the proposed corporate action is implemented or effected, the corporation shall pay to such stockholder, upon surrender of the certificate(s) of stock representing his shares, the fair value thereof as of the day prior to the date on which the vote was taken, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of such corporate action.

If within a period of sixty (60) days from the date the corporate action was approved by the stockholders, the withdrawing stockholder and the corporation cannot agree on the fair value of the shares, it shall be determined and appraised by three (3) disinterested persons, one of whom shall be named by the stockholder, another by the corporation, and the third by the two thus chosen. The findings of the majority of the appraisers shall be final, and their award shall be paid by the corporation within thirty (30) days after such award is made; Provided, That no payment shall be made to any dissenting stockholder unless the corporation has unrestricted retained earnings in its books to cover such payment; and Provided, further, That upon payment by the corporation of the agreed or awarded price, the stockholders shall forthwith transfer his shares to the corporation.

The appraisal right shall be exercised in accordance with Title X of the Revised Corporation Code.

Based on the latest audited financial statements and interim financial statements, the Corporation has no unrestricted retained earnings. Accordingly, no payment shall be made to any dissenting stockholder exercising his appraisal right.

The following matters in the Agenda shall entitle the shareholders to exercise their appraisal right in relation to the Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation as follows:

1. Conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.
2. Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Four Billion Thirty-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A preferred class.
3. Amendment to delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.

Item 3. Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to Matters to be Acted Upon

No director or officer of the Corporation or any other nominee for election as director of the Corporation or any associate of the foregoing, has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon, other than election to office as director of the Corporation. None of the officers or directors or any of their associates has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, in any of the matters to be acted upon in the stockholders' meeting.

None of the directors of the Corporation has informed the Corporation that he intends to oppose any action to be taken by the Corporation at the stockholders' meeting.

B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 4. Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof

As of **31 May 2026**, the following shares of common and preferred stock of the Corporation were outstanding:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Number of Outstanding Shares</u>
Common	940,403,854
Preferred	
Series A	6,549,960
Series B	Nil

As of **31 May 2026**, the foreign equity ownership on a per class basis is as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Number of Outstanding Shares</u>
Common	0
Preferred	0

All registered owners of the Corporation's outstanding capital stock at the close of business on **16 June 2026 (record date)** will be entitled to notice and vote at its Annual Stockholders' Meeting on **15 July 2026**.

Each common share is entitled to one (1) vote on all matters to be taken up during the Annual Meeting except in the case of electing directors where one (1) share is entitled to Seven (7) votes, *i.e.* each share is entitled to as many votes as there are Board seats to be filled up.

Each stockholder is entitled to cumulate his votes and cast the same in favor of one or several nominees of his choice in such proportion as he shall deem fit, provided that, the total votes cast do not exceed the number of his shares multiplied by the number of directors to be elected. There is no condition precedent to the exercise by the stockholders of their cumulative voting right.

For the approval of the proposed amendments to the Articles of Incorporation, the affirmative vote of the shareholders representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the total outstanding capital stock including the common and preferred shares, will be needed for approval.

For other matters, the affirmative vote of shareholders representing majority of the outstanding capital stock shall suffice.

There is no change in control that has occurred since the last financial year.

Security Ownership of Persons Owning More Than 5% of the Corporation's Outstanding Common Stock

As of **31 May 2026**, the following are the beneficial owners with more than five percent (5%) ownership of the Corporation's Outstanding Common Stock:

Type of Class	Name and address of record owner and <u>relationship with Issuer</u>	Name and address of beneficial owner and <u>relationship with Issuer</u>	Citizenship	Name of Beneficial Owner & <u>Relationship with Record Owner</u>	No. of Shares Held	Percent of class
Common Shares	PCD Nominee Corporation Address: Tower 1 Ayala Triangle Makati Avenue cor. Paseo de Roxas, Makati City	RYM Business Management Corp. Address: 106 Paseo de Roxas Ave. Makati City	Filipino	RYM is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Indirect owner</u>	354,627,145	38.66%

	Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	Relationship with issuer: Stockholder		of lodged shares under PCD Nominee (Filipino)		
Common Shares	RYM Business Management Corp. Address: 106 Paseo de Roxas Ave. Makati City Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	RYM Business Management Corp. Address: 106 Paseo de Roxas Ave. Makati City Relationship with issuer: Stockholder	Filipino	RYM is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Direct owner of shares</u>	8,927,940	
Common Shares	PCD Nominee Corporation Address: Tower 1 Ayala Triangle Makati Avenue cor. Paseo de Roxas, Makati City Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	Mairete Asset Holdings, Inc. Address: 16 th Floor Citibank Tower, Paseo de Roxas, Makati Relationship with issuer: Stockholder	Filipino	Mairete Asset Holdings, Inc. is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Indirect owner</u> of lodged shares under PCD Nominee (Filipino)	77,178,901	8.21%
Common Shares	PCD Nominee Corporation Address: Tower 1 Ayala Triangle Makati Avenue cor. Paseo de Roxas, Makati City Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	Armstrong Capital Holdings Corp. Address: 16 th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas Makati City Relationship with issuer: Stockholder	Filipino	Armstrong Capital Holdings Corp. is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Indirect owner</u> of lodged shares under PCD Nominee (Filipino)	100,114,000	10.65%

Common Shares	PCD Nominee Corporation Address: Tower 1 Ayala Triangle Makati Avenue cor. Paseo de Roxas, Makati City Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc. Address: BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas Makati City Relationship with issuer: Stockholder	Filipino	Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc. is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Indirect owner</u> of lodged shares under PCD Nominee (Filipino)	200,000,000	21.27%

RYM, Mairete, and ACHC have authorized and/or appointed by way of proxy, the Chairman of the Board of Prime Media Holdings Inc. to represent and vote their shares in the Annual Stockholders' Meeting (ASM).

Valiant shall authorize its representative, by way of proxy, to represent and vote its shares in the ASM.

Security Ownership of Management as of 31 May 2026:

Type of Class	Name and Address of Owner	Amount and nature of Beneficial ownership	Citizenship	Percent of class
Common	Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo	1 Direct	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Rolando S. Santos	1000 Direct	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Bernadeth A. Lim	1 Direct	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Hermogene H. Real	2000 Direct	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Michelle F. Ayangco	2000 Direct	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Johnny Y. Aruego, Jr.	1 Direct	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Francisco L. Layug III	1 Direct	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Diane Madelyn C. Ching	1,000 Direct	Filipino	0.0%
	Aggregate for above named officers and directors	6,004		

Voting Trust Holders of 5% or More

The Corporation is not aware of the existence of persons holding five percent (5%) or more of the Corporation's shares of common stock under a voting trust or similar agreement.

Changes in Control

On 23 May 2023, the Board of Directors of PMHI approved the private placement of Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc. and subsequently executed a subscription agreement with Valiant on 30 June 2023 wherein Valiant subscribed to One Hundred Twenty Five Million (125,000,000) unissued common shares at a subscription price of Two Pesos and 70/100 (Php2.70) per share for a total subscription price of Three Hundred Thirty-Seven Million Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (Php337,500,000.00). The subscription was fully paid on 31 July 2023, and the shares were issued on 26 January 2024. The said shares were subsequently listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) pursuant to the Notice of Approval dated 5 September 2024.

On 21 October 2024, the Board of Directors of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. approved another subscription of Valiant to Seventy Five Million (75,000,000) unissued common shares of Prime Media Holdings Inc. at Php2.95 per share based on the 30-day closing Volume Weighted Average Price (VWAP) of Php2.5272 per share (as of 17 October 2024) plus 16.73% premium for a total subscription price of Two Hundred Twenty-One Million Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Pesos (Php221,250,000.00). On 22 October 2024 Valiant fully paid its subscription and the shares were subsequently issued on 11 November 2024. The said shares were listed with the PSE on 16 April 2025.

While Valiant gained 21.27% ownership of the total issued and outstanding common shares of PMHI. Such ownership did not gain majority ownership or control of the Corporation.

Item 5. Directors and Executive Officers**Directors**

The following are the names, ages, citizenship, periods of service of the incumbent directors of the Corporation as of **31 May 2026**:

Name	Age	Citizenship	Period during which individual has served as such

Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo	57	Filipino	February 2026 to the present
Bernadeth A. Lim	45	Filipino	May 2013 to the present
Hermogene H. Real	70	Filipino	October 2021 to the present
Michelle F. Ayangco	54	Filipino	October 2021 to the present
Rolando S. Santos	76	Filipino	August 2017 to the present
Johnny Y. Aruego, Jr. (Independent Director)	57	Filipino	May 2013 to the present
Francisco L. Layug III (independent director)	71	Filipino	December 2017 to the present

The business experience of each of the incumbent directors of the Corporation for the last five (5) years is as follows:

Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo was elected as the new President and Director in February 2026. Atty. Manalo earned his Bachelor of Science in Management from the Ateneo de Manila University and obtained his Juris Doctor degree, with honors, from the Ateneo de Manila Law School. He placed 15th nationwide in the 1996 Philippine Bar Examinations. He commenced his legal career with SyCip Salazar Hernandez & Gatmaitan, the country's premier law firm, before joining Siguion Reyna Montecillo & Ongsiako Law Offices. He has served as corporate secretary and director for various private Philippine corporations. In January 2014, he established the Dennis P. Manalo Law Office, which he continues to lead as Founder and Managing Lawyer.

Manolito A. Manalo was elected as President and Director in May 2013 up to January 2026. He is a product of the University of the Philippines in Diliman, having earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in Political Science and a Bachelor of Laws from the same university in the year 1992 and 1995, respectively. He is the co-founder and managing partner of Ocampo and Manalo Law Firm. He also sits as the Chairman of Media Serbisyo Production Corporation, Director in Kajima Philippines, Inc. and Independent Director of Teleport Commerce Philippines, Inc. He is also the resident agent of several foreign corporations, including Air Asia Berhad, Air Seoul Inc., Chailease International Financial Services Co., Ltd, Turkish Airlines, Inc., Hong Kong Airlines Limited and Shenzhen Airlines. He also acts as corporate secretary to Lenovo PCCW, Otis Elevators, Ayala Land subsidiaries such as ALICap & Direct Power Services & Asia Digital Engineering of Capital A (Malaysia), among others.

Bernadeth A. Lim was elected as Vice President and Director in May 2013. She graduated from the University of the Philippines with a degree in Bachelor of Laws. She is a partner of Ocampo and Manalo Law Firm. She is the Chairman and President of Morrison Express Philippines, Inc. from February 2017 to present. She was elected as a Director of AVK Philippines, Inc. in 2016 until 2022 and was re-elected as a director in 2023 to present. Meanwhile, she is the current resident agent of several airlines, Tigerair Taiwan Co. Ltd. (since 2019), YTO Cargo Airlines Co., Ltd. (since 2020) and Starlux Airlines Co., Ltd. (since 2020).

Hermogene H. Real was elected as Director in October 2021. She graduated from the University of the Philippines with a degree in Bachelor of Laws. She was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 1998. She is the President of Mairete Asset Holdings Inc. She is a seasoned lawyer with extensive experience in business and commercial law. Over the course of legal career, being with D.S. Tantuico and Associates., she has advised a wide range of corporations, business entities, and entrepreneurs on corporate governance, regulatory compliance, commercial transactions, and strategic business matters.

Michelle F. Ayangco was elected as Director in October 2021. She graduated from Rizal Technological University with a degree in BS Accountancy. She is a seasoned businesswoman with a diverse professional background. She has held various positions across different organizations, gaining extensive experience in business operations, management, and strategic planning.

Rolando S. Santos was elected as Director in August 2017. He was elected as Treasurer in October 2013. He serves as Vice President and Treasurer of Bright Kindle Resources & Investments Inc., the

appointed Treasurer of Marcventures Holdings Inc. and Marcventures Mining and Development Corp. He was previously the Branch Head/ Cluster Head for Makati Branches of Equitable PCI Bank from 2001 to 2013 which was eventually acquired by BDO.

Johnny Y. Aruego, Jr. was elected as an Independent Director in May 2013. He is a partner in Aruego Bite and Associates. He also sits as a director of Excel Unified Land Resources Corporation, a Corporate Secretary and Legal Counsel for Agility, Inc. and A.V. Ocampo-ATR Kimeng Insurance Broker, Inc. He is likewise the Legal Consultant of Lorenzana Food Corporation, National Steel Corporation and Margarita Land and Management Co., Inc. He is the assistant rehabilitation receiver for Pacific Activated Carbon, Inc., Pet Plans, Inc., Bacnotan Steel Industries, Inc. and All Asia Capital and Trust Corporation. He is an assistant liquidator of East Asia Capital Corporation, Reynolds Philippines corporation.

Francisco L. Layug III was elected as an Independent Director in December 2017. He is the President of Rotary Club of Pasay. He was the President of Electronic Security System Corp. (ESSCOR) from 1992-2015. He is currently a Consultant of ESSCOR.

Officers

As of **31 May 2026**, the following are the names, ages, positions, citizenship, and periods of service of the incumbent officers of the Corporation:

Name	Age	Position	Citizenship	Period during which individual has served as such
Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo	57	President & Chairman	Filipino	February 2026 to the present
Bernadeth A. Lim	45	Vice President	Filipino	May 2013 to present
Diane Madelyn C. Ching	43	Corporate Secretary and Corporate Information Officer	Filipino	January 2023 to present
Rolando S. Santos	76	Treasurer	Filipino	January 2016 up to present
Emerson P. Paulino	45	Risk Management Officer, Compliance Officer and Data Privacy Officer	Filipino	April 2026 to present

Diane Madelyn C. Ching was appointed Corporate Secretary/ Co-Compliance Officer/Co-Data Privacy Officer/ Co-Corporate Information Officer in January 2023. In April 2026, Atty. Ching resigned as Compliance Officer and Data Privacy Officer and transferred such role to Mr. Paulino as part of the Company's corporate alignment. Atty. Ching is a member of the Integrated Bar of the Philippines. She obtained her Bachelor of Laws degree from San Beda College-Mendiola in 2009. Atty. Ching has been actively engaged in the practice of law for more than 16 years. In the course of her practice, she has undertaken various legal and corporate roles, handling diverse transactions and legal matters as principal of her own firm. She previously served as Director and Corporate Secretary of Prime Media Holdings Inc. from 2014 to June 2019.

Emerson P. Paulino was appointed as Risk Management Officer, Compliance Officer and Data Privacy Officer on 14 April 2026. Mr. Paulino is a Certified Public Accountant and a Certified Internal Auditor (IIA). He served as the AVP of Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. for Internal Audit from 2020 until March 2026. Currently, he is the consulting Audit and Risk Officer of SBS Philippines Corporation. Mr. Paulino has twenty (20) years of experience in risk management, compliance, and internal audit including IT audit, finance, and controls. He has led numerous initiatives in ERP implementation, such as SAP B1, Acumatica, and Oracle NetSuite, as well as IT assurance for operations and finance-related applications like QuickBooks and various inventory management systems. Throughout his career, he has been affiliated with major organizations including Philip Morris,

Carrier International, Standard Chartered Bank, Marcventures Holdings Inc., and SBS Philippines Corporation.

Nomination Committee and Nominees for Election as Members of the Board of Directors

The Nominations Committee has screened the following nominees for election or re-election on **15 July 2026**. The Nominations Committee determined that the candidates possess all the qualifications and none the disqualifications as director or independent director.

Nominees for Regular Directors

1. Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo
2. Bernadeth A. Lim
3. Rolando S. Santos
4. Hermogene H. Real
5. Michelle F. Ayangco

Nominees for Independent Director

1. Vacant
2. Vacant

All nominations for regular directors have been reviewed and approved by the Corporation's Nomination and Compensation Committee. No director has resigned or declined to stand for re-election to the board of directors since the date of the last annual meeting and there has been no disagreement on the Corporation's operations, policies, or practices.

On 26 January 2026, the SEC issued a new Memorandum Circular No. 7 Series of 2026 which prescribes a term limit for Independent Directors. Under the Circular which took effect on 01 February 2026, Independent Directors shall be elected for a term of one (1) year, subject to a maximum cumulative term of nine (9) years in the same company. An Independent Director who served the maximum term shall be barred perpetually from re-election as an Independent Director of the same company, without prejudice to serving as an Independent Director or officer of the same company without any cooling-off period. Notwithstanding Section 2 of the said Circular, incumbent Independent Directors who have served the maximum term upon the effectivity of the Circular may continue to serve as such until the 2026 Annual Stockholders' Meeting of the company.

In this regard, Atty. Aruego and Engr. Layug will no longer stand for re-election. The Company is currently searching for suitable candidates to assume the position of Independent Directors. The Corporation shall call a Special Stockholders' Meeting for this purpose.

Period in Which Directors and Executive Officers Should Serve

The directors and executive officers should serve for a period of one (1) year.

Term of Office of a Director

The seven (7) directors shall be elected annually by the stockholders owning majority of the outstanding capital stock for a term of one (1) year and shall serve until the election and qualification of their successors. At each election for directors every stockholder shall have the right to vote, in person or by proxy, the number of shares owned by him for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or to cumulate his votes by giving one candidate as many votes as the number of such directors multiplied by the number of his share shall equal, or by distributing such votes in the same principle among any number of candidates.

Any vacancy in the board of directors other than removal or expiration of term may be filled by a majority vote of the remaining members thereof at a meeting called for that purpose if they still constitute a quorum, and the director or directors so chosen shall serve for the unexpired term.

Significant Employees

The business of the Corporation is not highly dependent on the services of certain key personnel. There is no employee who, while not being an executive officer, is expected by the Corporation to make a significant contribution to the business.

Family Relationships

There are no family relationships either by consanguinity or affinity up to the fourth civil degree among directors, executive officers, and nominees for election as directors.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

The Corporation is not aware that any one of the incumbent directors and officers and persons nominated to become director/s and officer/s has been the subject of a bankruptcy petition or a conviction by final judgment in criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses, or has been by judgment or decree found to have violated securities or commodities law and enjoined from engaging in any business, securities, commodities or banking activities for the past five (5) years until the date of this Information Sheet.

The Company is a party to certain lawsuits or claims arising from its previous bank operations in the ordinary course of business. However, the Company's management believe that eventual liabilities under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material effect on the Company's financial status and general corporate standing in light of the available legal defenses to the Company. The Corporation is not aware of any material pending legal proceedings to which the Corporation is a party.

Further, to the best of its knowledge and/or information, the Company is not aware of: (a) any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which a director or executive officer or person nominated to become a director or executive officer was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time; (b) any conviction by final judgment, including the nature of the offense, in a criminal proceeding, excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses; (c) being subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities or banking activities; and (d) being found by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Commission or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign Exchange or other organized trading market or self-regulatory organization, to have violated a securities or commodities law or regulation and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

Resignation/Disagreement

The Corporation is not aware of any incumbent directors and/or key officers who intend to resign or refuse to their re-election as member of the Board of the Directors or as officer of the Corporation.

Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

The aggregate compensation paid in 2024, 2025 and estimated to be paid in 2026, (1) to the Chief Executive Officer and four (4) most highly compensated officers of the Corporation, as a group; and (2) to all key officers, other officers, and directors as a group, is set out below:

Names	Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Others
Manolito A. Manalo <i>(resigned effective on January 27, 2026)</i>	Chairman & President		0	0	
Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo <i>(appointed effective on February 18, 2026)</i>					
Bernadeth A. Lim	Vice President		0	0	
Rolando S. Santos	Treasurer		0	0	
Diane Madelyn C. Ching	Corporate Secretary and Corporate Information Officer		0	0	
Dale A. Tongco <i>(resigned effective on April 14, 2026)</i>	Risk Management Officer		0	0	
Emerson P. Paulino <i>(appointed effective on April 14, 2026)</i>	Risk Management Officer, Compliance Officer and Data Privacy Officer		0	0	
Aggregate for above named officers		2024	0	0	300,000
		2025	0	0	205,000
		2026(est)	0	0	195,000
All Directors and Officers as a group unnamed		2024	0	0	160,000
		2025	0	0	260,000
		2026(est)	0	0	250,000

There are no special employment contracts between the Corporation and its directors and officers. The directors are entitled to nominal per diem amounting to ₱10,000.00 for attending board meetings and ₱5,000.00 for attending committee meetings. There are no outstanding warrants or options granted to directors and officers.

Item 7. Independent Public Accountants

- a) Independent Public Accountants, Reyes Tacandong & Co. (RTC) will stand for re-election as the Corporation's external auditors for the year 2026-2027 which shall be subject to shareholders' approval during the Annual Meeting in compliance with SRC Rule 68, Paragraph 3(b)(iv) which provides that the external auditor should be rotated every five (5) years or earlier or the handling partner shall be changed.
- b) RTC was first elected as the Corporation's Independent Public Accountant in December 2014. Representatives of RTC will be present during the annual meeting and will be given the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so. They are also expected to respond to appropriate questions if needed. There was no event where RTC and the Corporation had any disagreement with regard to any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure. Except as stated in the report of independent auditors, the Corporation has no disagreements with its auditors.
- c) For the audit of the Corporation's Annual financial statements and services provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements, the aggregate amounts to be billed or already billed excluding VAT and out of pocket expenses (OPE) by RTC

amounts/amounted to ₱575,000.00 and ₱500,000.00 for the years 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The 2025 audit of the Corporation is in compliance with Rule 68, paragraph (3)(b)(ix) of the Amended Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, which provides that the external auditor should be rotated, or the handling partner changed, every five (5) years or earlier and that a two-year cooling off period should be observed in the re-engagement of the same signing partner or individual auditor.

From 2021 to present, the RTC account partner handling the Corporation is Ms. Pamela Ann Escudro. She replaced Belinda B. Fernando who was the handling partner starting in 2014. A five-year cooling-off period shall be observed in the re-engagement of the same signing partner or individual.

The Corporation created an Audit Committee composed of Johnny Y. Aruego, Jr as Chairman, and Bernadeth A. Lim and Francisco L. Layug III as members. As provided for in its charter, the objective of the Audit Committee is to assist the board of directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities by reviewing the financial reporting process, the system of internal control, risk management, governance processes, the audit process and the Corporation's process for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and its own code of business conduct.

Item 8. COMPENSATION PLANS

No action is proposed to be taken during the stockholders' meeting with regard to any bonus, profit sharing, pension/retirement plan, granting of any extension of options, warrants or rights to purchase any securities. The Corporation has no compensatory plans, warrants or options held by directors or officers.

C. ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

Item 9. AUTHORIZATION OR ISSUANCE OF SECURITIES OTHER THAN FOR EXCHANGE

There are no action to be taken with respect to the authorization or issuance of any securities.

Item 10. MODIFICATION/EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

I. Conversion of the remaining Series "A" Non-voting and Convertible Preferred Shares and its retirement.

- i. Conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.
- ii. Additional Listing with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety-Eight (261,998) Common Shares issued to shareholders after conversion of Series "A" Non-Voting and

Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share into Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share.

II. Amendments to the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation

- i. Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Four Billion Thirty-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A class.
- ii. Amendment to delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.

On 08 January 2025, the SEC approved the Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Five Billion Pesos (PhP5,000,000,000.00) to Four Billion Forty Million Pesos (PhP4,040,000,000.00) to reflect the reduction of the par value of the Series A Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares from One Peso (PhP 1.00) to Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) without change in the number of shares of One Billion (1,000,000,000) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred shares.

After the decrease in the authorized capital stock, all Series "A" Preferred Shares shall be converted into Common Shares at a conversion rate of 25:1. Thus, the Fourteen Million Three Hundred Sixty-Six Thousand Two Hundred Sixty (14,366,260) Series "A" Preferred Shares shall be converted into Five Hundred Seventy-Four Thousand Six Hundred Fifty (574,650) common shares. No fractional shares shall be issued and the value thereof will be paid in cash. The underlying Five Hundred Seventy-Four Thousand Six Hundred Fifty (574,650) common shares arising from the conversion of Series "A" Preferred Shares shall be applied for listing with the PSE pursuant to the listing approval on November 17, 1997, arising from the conversion of Series "A" Preferred shares at the rate of 25 Series "A" Preferred Shares is to One (1) common share.

On 04 April 2025, by the majority vote of the Board of Directors during its Regular Meeting wherein a quorum was present and acting throughout via remote communication at the Corporation's principal office and by virtue of the authority vested by the Shareholders, resolved to conduct partial conversion of the Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series A Preferred Shares into one (1) Common Share, applicable to Series "A" Shareholders whose shares when converted will not result to any fractional shares.

The remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares shall be converted into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.

The Corporation proposes to eliminate the Preferred A Shares and convert them into Common Shares to simplify its capital structure, align shareholder rights under a single class of equity, and reduce the administrative and governance complexities associated with maintaining multiple share classes.

On July 03, 2025, the SEC approved the amendment of the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation as follows:

"SEVENTH - That the capital stock of said Corporation is Four Billion Forty Million Pesos (PhP 4,040,000,000.00) divided into Three Billion

Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six (PhP 3,999,659,336) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share, One Billion (1,000,000,000) Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share and Three Hundred Forty Thousand Six Hundred Sixty Four (340,664) Series “C” Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. (As amended by the Board of Directors on August 22, 2024 and April 04, 2025, and by the Stockholders representing at least 2/3 of the outstanding capital stock on August 30, 2024).

The amendment covers the implementation of the following transactions:

- (a) Partial Conversion of outstanding Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of 25 Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share, applicable to Series A Shareholders whose shares when converted will not result to any fractional shares.
- (b) Reclassification and Declassification of Series “B” Preferred Shares into Common Shares; and
- (c) Creation of Series “C” Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share and Reclassification of all Foreign-Owned Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share into Series “C” Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share.

On October 17, 2025, the Corporation issued 207,414 Series “C” Non-voting and Redeemable preferred shares to replace common shares held by foreign shareholders. The Series “C” shares were immediately redeemed upon issuance at Two Pesos (PhP2.00) per share. After the redemption, the Corporation filed an application for decrease in capital stock to eliminate and/or retire those redeemed shares and was approved by the SEC on March 25, 2026.

In view of the approval of the decrease in capital stock, the Seventh Article of the Articles of Incorporation was amended as follows:

“SEVENTH - That the capital stock of said Corporation is Four Billion Thirty Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336) divided into Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six (3,999,659,336) common shares with a par value of One Peso (PHP 1.00) per share and One Billion (1,000,000,000) Series A Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share. (As amended by the Board of Directors on July 28, 2025 and by the Stockholders representing at least 2/3 of the outstanding capital stock on July 31, 2025.)

The amendments are pursuant to the cleaning-up efforts of management arising out of its previous banking operations and to venture into media-related business.

The Series “A” Preferred Shares are not listed on any stock exchange. The underlying common shares for the conversion of the Series A Preferred Shares has prior listing approval from the Philippine Stock Exchange last November 17, 1997, subject to the submission of post-approval compliance requirements. The Corporation will also apply for the listing of up to 980,000,000 new PRIM Shares to be issued to the Golden Peregrine Shareholders.

There is no modification or exchange of outstanding securities involved in the matter relating to the proposed waiver by the minority shareholders of the PSE minority rights/public offer requirement. Under Section 1, of the PSE Rule on Additional Listing, the PSE shall not permit the listing of new voting shares issued to a related party representing at least 10% of the resulting total outstanding capital stock unless a minority rights/public offer is first undertaken, or has been waived by a majority vote representing the outstanding shares held by the minority stockholders present or represented at the meeting where the matter is taken up.

As of **31 May 2026**, which is the latest applicable date, the Corporation has **940,403,854 common shares and 6,549,960 Series “A” Preferred Shares**. The outstanding Series “A” Preferred Shares have the following salient features:

- Cumulative, non-participating, non-voting, redeemable and convertible at the option of the Company;
- Cash dividend rate initially at 4.5% per annum based on par value, which shall be automatically adjusted to 11.00% per annum upon full payment of the subscription price
- The Company may, at any time at its option, wholly or partially redeem the outstanding preferred stock plus accrued dividends thereon. When such a call for redemption is made, the holders of the preferred stock may opt to convert the preferred stock to common stock.

Item 11. FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

The Corporation filed an application for Equity Restructuring on 19 September 2024 to partially eliminate the capital deficiency amounting to Eight Hundred Ninety Seven Million Eight Hundred Seventy Eight Thousand Six Hundred Twenty Six Pesos (PhP897,878,626.00) as of December 31, 2023, by using the Additional Paid-In Capital amounting to Two Hundred Fifty Three Million Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP253,500,000.00) arising from the subscriptions of Cymac Holdings, Corp. and Valiant Consolidated Resources, Inc. The SEC approved this application for Equity Restructuring on 14 March 2025.

Copies of the Management Report, the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2024, 17Q or the Interim Quarterly Financial Statement as of 31 March 2025 are attached herewith.

The Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Result of the Operations are stated in pages 41-58 of the attached Management Report. The notes to the Financial Statements are incorporated hereto by reference.

The Corporation has not made any changes in and has not had any disagreements with its external auditor on accounting and financial disclosures.

Representatives of the Corporation’s external auditor, Reyes Tacandong & Co., are expected to be present at the shareholders’ meeting. They will have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so and are expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

Item 12. MERGERS, CONSOLIDATIONS, ACQUISITIONS AND SIMILAR MATTERS

N/A

Item 13. ACQUISITION OR DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY

N/A

Item 14. DECREASE/ INCREASE IN AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK

The following activities affecting the capital stock will be for approval of the Shareholders:

1. Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Four Billion Thirty-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A preferred class.
2. Amendment to delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.

D. OTHER MATTERS

Item 15. ACTION WITH RESPECT TO REPORTS & OTHER PROPOSED ACTION/S

The following matters shall be submitted to the vote of stockholders of the Corporation during the stockholders' meeting.

1. Approval of the Minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on July 31, 2025.
2. Approval of the Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ending December 31, 2025.
3. Conversion of the remaining Series "A" Non-voting and Convertible Preferred Shares and its retirement.
 - 1.1 Conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.
 - 1.2 Approval of the Additional Listing with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares issued to shareholders after conversion of Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share into Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share as described in item above, if necessary.
2. Amendments to the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation
 - 2.1 Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Four Billion Thirty-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A preferred class as described in Item 3.1 above.
 - 2.2 Amendment to delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.

3. Amendments to the Corporation's By-Laws

3.1 Section 1 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders)

- 3.1.1 Setting of a new date for the Annual Stockholders Meeting from third Tuesday of May to third Tuesday of September of each year.
- 3.1.2 Change in the notice period of shareholder meetings from fifteen (15) days to twenty (21) days prior to the date of the meeting.

3.2 Section 2 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders)

Expressly allow shareholders who hold at least ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding capital stock of a publicly listed company to call for a special stockholders' meeting.

3.3 Section 6 of Article II (Board of Directors)

Change in the notice period of board meetings from twenty-four (24) hours to at least two (2) days prior to the scheduled meeting.

3.4 Section 7 of Article II (Board of Directors)

Expressly exclude from the authority of the remaining directors to elect a replacement director where the vacancy in the board was created by removal or expiration of term.

- 4. Ratification of All Acts of the Board of Directors, Management and Officers
- 5. Election of the Members of the Board of Directors for 2026-2027

Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo
Bernadeth A. Lim
Rolando S. Santos
Hermogene H. Real
Michelle F. Ayangco

Nominees for Independent Directors: 2 vacant seats

- 6. Appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as External Auditor

The amendments to the Articles of Incorporation and By-laws may be filed simultaneously or successively depending on the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

Please see Item 17 for the proposed amendment and filing.

In addition, action shall be taken for the approval of the Minutes of the previous Stockholders' Meeting held on **31 July 2025**. The following are the highlights of the said minutes:

- 1. Approval of the Minutes of the previous Stockholders' Meeting held on 30 August 2024;
- 2. Approval of the Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2024;
- 3. Re-Approval of the following transactions:
 - a. Authority to the Board to execute the Deed of Exchange with Atty. Hermogene H. Real and Ms. Michelle F. Ayangco, the 100% owner of the Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (herein referred as the "Golden Peregrine Shareholders") and Reconfirmation of the issuance of 980,000,000 Common Shares for and in consideration of 100% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Golden Peregrine Holdings Inc.
 - b. Approval for the Additional Listing of 980,000,000 common shares issued to Golden Peregrine Shareholders as described above.

- c. Waiver by the minority stockholders of the rights or public offer requirement under the PSE Additional Listing Rules.
4. Approval for the Additional Listing of approximately 308,266 common shares issued to Filipino shareholders after partial conversion of Series “A” Non-Voting Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of PhP 0.04 per share into Common Shares with a par value of PhP 1.00, if necessary.
5. Approval of the following Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation:
 - a. Approval of the mandatory redemption and retirement of 340,664 Series C Non-Voting Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of PhP 1.00 at a redemption price equivalent to at least its par value of PhP 1.00 per share or at the price determined by the Board and payable in cash resulting in the Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from PhP4,040,000,000.00 to PhP 4,039,659,336.00.
 - b. Increase in the authorized capital stock from Four Billion Thirty Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Six Billion Pesos (PhP6,000,000,000.00), thereby amending the Seventh Article of the Articles of Incorporation.
 - c. Decrease in the authorized capital stock from Six Billion Pesos (PhP 6,000,000,000.00) to Five Billion Nine Hundred Sixty Million Pesos (PhP 5,960,000,000.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A class as described in Item 8 below.
 - d. Amendment to delete all other provisions/ paragraphs in the Seventh Article relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of common shares.
6. Conversion of the remaining Series “A” Non-voting Convertible Preferred Shares and its retirement.
 - a. Conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series “A” Non-Voting Convertible Preferred Shares into common shares at the conversion rate of 25 Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of PhP 0.04 per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of PhP 1.00 per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) common shares with a par value of PhP 1.00 per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.
 - b. Approval of the Additional Listing of approximately 261,998 common shares issued to shareholders after conversion of Series “A” Non-Voting Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of PhP 0.04 per share into Common Shares with a par value of PhP 1.00 as described in item above, if necessary.
7. Ratification of All Acts of the Board of Directors and Management.
8. Election of Board of Directors.
9. Appointment of External Auditor.

The 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders was held on 31 July 2025, and was attended by shareholders, the Board of Directors, and various officers of the Corporation. The shareholders were allowed to cast their votes on each agenda item presented to them for approval, with the number of votes approving each agenda item indicated in their respective sections in the Minutes. The shareholders were also given the opportunity to ask questions, express an opinion, and make suggestions on various issues related to the Corporation.

A copy of the Minutes of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on **31 July 2025** is uploaded in PRIM's website thru the following hyperlink: <https://primedia.com.ph/minutes-of-all-general-special-stockholders-meetings/>

Item 16. MATTERS NOT REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED

All corporate actions to be taken at the annual stockholders' meeting will be submitted to the stockholders of the Registrant for their approval in accordance with the requirements of the Corporation Code.

Matters not required to be submitted are the Call to Order and Certification of Notice and Quorum.

Item 17. Amendment of Charter, By-laws or other documents

- A. The Company shall apply for conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board and shall delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended AOI relating to preferred shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.

The Corporation proposes to eliminate the Preferred A Shares and convert them into Common Shares to simplify its capital structure, align shareholder rights under a single class of equity, and reduce the administrative and governance complexities associated with maintaining multiple share classes.

The proposed amendments to the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation subject to the approval of the stockholders are as follows:

	Nature of Amendment	Proposed Language (subject to modification)	Purpose
1.	Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Four Billion Thirty-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) resulting from the retirement of Series "A" preferred class.	"SEVENTH- that the capital stock of said Corporation is Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) divided into Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six common shares with a par value of One Peso (PHP 1.00) per share."	The purpose of this amendment is to eliminate all Series "A" Preferred Class. After the conversion of the remaining Series "A" non-voting and convertible preferred shares into common shares and its subsequent retirement by way of decrease in capital stock, all shareholders whose shares were converted into common shares

			will have the same voting rights and privileges.
2.	Amendment to delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.	“SEVENTH- that the capital stock of said Corporation is Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) divided into Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six common shares with a par value of One Peso (PHP 1.00) per share. The shareholders of the Corporation shall have no pre-emptive right to subscribe to any issue or disposition of shares of the capital stock of the Corporation. (As amended on May 17, 1994; May 21, 1996; November 17,1999) Ownership of the Corporation’s shares shall be limited to Philippine citizens, or to corporations, cooperatives, or associations wholly-owned and managed by such citizens, in order to enable the Corporation to invest in shares of stock of corporations or entities which are required to be wholly owned by Philippine citizens or corporations, cooperatives or associations, wholly-owned and managed by such citizens as provided in Section 11, Article XVI of the Philippine Constitution. No issuance, transfer, or sale of stock or interest in the Corporation shall be allowed or permitted to be recoded in the proper books of the Corporation, except to Philippine citizens, or to corporations, cooperatives or associations, wholly-owned and managed by such citizens. (As amended	The purpose of this amendment is to delete all other provisions/ paragraphs relating to Preferred Shares so that the Corporation shall only have one (1) class of shares, particularly, Common Shares. With the elimination of all Series “A” Preferred Class, the Company’s shareholders shall have the same voting rights and privileges.

		by the Stockholders representing 2/3 of the outstanding capital stock on October 13, 2021 and by the Board of Directors on October 13, 2021) The provisions of the preceding paragraph of the SEVENTH ARTICLE shall be printed on all stock certificates to be issued by the Corporation. (As amended by the Stockholders representing 2/3 of the outstanding capital stock on October 13, 2021 and by the Board of Directors on October 13, 2021).	

- B. The Company proposed to amend its bylaws to conform with the provisions of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines (“RCC”) and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The proposed amendments to the Company’s By-laws are provided below:

Nature of Amendment	Proposed Language	Purpose
Article I, Section 1 Meeting of Stockholders	Art. I, Section 1. The annual meetings of stockholders for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be proper, shall be held at any place in Metro Manila (As amended on May 20, 1997), <u>on the third Tuesday of September of each year</u> starting at 4:00 o’clock in the afternoon of that day, except when it falls on a holiday, in which case it shall be held on the following business day commencing on the same hour. It may also be held by remote communication or in absentia. Notice of the time and place of such meeting shall be given either by mail to each stockholder of record at his last known place of residence or business, duly posted <u>at least twenty-one (21) calendar days</u>	The purpose of the amendment is to comply with the provisions of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines (“RCC”) and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. With these proposed amendments, the Company shall have sufficient time to prepare and complete the required reports and updates on the Corporation’s business operations and to ensure that all stockholders are duly notified and afforded the opportunity to participate in the annual meeting.

	<u>before the date,</u> thereof, or by publication once a week for three consecutive Tuesdays, the last of which shall be at least six (6) days before the date of meeting, in a newspaper of general circulation devoted to general news and published at the place of the principal office of the Corporation.	
Article I, Section 2 Meeting of Stockholders	Art. I, Section 2. Special meetings of the stockholders may be called by the Chairman or the President, or by the Secretary, upon written demand by a majority of the Board of Directors or <u>by any number of shareholders of a corporation (“Qualifying Shareholders”) who hold at least ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding capital stock (“Qualifying Shares”),</u> upon notice as provided in Section 1 hereof, specifying the purpose or purposes thereof, except in cases of extreme urgency, in which event one publication in the newspaper abovementioned and notice to stockholders of record who are not residents of the Philippines as provided in Article IX, Section 2 at least seven (7) days before the meeting shall suffice.	The purpose of the amendment is to comply with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The proposed amendment to expressly allow the shareholders who hold at least ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding capital stock of the company to call for a special stockholders’ meeting will give the shareholders fair and equitable opportunity to participate in the corporate affairs and exercise their rights.
Article II, Section 6 Board of Directors	Art. II, Section 6. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at any convenient place at the call of the Chairman, or upon the written request of a majority of the Directors. It may also be held by remote communication or in absentia. Notice of such meeting stating the purpose or purposes thereof shall be sent either personally or by telegram to each Director <u>at least two (2)</u>	The purpose of the amendment is to comply with the provisions of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines (“RCC”) and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The change in the notice period of board meetings to at least two (2) days prior to the scheduled meeting will give the members of the Board an equal

	<u>days prior to the scheduled meeting.</u>	opportunity to participate in the meeting and receive all reports or materials relevant to the scheduled meeting.
Article II, Section 7 Board of Directors	Art. II, Section 7. Should the position of any Director become vacant <u>other than by removal or by expiration of term may be filled by vote of at least a majority of the remaining directors, if still constituting a quorum; otherwise, said vacancies must be filled by the stockholders in a regular or special meeting called for that purpose.</u>	The purpose of the amendment is to comply with the provisions of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines (“RCC”) and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The proposal to expressly exclude from the authority of the remaining directors to elect a replacement director where the vacancy in the board was created by removal or expiration of term will give the shareholders fair and equitable exercise of their rights.

Item 18. Other Proposed Action

There are no other proposed actions to be taken up.

Item 19. Voting Procedures

In the election of directors, the seven (7) nominees garnering the highest number of votes will be elected as members of the board of directors, provided that there shall always be at least two (2) members who are independent directors.

For the approval of the proposed amendments to the Articles of Incorporation, the affirmative vote of the shareholders representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock will be needed for approval. For other matters, the affirmative vote of shareholders representing the majority of the outstanding capital stock shall suffice.

The Corporation currently has 6,549,960 Series “A” non-voting and convertible preferred shares equivalent to 0.69% of the Corporation’s total outstanding capital stock which non-voting shares. There are no shares issued for Series B.

Proxy is solicited by the Board of Directors and Management of Prime Media Holdings Inc. (or the “Corporation,” “Company, or “PRIM”).

Manner of Voting

Each common share entitles the person in whose name it is registered in the books of the Corporation to one vote with respect to all matters to be taken up during the annual meeting of stockholders.

In the election of directors, each stockholder may vote such number of shares for as many persons as there are directors to be elected or may cumulate said shares and give one nominee as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his share shall equal, or he may distribute them on the same principle among as many nominees as he shall see fit, provided, that the

total number of votes cast by him shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him multiplied by the number of directors to be elected.

Due to safety and health precautions, voting shall only be *in absentia* or by proxy in accordance with the Corporation's Rules and Procedure to Vote and Participate in PRIM's 2025 Annual General Meeting, hereto attached as *Annex "A"*.

The Corporate Secretary together with the Stock and Transfer Agent will be responsible for counting votes based on the number of shares entitled to vote owned by the stockholders who are present or represented by proxies at the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders.

PART II: INFORMATION REQUIRED IN A PROXY FORM

PLEASE USE THE ATTACHED PROXY FORM

Item 1. Identification

This proxy is solicited by the Board of Directors and Management of Prime Media Holdings Inc. (or the "Corporation," "Company, or "PRIM"). The solicited proxy shall be exercised by the Chairman or the stockholder's authorized representative.

Item 2. Instruction

- a. For all agenda items other than "Call to Order", "Proof of Notice and Certification of Quorum", the proxy form shall be accomplished by marking in the appropriate box either "FOR", "AGAINST" or "ABSTAIN" according to the stockholder's/proxy's preference.

If no instructions are indicated on a returned and duly signed proxy, the shares represented by the proxy will be voted in favor of the:

1. Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Stockholders' Meeting held on July 31, 2025.
2. Approval of the Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ending December 31, 2025.
3. Approval of the Conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of Twenty Five (25) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.
4. Approval of the Additional Listing with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) Common Shares issued to shareholders after conversion of Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share into Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share.
5. Approval of the Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from Four Billion Thirty-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Six Pesos (PhP 3,999,659,336.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A preferred class as described in Item 3 above.

6. Approval of the amendment to delete all other provisions and/or paragraphs in the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of Common Shares.

7. Approval of the amendments to the Corporation's By-Laws

7.1 Section 1 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders)

7.1.1 Setting of a new date for the Annual Stockholders Meeting from third Tuesday of May to third Tuesday of September of each year.

7.1.2 Change in the notice period of shareholder meetings from fifteen (15) days to twenty (21) days prior to the date of the meeting.

7.2 Section 2 of Article I (Meeting of Stockholders)

Expressly allow shareholders who hold at least ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding capital stock of a publicly listed company to call for a special stockholders' meeting.

7.3 Section 6 of Article II (Board of Directors)

Change in the notice period of board meetings from twenty-four (24) hours to at least two (2) days prior to the scheduled meeting.

7.4 Section 7 of Article II (Board of Directors)

Expressly exclude from the authority of the remaining directors to elect a replacement director where the vacancy in the board was created by removal or expiration of term.

8. Ratification of all acts of the Board of Directors, Officers and Management

9. Election of the following directors for 2026-2027:

Regular Directors:

Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo

Bernadeth A. Lim

Rolando S. Santos

Hermogene H. Real

Michelle F. Ayangco

Independent directors: 2 vacant seats

10. Re-appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as external auditor.

- b. A Proxy Form that is returned without a signature shall not be valid.
- c. The matters to be taken up in the meeting are enumerated opposite the boxes on the accompanying Proxy Form. The names of the nominee directors are likewise enumerated opposite an appropriate space.
- d. If a stockholder will not be able to attend the meeting but would like to be represented thereat, he may submit his Proxy Form, duly signed and accomplished, to the Office of the Corporate Secretary at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, on or before **03 July 2026**. Beneficial owners whose shares are lodged with PDTC or registered under the name of a broker, bank or other fiduciary allowed by law must, in addition to the required I.D., present a notarized certification from the owner of record (i.e. the broker, bank or other

fiduciary) that he is the beneficial owner, indicating thereon the number of shares. Corporate shareholders shall likewise be required to present a notarized secretary's certificate attesting to the authority of its representative to attend and vote at the stockholders' meeting.

Validation of proxies will take place on **09 July 2026** at the office of the principal office of the Corporation.

Item 3. Revocability of Proxy

A shareholder may revoke his proxy on or before the date of the Annual Meeting. The proxy may be revoked by the shareholder's written notice to the Corporate Secretary advising the latter of the revocation of the proxy, or by a shareholder's personal attendance during the meeting and appropriate advice to the Corporate Secretary of such revocation.

Item 4. Persons Making the Solicitation

This solicitation is made by the Corporation. No director has informed the Corporation in writing or otherwise of his intention to oppose any action intended to be taken at the meeting.

Solicitation of proxies will be done mainly by mail. Certain personnel of the Corporation will also solicit proxies in person or by telephone.

The estimated amount to be spent by the Corporation to solicit proxies is Php20,000.00. The cost of the solicitation will be borne by the Corporation.

Item 5. Interest of Certain Persons in Matters to be Acted Upon

No director or officer of the Corporation or any other nominee for election as director of the Corporation or any associate of the foregoing, has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon, other than election to office as director of the Corporation. None of the officers or directors or any of their associates has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, in any of the matters to be acted upon in the stockholders' meeting.

MANAGEMENT REPORT

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

MANAGEMENT REPORT

I. Financial Statements

The Audited Financial Statements of the Corporation for the year ended as of 31 December 2025 are attached to this report.

II. Information on Independent Accountants and other Related Matters

The Corporation's financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024 have been audited by RTC, independent auditors, as stated in their reports appearing herein.

Ms. Pamela Ann Escudro is the Corporation's current audit partner. The Company has not had any disagreements on accounting and financial disclosures with our current external auditors for the periods or any subsequent interim period.

There were no disagreements with RTC on any matter of accounting and financial disclosure.

The following table sets out the aggregate fees incurred for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 for professional services rendered by RTC:

	2025	2024
Audit Fees	P575,000	P500,000
Audit-Related Fees	19,530	50,000
	P594,530	P550,000

The Audit Committee reviewed the nature of non-audit services rendered by RTC and the corresponding fees and concluded that these are not in conflict with the audit functions of the independent auditor. The Audit Committee has an existing policy to review and pre-approve the audit and non-audit services rendered by the Corporation's independent auditor. It does not allow the Corporation to engage the independent auditor for certain non-audit services expressly prohibited by regulations of the SEC to be performed by an independent auditor for its audit clients. This is to ensure that the independent auditor maintains the highest level of independence from the Corporation both in fact and appearance.

III. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis are based on the unaudited financial statement as at 30 March 2026 and audited financial statements as at 31 December 2025 and 2024, prepared in conformity with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) and accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements.

Summary Financial Information

The Financial Statements as at 30 March 2026, 31 December 2025 and 2024 and for the period ended 30 March 2026, 31 December 2025 and 2024 are hereto attached.

The following table sets forth the summarized financial information for the period ended 30 March 2026 and years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024:

Summary of Statements of Comprehensive Income

	Unaudited 30 March 2026	Audited 31 December 2025	Audited 31 December 2024
Income	₱390	₱50,851,534	₱9,978,087
Share in Net Loss of a Joint Venture	–	(15,054,689)	(25,948,293)
Expenses	(1,403,367)	(8,018,869)	(9,446,970)
Income (Loss) before Income Tax	(1,402,977)	27,777,976	(25,417,176)
Provision for Income Tax	–	5,662,815	208,701
Net Income (Loss)	(1,402,977)	22,115,161	(25,625,877)
Other Comprehensive Income	–	–	500,000
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(₱1,402,977)	₱22,115,161	(₱25,125,877)
Basic and Diluted Income (Loss) Per Share	(₱0.002)	₱0.024	(₱0.032)

Summary of Statements of Financial Position

	Unaudited 30 March 2026	Audited 31 December 2025	Audited 31 December 2024
ASSETS			
Current Assets	₱908,370,401	₱910,195,152	₱506,836,106
Noncurrent Assets	39,979,320	40,011,516	368,390,300
	₱948,349,721	₱950,206,668	₱875,226,406
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities	₱215,872,143	₱216,326,113	₱215,642,284
Noncurrent Liabilities	248,249,999	248,249,999	214,749,999
Equity	482,227,579	485,630,556	444,834,123
	₱948,349,721	₱950,206,668	₱875,226,406

Summary of Statements of Cash Flows

	Unaudited 30 March 2026	Audited 31 December 2025	Audited 31 December 2024
Cash Used in Operating Activities	(₱1,918,292)	(₱6,585,752)	(₱13,260,825)
Cash Used in Investing Activities	–	(67,770,638)	(469,004,685)
Cash Provided by Financing Activities	–	52,181,272	459,623,749
Net Decrease in Cash	(1,918,292)	(22,175,118)	(22,641,761)
Cash at Beginning of Period	2,963,162	25,138,280	47,780,041
Cash at End of Period	₱1,044,870	₱2,963,162	₱25,138,280

30 March 2026 vs. 31 December 2025

Statement of Financial Position

The Corporation's total **Assets** decreased by ₱1.86 million or 0.20%. The movements in total assets are attributable to the following:

- **Cash** decreased by ₱1.92 million or 64.74%, mainly due to the payments of outsourced and professional services for the Corporation's activities during the period.
- **Receivables** increased by ₱0.02 million or 0.01%, due to unliquidated cash advances during the period.
- **Other current assets** increased by ₱0.08 million or 8.04%, mainly due to the additional input VAT recognized during the period.
- **Property and equipment** decreased by ₱0.03 million or 12.31%, due to depreciation recognized during the period.

The Corporation's total **Liabilities** decreased by ₱0.45 million or 0.10%, mainly due to the payment of audit fee for the Corporation's 2025 financial statements.

The Corporation's total **Equity** decreased by ₱1.40 million or 0.29%, mainly due to the net loss recognized during the period.

Results of Operations

The Corporation's operating results reflected a net loss of ₱1.40 million and net income of ₱22.12 million for the period of March 30, 2026 and in 2025, respectively. The significant changes were mainly due to the following:

- **Income** decreased by ₱50.85 million or 100.00%, mainly due to interest income earned in loans receivable last year.
- **Share in net loss of a joint venture** decreased by ₱15.05 million or 100.00% compared with last year, due to the decline in operating performance of MSPC.
- **Outside services** decreased by ₱0.53 million or 57.07%, mainly due to the lodgment fee for 75,000,000 shares last year.
- **Taxes and licenses** decreased by ₱0.31 million or 97.07%, mainly due to the documentary stamp tax for additional loan last year.
- **Professional fees** decreased by ₱3.35 million or 80.11%, mainly due to the payment of professional fees for confirmation of exemptive relief under 10.1 of the Securities Regulation Code.

Cash Flows

Net cash used in operating activities decreased by ₱4.67 million or 70.87%, mainly due to the income tax paid last year.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased by ₱67.77 million or 100.00%, mainly due to the additional unsecured loan granted to PCMC last year.

Net cash provided by financing activities decreased by ₱52.18 million or 100.00%, mainly due to the proceeds from subscriptions of common shares at a premium and deposit for future stock subscription last year.

31 December 2025 vs. 31 December 2024

Statement of Financial Position

The Corporation's total **Assets** increased by ₱74.98 million or 8.57%. The movements in total assets are attributable to the following:

- **Cash** decreased by ₱22.18 million or 88.21%, mainly due to an additional unsecured loan granted to PCMC for acquiring key assets necessary to expand business operations nationwide.
- **Receivables** increased by ₱430.59 million or 90.53%, mainly due to the reclassification of noncurrent loans receivable to current.
- **Other current assets** decreased by ₱5.06 million or 83.81%, mainly due to the use of creditable withholding taxes against income tax due of the Corporation.
- **Loans receivables – net of current portion** decreased by ₱328.25 million or 89.20%, due to the reclassification to current.
- **Property and equipment** decreased by ₱0.13 million or 33.00%, due to the depreciation recognized during the year.

The Corporation's total **Liabilities** increased by ₱34.18 million or 7.94%. The movements in total liabilities are attributable to the following:

- **Accrued expenses and other current liabilities** increased by ₱1.46 million or 0.75%, mainly due to the output VAT payable recognized during the 4th quarter of the year.
- **Due to related parties** decreased by ₱3.49 million or 19.56%, due to the advances from MSPC offset against investment in and advances to a joint venture.
- **Income tax payable** increased by ₱2.71 million, due to the income tax due recognized during the year.
- **Deposit for future stock** subscription increased by ₱20.50 million or 9.55%, due to the cash received from Valiant for additional shares subscription as the conditions have been met.
- **Loans payable** increased by ₱13.00 million, due to the loan granted to Valiant during the year.

The Corporation's total **Equity** increased by ₱40.80 million or 9.17%, mainly due to an equity restructuring that partially wiped out the deficit during the year.

Results of Operations

The Corporation's operating results reflected a net income of ₱22.12 million and a net loss of ₱25.63 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively. The significant changes were mainly due to the following:

- **Income** increased by ₱40.87 million or 409.63%, mainly due to interest income earned in loans receivable.
- **Share in net loss of a joint venture** decreased by ₱10.89 million or 41.98%, due to the improved operating performance of MSPC.

- **Outside services** decreased by ₱1.02 million or 52.27%, mainly due to the payment of listing and filing fees for private placement last year.
- **Taxes and licenses** decreased by ₱0.88 million or 73.19%, mainly due to the payment of capital gains and documentary stamp tax on the sales of investment in a club share last year.
- **Professional fees** decreased by ₱0.15 million or 3.37%, mainly due to the engagement fee to issue a fairness opinion and valuation report on the common shares of Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (GPHI), in relation to the contemplated share-for-share swap between the Company and GPHI for the Company's acquisition of GPHI via share-for-share swap last year.

Cash Flows

Net cash used in operating activities decreased by ₱6.68 million or 50.34%, mainly due to the payment of DST related to loan and subscription agreements last year.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased by ₱401.23 million or 85.55%, mainly due to the additional unsecured loan granted to PCMC last year.

Net cash provided by financing activities decreased by ₱407.44 million or 88.65%, mainly due to the proceeds from subscriptions of common shares at a premium and deposit for future stock subscription from individual shareholders last year.

Key Performance Indicators

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2026</u>
Return on Asset (%)	(3.91%)	2.42%	(0.15%)
Return on Equity (%)	(7.65%)	4.75%	(0.29%)
Current Ratio	2.35:1	4.21:1	4.21:1
Debt to equity ratio	0.97:1	0.96:1	0.96:1
Asset to equity ratio	1.97:1	1.96:1	1.96:1

1. Return on assets (ROA) was computed based on the ratio of net income/(net loss) to average assets.
2. Return on equity (ROE) was computed based on the ratio of net income/(net loss) to average equity.
3. Current Ratio was computed based on the formula of current assets divided by current liabilities
4. Debt to equity ratio was computed based on the formula of total liabilities divided by total equity
5. Asset to Equity Ratio was computed based on the formula of total assets divided by total equity

IV. Brief Description of the General Nature and Scope of the Business

The Corporation was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on 6 February 1963.

On 1 October 2003, the SEC approved the amendment of the Corporation's articles of incorporation, changing its primary purpose from that of a development bank to a holding company and to hold investments in the media industry. On 4 March 2013, the SEC approved the extension of the Corporation's corporate life for another 50 years. However, in accordance with the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, effective 23 February 2019, the Corporation was automatically accorded perpetual existence.

On 9 July 1964, the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (“PSE”) approved the public listing of the Corporation’s shares of stock. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, there are 663,713,458 common shares and 672,435,425 common shares, respectively, that are publicly listed.

On 12 September 2002, the Corporation agreed to transfer assets and liabilities arising from its development bank operations to BDO and PDIC under a MOA (“BDO-PDIC MOA”). As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023, the Corporation is still in the process of transferring titles of real estate properties that are still in its possession.

On 23 May 2023, the Company entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with ABS-CBN to create a joint venture company which will develop, produce and finance content programs and shows for distribution to local and international broadcast networks, channels and platforms. On 05 July 2023, the parties incorporated such joint venture company under the name, Media Serbisyo Production Corp. (MSPC) with ownership ratio of 51:49 between Prime Media and ABS-CBN. At present, MSPC airs its shows in DZMM 630 AM radio and in cable channels under the brand Teleradyo Serbisyo.

V. Description of Property

Practically all of the Corporation’s properties, which consisted of bank premises (land, buildings and leasehold rights) and real estate acquired through dacion and foreclosure while it was still a bank, were conveyed to BDO/PDIC pursuant to the MOA. The investment properties with market value of ₱69.88 million in 2017 was sold last September 21, 2018 for ₱51.82 million, inclusive of VAT, in order to use the funds to pay the Company’s liabilities and defray its expenses.

VI. Business Transactions with Related Parties

The Corporation as of 30 March 2026 and 31 December 2025 summary of related party transactions are as follows:

Parent Company and Other Related Party

	Nature of Transaction	Amount of Transaction		Outstanding Balance	
		2026	2025	30 March 2026	31 December 2025
Loans receivable					
Entity under common key management	Loan	₱–	₱42,064,679	₱874,028,250	₱874,028,250
Interest receivable					
Entity under common key management	Accrued interested	₱–	₱60,283,877	₱71,971,153	₱71,971,153
Advances to joint venture					
Joint venture	Advances	₱–	₱10,543,389	₱25,790,889	₱25,790,889
Loan to the joint venture					
Joint venture	Loan	₱–	₱8,000,000	₱8,000,000	₱8,000,000

	Nature of Transaction	Amount of Transaction			Outstanding Balance
		2026	2025	30 March 2026	31 December 2025
Due to related parties					
Joint venture	Additional share in net loss	₱—	(₱3,488,700)	₱3,954,939	₱3,954,939
Parent Company	Management fee	—	—	13,880,000	13,880,000
Entity under common control	Advances	—	—	—	—
				₱17,834,939	₱17,834,939
Long-term loan					
Stockholder	Loan	₱—	₱13,000,000	₱13,000,000	₱13,000,000
Interest payable					
Stockholder	Accrued interest	₱—	₱175,233	₱175,233	₱175,233
Deposit for future stock subscription					
Stockholders	Deposit for future stock subscription	₱—	₱20,500,000	₱235,249,999	₱235,249,999

Employees

As of 30 March 2026, the Corporation has no regular employees.

VII. Plan of Operation

The Corporation has no significant operational activity since its primary purpose was changed from that of a development bank to a holding company in December 2002 other than those described in Item 1 above. There are no known trends, events or material commitments that are expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on the financial condition or on income from continuing operations.

The Corporation also signed subscription agreements with its major stockholders for total proceeds of ₱179 million, of which ₱70 million was received in April 2013 and the balance of ₱109 million was collected in May and June 2014. This further brought down the capital deficit and is the major source of funding for the expenses related to the transfer of the remaining assets to PDIC and BSP. Aside from the transfer of assets to PDIC and BSP, the Corporation continues to pursue the clean-up of its books and the settlement of its remaining obligations to pave the way for possible additional capital infusion from third party investors.

On 28 July 2021, the Board of the Corporation approved the amendment of the MOU with New Era for the parties to execute a more definitive agreement (such as a Memorandum of Agreement) to explore joint ventures in gaming and real estate development. The Board of Directors on 15 August 2022 approved the termination of the MOU with New Era as both parties no longer decided to proceed further with the prospective business ventures.

On 30 July 2021, the Corporation, RYM and the majority stockholders of PCMC executed a MOA which will allow the Corporation to obtain the assets, business, control and majority ownership of PCMC. The transaction will result in PCMC becoming a subsidiary of the Corporation. Upon completion of the transaction, the Corporation will be able to operate the assets of PCMC including,

but not limited to, the television station operating under PRTV in Tacloban and 13 radio stations operating under the brand FMR (Favorite Music Radio).

On 15 August 2022, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved the amendment of the PCMC MOA to take into consideration the subsequent incorporation of Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. which now owns One Hundred Percent (100%) of the outstanding capital stock of PCMC, and which is also owned One Hundred Percent (100%) by the former PCMC Shareholders, Atty. Hermogene H. Real and Michelle F. Ayangco.

On 18 January 2023, the Board of Directors of the Corporation authorized the amendment of the Memorandum of Agreement (“MOA”) relating to the following: (a) Change the Exchange Ratio to 4,700 PRIM shares for 1 Golden Peregrine share pursuant to the updated appraisal report.(b) Subscription by Atty. Hermogene H. Real and Ms. Michelle Ayangco to One Billion Six Hundred Forty Five Million (1,645,000,000) PRIM Common Shares to be issued out of the proposed increase in authorized capital stock in consideration of the assignment of One Hundred Percent (100%) of the Outstanding Capital Stock of Golden Peregrine pursuant to the updated appraisal report.

On May 23, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the Subscriptions of (i) Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc. to One Hundred Twenty Five Million (125,000,000) unissued common shares and (ii) Cymac Holdings Corporation to Twenty Five Million (25,000,000) unissued common shares at PhP 2.70 per share based on 30-day Volume Weighted Average Price (VWAP) of PhP 2.6197 + 2.97% premium for a total consideration of PhP 405M to be paid in cash. Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc. and Cymac Holdings Corporation are separate and distinct entities not acting in concert in the subscription of the unissued shares of the Corporation.

On the same day, May 23, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the Joint Venture with ABS-CBN. The parties shall incorporate a Joint Venture Company wherein Prime Media shall have Fifty One Percent (51%) equity and initial subscription of Twenty Million Four Hundred Thousand (20,400,000) shares for a total value of Twenty Million Four Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP20,400,000.00). ABS-CBN shall have Forty Nine Percent (49%) equity with an initial subscription of Nineteen Million Six Hundred Thousand (19,600,000) shares for a total value of Nineteen Million Six Hundred Thousand Pesos (PhP19,600,000.00). The Joint Venture entered into by Prime Media, and ABS-CBN is primarily for the purpose of developing, producing, and financing content, programs, and shows for distribution by other broadcast networks, channels, or platforms, locally and internationally.

Considering the pending application of the Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the lapse of time and progress of the transaction, on 31 May 2024, the Board approved the amendment of the MOA in relation to the subscription of Atty. Hermogene H. Real and Ms. Michelle F. Ayangco (as “Golden Peregrine Shareholders”) from One Billion Six Hundred Forty Five Million (1,645,000,000) to Nine Hundred Eighty Million (980,000,000) common shares for and in consideration of their assignment of 100% of the issued and outstanding shares in Golden Peregrine Holdings Inc. pursuant to the updated valuation report as of December 31, 2023.

VIII. Status of Operations

Under the MOA dated 12 September 2002 between the Corporation, BDO and PDIC, the Corporation agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Under the terms of MOA, the Corporation holds BDO free from any contingent claims, labor and minority issues and concerns arising from related assets and liabilities still managed by the Corporation until these are assumed by BDO.

The Corporation has accounted for separately the assets from its development bank operations pursuant to the MOA. It still has in its possession titles of real estate properties from its development bank operations with an aggregate value of ₱723.50 million as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023. Moreover, the Corporation has cash in its custody of ₱13.90 million as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 arising from the proceeds of the sale of one of properties.

On 30 June 2023, the Corporation and ABS-CBN, incorporated MSPC with a 51:49 ownership interest ration in accordance with the JVA entered on 23 May 2023. The JVA provided mainly for the establishment, operation, management of MSPC and certain other matters related to MSPC. MSPC was incorporated with a primary purpose of developing, producing, and financing content, programs, and shows for distribution by other broadcast networks, channels, or platforms, locally and internationally.

In August 2023, the Corporation granted an unsecured loan to PCMC for the payments of its liabilities, acquisition of equipment, operations, and expansion of its business. The loan has no interest in the first year and 7.5% interest on succeeding years. The loan is to be paid within five years and can be paid in whole or in part at any time without penalty. The term of this loan has been shortened to thirty (30) months to be paid on or before February 28, 2026.

On October 21, 2024, the Corporation approved new private placement transactions with Cymac Holdings Corp. and Valiant Consolidated Resources, Inc. as summarized below:

Private Placement		Total No. of Common Shares	Date of Issuance of Shares/ Comments
Valiant Consolidated Resources, Inc.	1 st Subscription	75,000,0000	Issued on November 11, 2024
	2 nd Subscription	86,355,932	The remaining balance shall be paid in full after fulfillment of the following conditions: (a) Completion of the Golden Peregrine Transaction, and (b) An increase in capital stock is approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).
Cymac Holdings Corporation	1 st Subscription	15,000,000	Issued on August 22, 2025
	2 nd Subscription	3,644,068	The remaining balance shall be paid in full after fulfillment of the following conditions: (a) Completion of the Golden Peregrine Transaction, and (b) An increase in capital stock is approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).
TOTAL		<u>180,000,000</u>	

On the same date, the Corporation approved the request of PCMC to borrow a total amount of ₱531,000,000.00 with an initial loan of ₱461,000,000.00 payable over a period of five (5) years with 0% interest on the first year and 7% interest per annum in the succeeding years until fully paid. The remaining ₱70,000,000.00 shall be drawn at a later time by PCMC for its business expansion. The interest of this loan has been increased from 7% to 7.5% per annum considering the prevailing interest rates. The term has been shortened to 31 December 2025.

On November 11, 2024, the Corporation issued 75,000,000 new common shares to Valiant Consolidated Resources, Inc. at ₱2.95 per share for a total subscription price of ₱221,250,000.00.

On August 22, 2025, the Corporation issued additional 15,000,000 new common shares to Cymac Holdings Corporation at ₱2.95 per share for a total subscription price of ₱44,250,000.00 and said shares were subsequently listed with the PSE on March 11, 2026.

On January 08, 2025, the SEC approved the application for decrease in capital stock from ₱5,000,000,000.00 to ₱4,040,000,000.00 to reflect the reduction of the par value of the Series A Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares from ₱1.00 to ₱0.04 without change in the number of shares of One Billion (1,000,000,000) Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred shares.

On July 03, 2025, the SEC further approved the amendment of the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation as follows:

“SEVENTH - That the capital stock of said Corporation is Four Billion Forty Million Pesos (Php 4,040,000,000.00) divided into Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six (Php 3,999,659,336) Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share, One Billion (1,000,000,000) Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share and Three Hundred Forty Thousand Six Hundred Sixty Four (340,664) Series “C” Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. (As amended by the Board of Directors on August 22, 2024 and April 04, 2025, and by the Stockholders representing at least 2/3 of the outstanding capital stock on August 30, 2024).

The amendment covers the implementation of the following transactions:

- (a) Partial Conversion of outstanding Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of 25 Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of ₱0.04 per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of ₱1.00 per share, applicable to Series A Shareholders whose shares when converted will not result to any fractional shares.
- (b) Reclassification and Declassification of Series “B” Preferred Shares into Common Shares; and
- (c) Creation of Series “C” Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of ₱1.00 per share and Reclassification of all Foreign-Owned Common Shares with a par value of ₱1.00 per share into Series “C” Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of ₱1.00 per share.

The primary purpose of the amendment is to eliminate the foreign-held shares in compliance with the Corporation’s Amended Articles of Incorporation restricting foreign ownership.

On August 22, 2025, the Corporation issued 15,000,000 new common shares to Cymac Holdings Corporation at ₱2.95 per share for a total subscription price of ₱44,250,000.00 and the said shares were subsequently listed with the PSE on March 11, 2026.

On October 17, 2025, the Corporation issued 207,414 Series “C” Non-voting and Redeemable preferred shares to replace common shares held by foreign shareholders. The Series “C” shares were immediately redeemed upon issuance at ₱2.00 per share. After the redemption, the Corporation filed an application for decrease in capital stock to eliminate and/or retire those redeemed shares and was approved by the SEC on March 25, 2026.

In view of the approval of the decrease in capital stock, the Seventh Article of the Articles of Incorporation was amended as follows:

“SEVENTH - That the capital stock of said Corporation is Four Billion Thirty Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336) divided into Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six (3,999,659,336) common shares with a par value of One Peso (PHP 1.00) per share and One Billion (1,000,000,000) Series A Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share. (As amended by the Board of Directors on July 28, 2025 and by the Stockholders representing at least 2/3 of the outstanding capital stock on July 31, 2025.)

IX. Dividends

The Corporation has not declared dividends for the years 2025, 2024 and 2023. There are no restrictions that limit the payment of dividends on common shares. The Corporation has no unrestricted retained earnings considering its limited operations and the existence of financial deficit. Thus, the Corporation cannot declare dividends.

X. Commitments and Contingencies

MOA from Previous Banking Operations

The Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in relation to its MOA with BDO and PDIC. As discussed in Note 1, under the MOA dated September 12, 2002 between the Company, BDO and PDIC, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC.

The Company has accounted for separately the assets from its previous development bank operations pursuant to the MOA. It still has in its possession titles of real estate properties from its development bank operations with an original assigned value of ₱601.6 million per PDIC letter dated September 2016. Moreover, the Company has cash in its custody of ₱15.2 million as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 arising from the proceeds of the sale and compromise settlement of certain properties (see Note 15 of the Audited Financial Statements).

Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) Claim

On October 10, 2025, the BSP issued a formal demand letter to the Company to pay ₱669.4 million (BSP claim) arising from a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) dated January 14, 1997 entered into by BSP and PDCP Development Bank (PDCP or the Company's former name) with conformity of First Producers Holding Corporation (First Producers). The matter is subject to the review of the BSP Monetary Board at the request of the Company and is currently under evaluation as at June 16, 2026.

The matter is subject to the review of the BSP Monetary Board at the request of the Company and is currently under evaluation as at June 16, 2026.

After being directed by the BOD on its meeting on December 15, 2025, the Management and legal counsels conducted a review of the circumstances, including the sequence of events leading to the claim, evaluate veracity of the claim and available defenses. Based on available information and documents, the Management and legal counsels have assessed that the BSP's demand should not be treated as a presently enforceable liability.

Management Report for the period ended March 30, 2026

The unaudited Financial Statements of the Corporation as at March 30, 2026 (with comparative audited Statements of Financial Position as at December 31, 2025), and for the three months ended March 30, 2026 is in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles and there were no changes made in accounting policies and methods of computation in the preparation of the interim financial statements.

Summary of statements of financial position as at March 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025:

	Unaudited March 30, 2026 (P'000)	Audited December 31, 2025 (P'000)	Increase (decrease) Amount	
			(P'000)	Percentage
Current assets	P908,370	P910,195	(P1,825)	(0.20%)
Noncurrent assets	39,980	40,012	(32)	(0.08%)
Total Assets	P948,350	P950,207	(P1,857)	(0.20%)
Current liabilities	P215,872	P216,326	P454	(0.21%)
Noncurrent liabilities	248,250	248,250	—	—
Equity	484,228	485,631	(1,403)	(0.29%)
Total Liabilities and Equity	P948,350	P950,207	(P1,857)	(0.20%)

Summary of unaudited statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended March 30, 2026 and 2025:

	For the three months ended March 30	
	2026 (P'000)	2025 (P'000)
Revenues	P0.4	P4
Expenses	(1,403)	(1,231)
Loss before tax	(1,403)	(1,227)
Provision for income tax	—	—
Total comprehensive loss	(P1,403)	(P1,227)

Summary of unaudited statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 30, 2026 and 2025:

	For the three months ended March 30	
	2026 (P'000)	2025 (P'000)
Net cash used in operating activities	(P1,918)	(P1,914)
Net cash used in investing activities	—	(10,532)
Net cash provided by financing activities	—	—
Decrease in cash	(1,918)	(12,446)
Cash at beginning of period	2,963	25,138
Cash at end of period	P1,045	P12,692

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

After being dormant for a long time, the Corporation is now pursuing ventures relating to the media. Thus, on May 23, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the Subscriptions of (i) Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc. to One Hundred Twenty Five Million (125,000,000) unissued common shares and (ii) Cymac Holdings Corporation to Twenty Five Million (25,000,000) unissued common shares at Php 2.70 per share based on 30-day Volume Weighted Average Price (VWAP) of Php 2.6197 + 2.97% premium for a total consideration of Four Hundred Five Million (Php405,000,000.00) in cash. Part of the proceeds from the private placements were

used to establish Media Serbisyo Production Corp., a joint venture company established with ABS-CBN as well as to extend financial support by way of loan to Philippine Collective Media Corporation (PCMC) amounting to Three Hundred Seventy-Three Million Pesos (Php373,000,000.00) to allow PCMC to use the same to pay some liabilities, acquire equipment, cover operational expenses, and expansion of its business.

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three months ended March 30, 2026 compared with three months ended March 30, 2025

The results of operation for the three months ended March 30, 2026 and 2025 were net loss of ₱1.40 million and ₱1.23 million, respectively. Significant changes in the income statement accounts for the three months ended March 30, 2026 compared with the same period last year are as follows:

Income

The Corporation's interest income decreased by ₱3,643 or 90.33% compared with the same period last year, due to low bank balances during the period.

Expenses

Total expenses increased by ₱0.17 million or 13.99% compared with the same period last year. The significant increase in expenses is attributable to the following:

- **Directors' fees** increased by ₱0.07 million compared with the same period last year, due to the board meeting on February 18, 2026.
- **Rentals** increased by ₱0.02 million compared with the same period last year, due to the storage fee for safekeeping of the Corporation's documents.
- **Professional fees** increased by ₱0.21 million or 34.42% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the payment of professional fees for the Corporation's activities during the period.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

The Corporation's total **Assets** decreased by ₱1.86 million or 0.20%. The movements in total assets are attributable to the following:

- **Cash** decreased by ₱1.92 million or 64.74%, mainly due to the payments of outsourced and professional services for the Corporation's activities during the period.
- **Receivables** increased by ₱0.02 million or 0.01%, due to unliquidated cash advances during the period.
- **Other current assets** increased by ₱0.08 million or 8.04%, mainly due to the additional input VAT recognized during the period.
- **Property and equipment** decreased by ₱0.03 million or 12.31%, due to depreciation recognized during the period.

The Corporation's total **Liabilities** decreased by ₱0.45 million or 0.10%, mainly due to the payment of audit fee for the Corporation's 2025 financial statements.

The Corporation's total **Equity** decreased by ₱1.40 million or 0.29%, mainly due to the net loss recognized during the period.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Three months ended March 30, 2026 compared with three months ended March 30, 2025

Net cash used in operating activities increased by ₱4,139 or 0.22% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to outsourced and professional services for the Corporation's activities during the period.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased by ₱10.53 million or 100.00%, due to the settlements of advances to related parties.

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ANALYSIS

	30 March 2026 (Unaudited)	31 December 2025 (Audited)	Horizontal Analysis		Vertical Analysis	
			Amount	Percentage	2026	2025
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash	₱1,044,870	₱2,963,162	(₱1,918,292)	(64.74%)	0.11%	0.31%
Receivables	906,269,603	906,254,603	15,000	0.01%	95.56%	95.38%
Other current assets	1,055,928	977,387	78,541	8.04%	0.11%	0.10%
Total Current Assets	908,370,401	910,195,152	(1,824,751)	(0.20%)	95.78%	95.79%
Noncurrent Assets						
Loans receivable	39,750,000	39,750,000	—	—	4.19%	4.18%
Property and equipment	229,320	261,516	(32,196)	(12.31%)	0.03%	0.03%
Total Noncurrent Assets	39,979,320	40,011,516	(32,196)	(0.08%)	4.22%	4.21%
	₱948,349,721	₱950,206,668	(₱1,856,947)	(0.20%)	100.00%	100.00%
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current Liabilities						
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	₱195,324,910	₱195,778,880	(₱453,970)	(0.23%)	20.60%	20.60%
Due to related parties	17,834,939	17,834,939	—	—	1.88%	1.88%
Income tax payable	2,712,294	2,712,294	—	—	0.29%	0.29%
Total Current Liabilities	215,872,143	216,326,113	(453,970)	(0.21%)	22.77%	22.77%
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Deposit for future stock subscription	235,249,999	235,249,999	—	—	24.81%	24.76%
Loans payable	13,000,000	13,000,000	—	—	1.37%	1.37%
	248,249,999	248,249,999	—	—	26.18%	26.13%
Total Liabilities	464,122,142	464,576,112	(453,970)	0.10%	48.95%	48.90%
Equity						
Capital stock	940,665,852	940,873,266	(207,414)	(0.02%)	99.19%	99.02%
Additional paid-in capital	187,554,046	187,761,460	(207,414)	(0.11%)	19.78%	19.76%
Deficit	(643,992,319)	(642,589,342)	1,402,977	0.22%	(67.92%)	(67.63%)
Treasury stock	—	(414,828)	414,828	(100.00%)	—	(0.04%)
Total Equity	484,227,579	485,630,556	(1,402,977)	(0.29%)	51.05%	51.10%
	₱948,349,721	₱950,206,668	(₱1,856,947)	(0.20%)	100.00%	100.00%

Corporate Governance

On 26 June 2020, the Corporation adopted its 2020 Revised Manual on Corporate Governance, which details the standards by which it conducts sound corporate governance consistent with relevant laws and regulations and supersedes the Corporation's earlier 2016 Revised Manual on Corporate Governance.

Ultimate responsibility for the Corporation's adherence to its manual rests with its Board of Directors, and through three committees that are to be charged with oversight functions on specific areas of the Corporation's activities. The Audit Committee is charged with internal audit oversight over all of the Corporation's transactions. The Nomination Committee is charged with ensuring that those admitted as members of the Corporation's Board of Directors are qualified, as well as ensuring fair representation of independent directors in the Corporation's Board of Directors. Finally, the Compensation and Remuneration Committee is tasked to ensure that fair compensation practices are adhered throughout the organization.

In view, however, of its current condition, the Corporation is not actively conducting business. Despite the said absence of actual business operations, the Corporation is currently undergoing internal reorganization and is in the process of evaluating its compliance with its reporting obligations as a public company. As such, it is not in a position to fully comply with the provisions of the manual on corporate governance. There are no regular meetings conducted by the Committees. There is also no Compensation Committee, in view of the fact that the Corporation's directors and officers currently do not receive compensation for serving as such. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation continues to endeavor towards internally reorganizing and evaluating its compliances to the rules applicable to it as a public company. Despite the status of the business operations of the Corporation, it has submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission current reports (SEC Form 17-C) and quarterly (SEC Form 17-Q) and annual (SEC Form 17-A) reports to update the investing public of its financial and operational condition.

In the Revised Manual on Corporate Governance, the Corporation adopts a policy on the training of directors, including an orientation program for directors and relevant annual continuing training for all directors, including an understanding of the contributions that the director is expected to make, an explanation of the Board and its committees, and an explanation of the Corporation's business, including corporate governance and other matters that will promote effective board performance and continuing qualification of the directors in carrying out their duties and responsibilities.

There are no other definitive plans yet to improve the corporate governance of the Company aside from the recently implemented company policy for Board Assessment Policy which was approved by the Board of Directors on 12 April 2022. The Board Assessment Policy adopts a primarily self-evaluation approach to measure the performance of the Board and the Committee Members, thus, the Company does not have an appraisal and performance reports of the board of directors.

To avoid conflict of interest, Directors inhibit voting in transactions that are considered self-dealing or related party transaction.

The following transactions are considered related party or self-dealing:

1. The sale of Valley Golf Share to the son of Mr. Rolando S. Santos, the incumbent Treasurer of the Corporation, at prevailing market price.
2. Ms. Michelle Ayangco and Atty. Hermogene Real, are the incumbent members of the Board of Directors of PMHI. Likewise, they are the One Hundred percent (100%) owner of the Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. ("GPHI") which now owns One Hundred percent (100%) of the outstanding capital stock of PCMC. Pursuant to proposed amendments to the MOA, they will subscribe to up to Nine Hundred Eighty Million (980,000,000) shares of PMHI pursuant to the updated valuation report as of December 31, 2023. As consideration for their subscription, Ms.

Michelle Ayangco and Atty. Real shall assign and transfer their One Hundred percent (100%) ownership in GPPI to PMHI.

Market Information

The Corporation's shares of stock are being traded at the Philippine Stock Exchange under Banks and Financial Institutions and classified as Financials.

	Price	
	Low	High
Q1 (2023)	1.79	2.21
Q2 (2023)	1.80	3.03
Q3 (2023)	1.90	2.93
Q4 (2023)	2.62	3.08
Q1 (2024)	2.30	3.78
Q2 (2024)	2.60	4.58
Q3 (2024)	2.30	2.89
Q4 (2024)	1.62	2.85
Q1 (2025)	1.57	2.46
Q2 (2025)	1.90	1.90
Q3 (2025)	1.32	1.93
Q4 (2025)	1.07	1.49
Q1 (2026)	0.87	1.30

The high and low prices of the Corporation's share as of the latest practicable trading date **02 June 2026** are Php 0.78 and Php 0.79, respectively. As of **31 May 2026**, the shares of the Corporation are held by One Thousand Six Hundred Eighty Three (1,683) shareholders of common shares and One Hundred Thirty One (131) shareholders of preferred shares.

The list of the Top 20 Stockholders of Record of the Corporation as of **31 May 2026** are as follows :

A. Common Shares

	Name of Stockholders	No. of Shares	Percentage of Ownership
1	PCD Nominee Corporation (Filipino)	903,486,866	96.07%
2	RYM Business Management Corporation	8,927,940	0.95%
3	First Producers Holdings, Corp. FAO Ray Burton Dev't Corporation	6,175,789	0.66%
4	First Producers Holdings, Corp. FAO Producers Properties, Inc.	4,903,852	0.52%
5	Ray Burton Development Corporation	3,213,293	0.34%
6	Producers Properties, Inc.	3,013,701	0.32%
7	Mercantile Investment Company, Inc.	1,585,989	0.17%
8	Albert Del Rosario ITF Anthony Salim	1,289,279	0.14%
9	Lucio W. Yan &/or Clara Yan	600,000	0.06%
10	Joel B. Vargas	534,876	0.06%
11	Merlene So &/or So Peng Kee	239,000	0.03%
12	Maria T. Uy	211,200	0.02%
13	Jose Yu Go, Jr.	210,000	0.02%

14	Solar Securities, Inc.	200,000	0.02%
15	Ponciano V. Cruz Jr.	150,000	0.02%
16	Jovy Lim Go	150,000	0.02%
17	Que Lu Kiong	150,000	0.02%
18	Rufino H. Abad	142,011	0.02%
19	Luciano H. Tan	139,600	0.01%
20	Lamberto C. Dizon &/OR Erlinda V. Dizon	127,860	0.01%

B. Preferred Series “A” Shares

	Name of Stockholders	No. of Shares	Percentage of Ownership
1	Florentino L. Martinez	907,340	13.85%
2	Metrolab Employees Retirement Plan	545,040	8.32%
3	Helena Llereza	529,810	8.09%
4	E.Chua Chiacco SEC., Inc.	449,640	6.86%
5	Virginia U. Ng	344,470	5.26%
6	PNB Securities Inc.	300,280	4.58%
7	Diversified SEC., Inc.	218,080	3.33%
8	Eastern Securities Development Corporation	196,340	3.00%
9	Virginia U. Ng	183,130	2.80%
10	Marino Olondriz y Cia	143,880	2.20%
11	Andrew L. Litton	134,070	2.05%
12	Mandarin Securities Corporation	127,320	1.94%
13	David Fernando	122,090	1.86%
14	Aida Go	122,090	1.86%
15	Armstrong Securities Inc.	121,210	1.85%
16	Matthew B. Degay	97,670	1.49%
17	Lucky Securities Inc.	89,120	1.36%
18	Luys Securities Co. Inc	86,680	1.32%
19	Eustacio G. Edualino	84,240	1.29%
20	Zenaida V. Rotea	77,230	1.18%

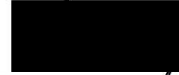
UPON THE WRITTEN REQUEST OF THE STOCKHOLDER(S), THE CORPORATION UNDERTAKES TO FURNISH SAID STOCKHOLDER(S) WITH A COPY OF SEC FORM 17-A, FREE OF CHARGE, EXCEPT FOR THE EXHIBIT ATTACHED THERETO, WHICH SHALL BE CHARGED AT A COST. ANY WRITTEN REQUEST FOR A COPY OF SEC FORM 17-A SHALL BE ADDRESSED TO **Atty. Diane Madelyn C. Ching, 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly: Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.**

SIGNATURE PAGE

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in the City of Makati on the JUN 23 2026

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

By:

A black rectangular box redacting the signature of the Corporate Secretary.

DIANE MADELYN C. CHING
Corporate Secretary

ANNEX “A”

Procedure for Registration, Participation and Voting in the 2026 Annual Stockholders’ Meeting of Prime Media Holdings, Inc.

Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the “Company”) will be conducting its Annual Stockholders’ Meeting (“ASM”) virtually via remote communications on **15 July 2026 at 2:00 PM**.

Only Stockholders of record as of **16 June 2025** are entitled to participate and vote in the 2026 ASM.

I. Registration and Participation/Attendance Procedure:

1. Stockholders who intend to participate in the virtual ASM may register at **service@primemediaholdingsinc.com** by sending the following requirements for registration:
 - a. *For individual stockholders:*
 - i. Scanned copy of any valid government-issued ID;
 - ii. Scanned copy of stock certificate in the name of the individual stockholder; and
 - iii. Active contact number, either landline or mobile.
 - b. *For stockholders with joint accounts:*
 - i. Scanned copy of authorization letter signed by other stockholders indicating the person among them authorized to participate and/or vote in the 2026 ASM;
 - ii. Documents required under items 1.a (i) and (iii) for the authorized stockholder;
 - iii. Scanned copy of stock certificate in the name of the joint stockholders.
 - c. *For stockholders under PCD Participant / Brokers Account or “Scriptless Shares”:*
 - i. Coordinate with the broker and request for the full account name and reference number or account number;
 - ii. Documents required under items 1.a (i) and (iii).
 - d. *For corporate stockholders:*
 - i. Secretary’s Certificate attesting to the authority of the representative to participate and / or vote in the 2026 ASM;
 - ii. Documents required under items 1.a (i) and (iii) for the authorized representative;
 - iii. Scanned copy of stock certificate in the name of the corporate stockholder.
2. Upon successful registration and validation of the documents submitted through email at **service@primemediaholdingsinc.com**, the stockholder will receive an email confirmation and a unique link which can be used to log in and view the 2026 ASM.
3. Only those stockholders who have registered following the procedure above, and stockholders who have voted by providing their executed Proxy Form shall be included for purposes of determining the existence of a quorum.
4. For purposes of voting during the 2026 ASM, please see section on Voting Procedure below.
5. For the Question-and-Answer portion during the 2025 ASM, stockholders may send their questions related to the agenda at **service@primemediaholdingsinc.com**. Due to limitations on technology and time, not all questions may be responded to during the 2026 ASM but the Company will endeavor to respond to all the questions through email.
6. The proceedings during the 2026 ASM will be recorded as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission.
7. Stockholders intending to participate by remote communication in the 2026 ASM are required to pre-register no later than **03 July 2026**.

8. In compliance with the SEC Notice dated **16 March 2021**, the Information Statement, the Management Report, SEC Form 17A and other pertinent documents may be accessed through the Company's website at **www.primemediaholdingsinc.com** and through PSE Edge.

II. Voting Procedure:

Stockholders may vote during the 2026 ASM by Proxy.

Voting by Proxy:

- a. Download and fill up the Proxy Form at **<https://primemedia.com.ph/asm-prime2026/>**. The Chairman, or in his absence, the President or the Corporate Secretary is authorized to cast the votes pursuant to the instructions in the Proxy Form.
- b. Send a scanned copy of the executed proxy Form by email at **service@primemediaholdingsinc.com**
- c. The scanned copy of the executed Proxy Form should be emailed to the above not later than **03 July 2026**.
- d. The hard copy of the signed Proxy Form should be delivered to:

**The Office of the Corporate Secretary
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly:
Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas,
Makati City**

For any questions or clarification, you may contact us through:

- Email at **dcc.chinglaw@gmail.com**; or
- Telephone number at 8831-4479; or
- Our stock transfer agent, Stock Transfer Service, Inc. (STSI), through
 - ✓ Richard Regala at **rdregala@stocktransfer.com.ph** or
 - ✓ Lea Mae Flores at **lmflores@stocktransfer.com.ph**, or
 - ✓ STSI's telephone number at 8403-2410 or 8403-2412

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
MAKATI CITY) S.S.

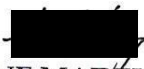
SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, **DIANE MADELYN C. CHING**, of legal age, Filipino, with office address at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, do hereby depose and state that:

1. I am the duly elected and qualified Corporate Secretary of **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS INC.** (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines, with principal office address at 16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

2. I hereby certify that none of the Corporation's Regular Directors, Independent Directors and Officers are appointed or employed in any government agency.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this JUN 19 2026 2026 at Makati City.


ATTY. DIANE MADELYN C. CHING
Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this JUN 19 2026 2026
in Makati City, affiant exhibited to me her IBP Roll of Attorneys No. 

Doc. No.: 124
Page No.: 26
Book No.: 1
Series of 2026.

NOTARY PUBLIC


JOSE CARLOS O. GENERAL
Notary Public for Makati City
License No. 20-203 Until 31 Dec. 2026
Roll of Attorneys No. 59087
ICP No. 460027; 12/01/2024
PR No. MKT-10786717AG; 01/12/2026
ICP Compliance No. VIII-0042253;
3F ALy 4th Building, #140 Levisite Street
Orlando Village, Makati City

COVER SHEET

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SEC Registration Number

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R	L	Y		F	I	R	S	T		E	-	B	A	N	K		C	O	R	P	.	)										

(Company's Full Name)

1	6	T	H		F	L	O	O	R		B	D	O		T	O	W	E	R	S		V	A	L	E	R	O		(	F	O	R
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D	E		R	O	X	A	S		M	A	K	A	T	I			C	I	T	Y												

(Business Address: No. Street City/Town/Province)

Rolando S. Santos

(Contact Person)

(02) 8831-4479

(Company Telephone Number)

1	2		3	1

Month Day
(Calendar Year)

1	7	-	Q	

(Form Type)

Month Day
(Annual Meeting)

N/A

Secondary License Type, If Applicable)

Finance Department

Dept. Requiring this Doc.

March 31, 2026

Period Ending Date

Total Amount of Borrowings

1,814

Total No. of Stockholders

28,824,213

Domestic

N/A

Foreign

To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned

File Number

LCU

Document ID

Cashier

STAMPS

Remarks: Please use BLACK ink for scanning purposes.

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
SEC FORM 17-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER**

1. For the quarterly period ended: **March 31, 2026**
2. Commission identification number **22401**
3. BIR Tax Identification No. **000-491-007-000**
4. Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter: **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.**
5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization: **PHILIPPINES**
6. Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
7. Address of registrant's principal office:

16th Floor BDO Towers Paseo (formerly Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City 1227
8. Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(632) 831-4479**
9. Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report. **N/A**
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

<u>Title of each Class</u>	<u>Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding</u>
Common Stock (P1.00 par value)	940,403,854 shares
Preferred Stock Series A (P0.04 par value)	6,549,960 shares

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange?
Yes. The common shares are listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange.

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule (11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

The following discussion is based on the unaudited interim financial statements for the 1st quarter period ended March 31, 2026, with comparative figures for the corresponding periods in 2025 and unaudited financial statements as of December 31, 2025, prepared in conformity with Philippine Accounting Standards 34, Interim Financial Reporting and included herein, and should be read in conjunction with those unaudited interim financial statements.

Financial Condition as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 and Results of Operation for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Three months ended March 31, 2026 compared with three months ended March 31, 2025

Income

The Corporation's interest income during the period amounted to ₱390, which has decreased by ₱3,643 or 90.33% compared with the same period last year.

Expenses

The Corporation's expenses increased by ₱0.17 million or 13.99% compared with the same period last year. The increase was mainly accounted for by the following:

- **Professional Fees** increased by ₱0.21 million or 34.42%, mainly due to the payment of professional fees for the Corporation's activities during the period.
- **Directors' Fees** increased by ₱0.07 million, due to the board meeting on February 18, 2026.
- **Outside Services** increased by ₱0.03 million or 9.33%, mainly due to the lodgment fee of the Corporation's shares with PDTC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Assets

The Corporation's assets decreased by ₱1.86 million or 0.20%, mainly due to the following:

- **Cash** decreased by ₱1.92 million or 64.74%, mainly due to the payments of outside services and professional fees for the Corporation's activities during the period.
- **Property and equipment** decreased by ₱0.03 million or 12.31%, due to depreciation recognized during the period.

The above decreases were partly offset by the following:

- **Receivables** increased by ₱0.02 million or 0.01%, due to unliquidated cash advances during the period.
- **Other current assets** increased by ₱0.08 million or 8.04%, mainly due to the additional input VAT recognized during the period.

Liabilities

The Corporation's liabilities decreased by ₱0.45 million or 0.10%, mainly due to the payment of audit fee for the Corporation's 2025 financial statements.

Equity

The Corporation's equity decreased by ₱1.40 million or 0.29%, due to net loss recognized during the period.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Three months ended March 31, 2026 compared with three months ended March 31, 2025

Net cash used in operating activities increased by ₱4,139 or 0.22% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to outside services and professional fees for the Corporation's activities during the period.

Net cash used in investing activities during the period last year amounted to ₱10.53 million due to settlements of advances to related parties.

Item 2 - Financial Statements

The unaudited Financial Statement of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. as of March 31, 2026, and for the three months ended March 31, 2026 with comparative unaudited figures as of December 31, 2025 is in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles and there were no changes made in accounting policies and methods of computation in the preparation of the interim financial statements.

Horizontal and Vertical Analysis:

			Horizontal Analysis		Vertical Analysis	
	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)	Change	% Change	2026	2025
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash	₱ 1,044,870	₱ 2,963,162	₱ (1,918,292)	(64.74%)	0.11%	0.31%
Receivables	906,269,603	906,254,603	15,000	0.01%	95.56%	95.38%
Other current assets	1,055,928	977,387	78,541	8.04%	0.11%	0.10%
Total Current Assets	908,370,401	910,195,152	(1,824,751)	(0.20%)	95.78%	95.79%
Non-current Assets						
Loans receivable – net of current portion	39,750,000	39,750,000	-	-	4.20%	4.18%
Investment in and advances to a joint venture	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property and equipment	229,320	261,516	(32,196)	(12.31%)	0.02%	0.03%
Total Noncurrent Assets	39,979,320	40,011,516	(32,196)	(0.08%)	4.22%	4.21%
	₱ 948,349,721	₱ 950,206,668	₱ (1,856,947)	(0.20%)	100.00%	100.00%
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current Liabilities						
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	₱ 195,324,910	₱ 195,778,880	₱ (453,970)	(0.23%)	20.60%	20.60%
Due to related parties	15,824,213	15,824,213	-	-	1.66%	1.66%
Income tax payable	2,712,294	2,712,294	-	-	0.29%	0.29%
Total Current Liabilities	213,861,417	214,315,387	(453,970)	(0.21%)	22.55%	22.55%
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Deposit for future stock subscription	235,249,999	235,249,999	-	-	24.81%	24.76%
Loans payable	13,000,000	13,000,000	-	-	1.37%	1.37%
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	248,249,999	248,249,999	-	-	26.18%	26.13%
Total Liabilities	462,111,416	462,565,386	(453,970)	(0.10%)	48.73%	48.68%
Equity						
Capital stock	940,665,852	940,873,266	(207,414)	(0.02%)	99.18%	99.01%
Additional paid-in capital	187,554,046	187,761,460	(207,414)	(0.11%)	19.78%	19.76%
Deficit	(641,981,593)	(640,578,616)	(1,402,977)	(0.22%)	(67.69%)	(67.41%)
Treasury stock	-	(414,828)	414,828	100.00%	-	(0.04%)
Total Equity	486,238,305	487,641,282	(1,402,977)	(0.29%)	51.27%	51.32%
	₱ 948,349,721	₱ 950,206,668	₱ (1,856,947)	(0.20%)	100.00%	100.00%

Three Months Ended March 31					
	2026 (Unaudited)	2025 (Unaudited)	Increase (Decrease)	% Change	
INTEREST INCOME	₱ 390	₱ 4,033	₱ (3,643)	(90.33%)	
EXPENSES	(1,403,367)	(1,231,078)	172,289	13.99%	
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX	(1,402,977)	(1,227,045)	175,932	14.34%	
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	–	–	–	–	
NET LOSS	(1,402,977)	(1,227,045)	175,932	14.34%	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	–	–	–	–	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	₱ (1,402,977)	₱ (1,227,045)	₱ 175,932	14.34%	

Other Information

- a. There are no known trends or any known demands, commitments, events, or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the registrant's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way.
- b. There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Corporation, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.
- c. There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Corporation with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- d. Aside from the volatile USD exchange rate, there are no other known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations.
- e. The causes for the material changes from period to period in the financial accounts were explained in the Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operation.
- f. There are no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the registrant's continuing operations.
- g. There are no items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows that are unusual because of their nature, size, or incidents.
- h. There are no new issuances, repurchases, and repayments of debt and equity securities.
- i. There are no material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period.
- j. There are no changes in the composition of the issuer during the interim period including business combinations, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long-term investments, restructurings, and discontinuing operations.
- k. There are no contingent liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet date.

l. There are no material contingencies and other material events or transactions during the interim period.

m. There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Corporation, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

Management uses the following KPIs for the Corporation:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Net Income (Loss)	(₱1,402,977)	₱24,125,887
Quick assets	907,314,473	909,217,765
Current assets	908,370,401	910,195,152
Total assets	948,349,721	950,206,668
Current liabilities	213,861,417	214,315,387
Total liabilities	248,249,999	248,249,999
Total Equity	486,238,305	487,641,282
Preferred stock	261,998	469,412
Number of common shares outstanding	940,403,854	940,403,854
Number of preferred shares outstanding	6,549,960	6,757,374

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Liquidity ratios:		
Current ratio ⁽¹⁾	4.25:1	4.25:1
Quick ratio ⁽²⁾	4.24:1	4.24:1
Solvency Ratios:		
Debt ratio ⁽³⁾	0.26:1	0.26:1
Debt to Equity ratio ⁽⁴⁾	0.51:1	0.51:1
Profitability ratios:		
Income (Loss) per share ⁽⁵⁾	(0.002):1	0.026:1
Book value per share ⁽⁶⁾	0.52:1	0.52:1

Notes:

1. Current Assets / Current Liabilities
2. Quick Assets / Current Liabilities
3. Total Liabilities / Total Assets
4. Total Liabilities / Total Equity
5. Net Loss – Preferred Dividends / Common Shares Outstanding
6. Total Equity – Preferred Equity / Common Shares Outstanding

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Any information not previously reported in a report on SEC Form 17-C

NONE

PART III - FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

Liquidity Ratio

a. Current Ratio

Total Current Assets/ Total Current Liabilities = 4.25:1

b. Quick Ratio

Quick asset / Total Current Liabilities = 4.24:1

Solvency Ratio

a. Debt Ratio

Total liabilities / Total assets = 0.26:1

b. Debt to Equity Ratio

Total liabilities / Equity = 0.51:1

Profitability Ratio

a. Return on Equity Ratio

Net Loss / Average equity = (0.002):1

b. Return on Assets

Net Loss / Average Total assets = (0.002):1

c. Asset to Equity Ratio:

Total Assets / Equity = 1.95:1

d. Asset Turnover:

Revenue/Total Assets = 0.0000004

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the Issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer: PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

A large black rectangular redaction box covering the signature of Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo.

Signature and Title: DENNIS RHOUL P. MANALO
President and Chairman

Date: May 20, 2026

A black rectangular redaction box covering the signature of Rolando S. Santos.

Signature and Title: ROLANDO S. SANTOS
Treasurer

Date: May 20, 2026

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Note	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	4	₱1,044,870	₱2,963,162
Receivables	5	906,269,603	906,254,603
Other current assets	6	1,055,928	977,837
Total Current Assets		908,370,401	910,195,152
Noncurrent Assets			
Loans receivable – net of current portion	5	39,750,000	39,750,000
Investment in and advances to a joint venture	7	–	–
Property and equipment	8	229,320	261,516
Total Noncurrent Assets		39,979,320	40,011,516
		₱948,349,721	₱950,206,668
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	9	₱195,324,910	₱195,778,880
Due to related parties	10	15,824,213	15,824,213
Income tax payable		2,712,294	2,712,294
Total Current Liabilities		213,861,417	214,315,387
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Deposit for future stock subscription	12	235,249,999	235,249,999
Long-term loan payable		13,000,000	13,000,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		248,249,999	248,249,999
Total Liabilities		462,111,416	462,565,386
Equity			
Capital stock	10	940,665,852	940,873,266
Additional paid-in capital	10	187,554,046	187,761,460
Deficit		(641,981,593)	(640,578,616)
Treasury stock		–	(414,828)
Total Equity		486,238,305	487,641,282
		₱948,349,721	₱950,206,668

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Three Months Ended March 31	
	Note	2026	2025
INTEREST INCOME	4	₱390	₱4,033
EXPENSES			
Professional fees		831,868	618,846
Outside services		401,779	367,506
Directors' fees		70,000	–
Depreciation	8	32,196	32,196
Membership and association dues		21,867	18,171
Rentals		15,164	–
Taxes and licenses		9,397	54,931
Penalties		2,000	659
Transportation and travel		1,194	102
Insurance		946	2,188
Others		16,956	136,479
		1,403,367	1,231,078
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(1,402,977)	(1,227,045)
PROVISION FOR CURRENT INCOME TAX	11	–	–
NET LOSS		(1,402,977)	(1,227,045)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		–	–
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		(₱1,402,977)	(₱1,227,045)
Basic Loss Per Share	14	(₱0.002)	(₱0.002)

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Note	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
CAPITAL STOCK	10		
Preferred stock - ₱0.04 par value			
Balance at beginning of period		₱469,412	₱14,366,250
Issuances		—	(13,791,610)
Conversions		(207,414)	(105,238)
Balance at end of period		261,998	469,412
Common stock - ₱1 par value			
Issued and outstanding			
Balance at beginning of period		940,403,854	925,298,616
Issuances		—	15,000,000
Conversions		—	105,238
Balance at end of period		940,403,854	940,403,854
Subscribed			
Balance at beginning of period		—	15,000,000
Issuances		—	(15,000,000)
Balance at end of period		—	—
Issued and subscribed common stock		940,403,854	940,403,854
		940,665,852	940,873,266
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	10		
Balance at beginning of period		187,761,460	408,373,750
Premiums from issuances of common shares		—	19,250,000
Decrease in par value		—	13,791,610
Stock issuance cost		—	(153,900)
Equity restructuring		(207,414)	(253,500,000)
Balance at end of period		187,554,046	187,761,460
DEFICIT			
Balance at beginning of period		(640,578,616)	(918,204,503)
Net income (loss)		(1,402,977)	24,125,887
Equity restructuring		—	253,500,000
Balance at end of period		(641,981,593)	(640,578,616)
TREASURY STOCK		(414,828)	(414,828)
		₱486,238,305	₱487,641,282

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Three Months Ended March 31	
	Note	2026	2025
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before income tax		(₱1,402,977)	(₱1,227,045)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	8	32,196	32,196
Interest income	4	(390)	(4,033)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(1,371,171)	(1,198,882)
Increase in:			
Receivables		(15,000)	(25,001)
Other current assets		(78,541)	(65,573)
Decrease in accrued expenses and other current liabilities		(453,970)	(628,730)
Net cash used for operations		(1,918,682)	(1,918,186)
Interest received		390	4,033
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,918,292)	(1,914,153)
CASH FLOW FROM AN INVESTING ACTIVITY			
Payment of due from related parties	12	–	(10,532,155)
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(1,918,292)	(12,446,308)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		2,963,162	25,138,280
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	4	₱1,044,870	₱12,691,972

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

UNAUDITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT MARCH 31, 2026 AND DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 AND MARCH 31, 2025

1. Corporate Information

Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company) was originally incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 6, 1963 as Private Development Corporation of the Philippines. In October 2003, the SEC approved the amendment of the Company's Articles of incorporation, changing its primary purpose from a development bank to a holding company. On March 4, 2013, the SEC approved the extension of the Company's corporate life for another 50 years. However, in accordance with the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, effective February 23, 2019, the Company was automatically accorded perpetual existence.

On July 9, 1964, the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE) approved the public listing of the Company's shares of stock. As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2025, there are 813,713,458 common shares, that are publicly listed.

In 2002, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities arising from its development banking operations to Banco de Oro Unibank, Inc. (BDO) and Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC) under a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA). As at the date of the report, the Company is still in the process of transferring titles of real estate properties that are still in its possession (see Notes 9 and 13).

The Company is a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp. (RYM or the Parent Company), a holding company registered and domiciled in the Philippines.

The Company's registered office and principal place of business is on the 16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

Amendments in the Articles of Incorporation (AOI)

On August 15, 2022 and on September 23, 2022, the Board of Directors (BOD) and the stockholders, respectively, approved, among others, the deletion of all provisions relating to the Company's preferred shares, the conversion of the preferred shares to common shares and the increase of the authorized capital stock to up to ₱7 billion, divided into 7,000,000,000 common shares at ₱1.00 par value a share.

Considering the lapse of time, the Company's objectives as well as the applicable laws, rules or regulations, the Company re-submitted the amendments of the AOI with further clarification and modification. On August 22, 2024 and August 30, 2024, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved, among others, reduction of par value of Series A non-voting convertible preferred shares from ₱1.00 par value a share to ₱0.4 par value a share without change in the number of shares, reclassification of Series A preferred shares to common shares, creation of Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares, reclassification of foreign-owned common shares to Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares, increase in authorized capital stock up to ₱6 billion, mandatory redemption of all Series C preferred shares, conversion of Series A preferred shares, creation of Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC) arising from conversion of preferred shares, and additional listing of shares after conversion.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

On January 15, 2025, the SEC approved the reduction in the Company's authorized preferred stock Series A from 1,000.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million preferred stocks Series A at ₱1.0 par value a share, to ₱40.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million common stocks at ₱0.04 par value a share.

As at April 4, 2025, the Company has pending application with the SEC for the amendment of the AOI for the conversion and reclassification of Series A non-voting and convertible preferred shares, creation of Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares and reclassification of foreign-owned common shares to Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares.

On April 04, 2025, the Board resolved to retain the Series A Preferred Shares until the Corporation is able to obtain approval for a decrease in capital stock, which is necessary to eliminate the fractional shares that would result from the conversion of the remaining Series A Preferred Shares into Common Shares.

Additional Capital Infusion

In 2024, the Company issued 75,000,000 common shares to Angel Maple Properties, Inc. (now known as Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc.) ("Valiant") at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱221.6 million, which was paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱144.9 million, net of stock issuance cost of ₱1.4 million.

In the same year, 15,000,000 common shares were subscribed by Cymac Holdings Corporation ("Cymac") at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱44.3 million, to be paid in cash. The shares shall be issued upon full payment. As at December 31, 2024, subscription received amounting to ₱25.0 million was recognized as subscribed capital at par value amounting to ₱15.0 million and the premiums amounting to ₱10.0 million additional paid-in capital on the amount received in excess of par. Cymac has unpaid subscription amounting to ₱19.3 million which is due on or before July 31, 2025, thus related subscribed shares are not yet issued.

In 2023, the Company, issued for 125,000,000 common shares to Valiant and 25,000,000 common shares to Cymac at ₱2.70 a share equivalent to ₱405.0 million paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱253.5 million, net of stock issuance cost of ₱1.5 million.

Valiant and Cymac are separate and distinct entities not acting in concert in the subscriptions of the unissued common shares of the Company.

Deposit for Future Stock Subscription

In 2024, the Company executed another subscription agreements individually with Valiant and Cymac for 86,355,932 common shares and 3,644,068 common shares, respectively, at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱254.7 million and ₱10.8 million, respectively. The subscribed shares are to be issued from the increase in authorized capital stock which will be applied after the share for share swap transaction with the shareholders of the Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (GPHI) has been completed and after receipt of full payment.

On August 22, 2024 and August 30, 2024, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved, the amendments in its AOI including the increase in authorized capital stock up to ₱6 billion.

As the conditions provided in the subscription agreement have not been met, the amounts collected for this subscription amounted to ₱214.7 million as at March 31, 2025 is presented as deposit for future stock subscription and is presented under noncurrent liability section in the statements of financial position.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

Equity Restructuring

On August 22, 2024, the Company's BOD approved the equity restructuring plan of the Company by applying APIC of ₱253,500,000 to reduce its deficit, which was approved by the SEC on March 14, 2025.

MOA with Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (GPHI) Shareholders

In 2021, the Company entered into a MOA, with the majority stockholders of a mass media entity, Philippine Collective Media Corporation ("PCMC Shareholders"), subscribing to 70% of the Company's outstanding capital stock in exchange for PCMC shares to obtain the business, assets and ownership of PCMC. With PCMC's national franchise, the Company may use this as a leverage to provide other content providers with an avenue to broadcast their contents, regionally and nationwide, for profit.

On August 15, 2022 and September 23, 2022, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved to amend the PCMC MOA to take into account the subsequent acquisition of PCMC by GPHI which is also owned 100% by the PCMC Shareholders. The BOD and stockholders also approved the subscription by certain GPHI shareholders to 1,679,966,400 common shares to be issued from the proposed increase in authorized capital stock of the Company in view of the amendment of the PCMC MOA.

On January 18, 2023, the BOD approved the Amendment of the MOA with GPHI to:

- (a) Change the Exchange Ratio to 4,700 PRIM shares for 1 Golden Peregrine share pursuant to the updated appraisal report.
- (b) Subscription by Atty. Hermogene H. Real and Ms. Michelle Ayangco to 1,645,000,000 PRIM Common Shares to be issued out of the proposed increase in authorized capital stock in consideration of the assignment of 100% of the Outstanding Capital Stock of Golden Peregrine pursuant to the updated appraisal report.
- (c) Other provisions which require updating and affected by the amendments aforementioned.

On August 30, 2024, the BOD approved further amendment of the MOA whereby a total of 980,000,000 PMHI common shares will be issued in exchange for and in consideration of the 100% issued and outstanding capital stock of GPHI held by the current stockholders pursuant to an updated valuation report as at December 31, 2023.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council (formerly Financial Reporting Standards Council) and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC).

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

Measurement Bases

The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (Peso), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded to the nearest Peso, unless otherwise stated.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment in a club share which was classified and measured as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset and the fair value of the consideration received in exchange for incurring liability.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the transaction date. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

The Company uses observable market data to a possible extent when measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in Notes 15.

Adoption of Amendments to PFRS Accounts Standards

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the following amended PFRS:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024:

- Amendments to PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements - Noncurrent Liabilities with Covenants* – The amendments clarified that covenants to be complied with after the reporting date do not affect the classification of debt as current or noncurrent at the reporting date. Instead, the amendments require the entity to disclose information about these covenants in the notes to the financial statements.

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- Amendments to PAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows* and PFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Supplier Finance Arrangements* – The amendments introduced new disclosure requirements to enable users of the financial statements assess the effects of supplier finance arrangements on the liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. The amendments also provide transitional relief on certain aspects, particularly on the disclosures of comparative information. Earlier application is permitted.

The adoption of the amended PFRS Accounting Standards did not materially affect the financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures were included in the financial statements, as applicable.

New and Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards in Issue But Not Yet Effective

Relevant new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards, which are not yet effective as at March 31, 2026 and have not been applied in preparing the financial statements, are summarized below.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026:

- Amendments to PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, and PFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets* – The amendments clarify that a financial liability is derecognized when the related obligation is discharged, cancelled, expires or otherwise qualifies for derecognition (e.g. settlement date), and introduces a policy option to derecognize financial liabilities settled through an electronic payment system before settlement date if the required conditions are met. The amendments also clarify the assessment of contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, the treatment of non-recourse loans and contractually linked instruments, as well as require additional disclosure requirements for financial assets and liabilities with contingent features and equity instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Earlier application is permitted.
- Annual Improvements to PFRS Accounting Standards Volume 11:
 - Amendments to PFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* – The amendments update and remove some obsolete references related to the gain or loss on derecognition on financial assets of an entity that has a continuing involvement and to the disclosure requirements on deferred differences between fair value and transaction price. The amendments also clarify that the illustrative guidance does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements for credit risk disclosure. Earlier application is permitted.
 - Amendments to PAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows - Cost Method* – The amendments replace the term ‘cost method’ with ‘at cost’ following the deletion of the definition of ‘cost method’. Earlier application is permitted.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027:

- PFRS Accounting Standards 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements* – This standard replaces PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, and sets out the requirements for the presentation and disclosure of information to help ensure that the financial statements provide relevant information that faithfully represents the entity’s assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. The standard introduces new categories and sub-totals in the statements of comprehensive income, disclosures on management-defined performance measures, and new principles for grouping of information, which the entity needs to apply retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted.

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Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing amended PFRS Accounting Standards is not expected to have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures will be included in the financial statements, as applicable.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Date of Recognition. The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable is done using settlement date accounting.

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), includes transaction cost.

“Day 1” Difference. Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a “Day 1” difference) in profit or loss. In cases where there is no observable data on inception, the Company deems the transaction price as the best estimate of fair value and recognizes “Day 1” difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the “Day 1” difference.

Classification. The Company classifies its financial assets at initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at FVPL, (b) financial assets at amortized cost, and (c) financial assets at FVOCI. Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified as either financial liabilities at FVPL or other financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Company’s business model.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company does not have financial assets and liabilities at FVPL.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. A financial asset shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through the amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

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As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company's cash, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers), and loans receivable are classified under this category.

Financial Assets at FVOCI. Equity securities which are not held for trading may be irrevocably designated at initial recognition under the FVOCI category.

Financial assets at FVOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, financial assets at FVOCI are measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) and are included under "Other comprehensive income" account in the equity section of the statements of financial position. These fair value changes are recognized in equity and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. On disposal of these equity securities, any cumulative unrealized valuation gains will be reclassified to retained earnings.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company has no financial asset at FVOCI.

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company's accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payable) and amounts due to related parties are classified under this category.

Reclassification of Financial Assets

The Company reclassifies its financial assets when, and only when, it changes its business model for managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model (reclassification date).

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in OCI.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at amortized cost, any gain or loss previously recognized in OCI, and any difference between the new amortized cost and maturity amount, are amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest method. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

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For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at FVPL, the financial asset continues to be measured at fair value.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, there are no reclassifications.

Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

The Company records an allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized by the Company when:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a “pass-through” arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the assets, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risk and rewards of the assets but has transferred control over the asset.

When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset, if any, is measured at the lower of original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to pay.

Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, or cancelled or has expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of the new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position.

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Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

Other Current Assets

This account mainly consists of creditable withholding taxes (CWT), input value-added tax (VAT) and prepayments.

CWT. CWT represents the amount withheld by the Company's customers in relation to its income. CWT can be utilized as payment for income taxes provided that these are properly supported by certificates of creditable tax withheld at source subject to the rules on Philippine income taxation. CWT are stated at estimated net realizable value.

VAT. Revenues, expenses and assets are generally recognized net of the amount of VAT, except:

- where the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable; and
- receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of tax included.

The net amount of VAT recoverable from the taxation authority is included as part of "Other current assets" account in the statements of financial position.

Investment in a Joint Venture

Joint arrangements represent activities where the Parent Company has joint control established by a contractual agreement. Joint control requires unanimous consent for financial and operational decisions. A joint arrangement is either a joint operation, whereby the parties have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities, or a joint venture, whereby the parties have rights to the net assets.

Classification of a joint arrangement as either joint operation or joint venture requires judgment.

Management's considerations include, but are not limited to, determining if the arrangement is structured through a separate vehicle and whether the legal form and contractual arrangements give the entity direct rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities within the normal course of business. Other facts and circumstances are also assessed by management, including the entity's rights to the economic benefits of assets and its involvement and responsibility for settling liabilities associated with the arrangement.

The Company accounted for its interest in Media Serbisyo Production Corp (MSPC) as a joint venture (see Note 7).

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Investment in a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recorded at cost and thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Company's share in net assets of the joint venture. The statement of comprehensive income reflects the Company's share in the results of operations of the joint venture.

If the Company's share in losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the associate or joint venture, the entity discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. The interest in a joint venture is the carrying amount of the joint venture determined using the equity method together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the entity's net investment in joint venture.

After the Company's interest is reduced to zero, additional losses gives rise to a liability to the extent that the Company has guaranteed obligations or is otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the joint venture. If the joint venture subsequently reports profits, the entity resumes recognizing its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognized.

The financial statements of the joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. Adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company.

The considerations made in determining significant influence on joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that nonfinancial assets may be impaired when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and if the carrying amount exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, nonfinancial assets are written down to its recoverable amount, which is the greater of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties less cost of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. In such instances, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. However, that increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss.

Deposit for Future Stock Subscription

Deposit for future stock subscription represent funds received by the Company from individual stockholders to be applied as payment for subscriptions of unissued shares or shares from an increase in authorized capital stock and is measured at face value of proceeds received.

Proceeds are recognized as equity when all of the requirements set forth by the SEC and the conditions provided in the subscription agreement have been met, otherwise, it is recognized as a liability.

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The Company shall classify deposits for future stock subscription as part of equity if and only if, all of the following elements are present as at end of the period.

- The unissued authorized capital stock of the entity is insufficient to cover the amount of shares indicated in the contract;
- There is BOD approval on the proposed increase in authorized capital stock;
- There is stockholders' approval of said proposed increase; and
- The application for the approval of the proposed increase has been presented for filing or has been filed with the SEC.

Equity

Common Stock. Common stock is measured at par value for all shares issued and outstanding and subscribed. Unpaid subscriptions are recognized as a reduction of subscribed capital stock.

Preferred Stock. Preferred stock is classified as equity if it is non-redeemable, or redeemable only at the Company's option, and any dividends are discretionary. It is measured at par value for all shares issued and subscribed. Unpaid subscriptions are recognized as a reduction of subscribed capital stock.

Additional Paid-in Capital. Additional paid-in capital includes any premium received in the issuances of capital stock. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from additional paid-in capital, net of tax.

Deficit. Deficit represents the cumulative balance of the Company's results of operations.

Treasury Stock. Treasury stock is previously issued stock that the Company has repurchased.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied at a point in time or over time.

The Company also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Company has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue sources.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized.

Interest Income. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset.

Expense Recognition

Expenses constitute cost of administering the business. These costs are expensed upon receipt of goods, utilization of services, or when the expense is incurred.

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Income Taxes

Current Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount is the one that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of any unused tax credits from the excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax (RCIT) and any unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward

benefits of unused excess MCIT over RCIT and unused NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items directly recognized in equity as OCI.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates and tax laws that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Basic and Diluted Loss per Share

The Company computes its basic loss per share by dividing net loss for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted loss per share amounts are computed in the same manner, adjusted for the diluted effect of any potential common shares. There is no such information as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 because the Company has no dilutive potential common shares and is in a net loss position.

Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the transactions with any of the Company's other components. The Company has only one segment which is as a holding company.

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Related Parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Related party transactions are considered material and/or significant if these transactions amount to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets or if there are several transactions or a series of transactions over a twelve-month period with the same related party amounting to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are made using the best estimates of the amount required to settle the obligation and are discounted to present values using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. Changes in estimates are reflected in profit or loss in the period these arise.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in financial statements. They are disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events after the Reporting Date

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's financial position at the end of reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are non-adjusting are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material.

3. Significant Judgment, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with PFRS requires management to exercise judgment, make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. The judgment and estimates used in the financial statements are based on management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the reporting date. While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

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Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgment, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Classifying the Financial Instruments. The Company exercises judgment in classifying a financial instrument on initial recognition either as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument. The substance of a financial instrument, rather than its legal form, governs its classification in the statements of financial position.

Assessing the Distinction Between Joint Operation and Joint Venture. The Company determines whether a joint arrangement qualifies as a joint operation or a joint venture. In making its judgment, the Company assesses whether it has joint control and has rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement or it has joint control and has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, in which case the arrangement shall be classified as a joint operation or a joint venture, respectively, as the case may be. The Company considers each arrangement separately in making its judgment.

The Company assessed that the joint arrangement qualifies as a joint venture and to be accounted using equity method in accordance with PAS 28, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* (see Note 7).

Determining the Interest in and Additional Liability to the Joint Venture. The Company determines its interest in a joint venture using the equity method together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the entity's net investment in joint venture. After the Company's interest is reduced to zero, the Company recognizes additional losses and a liability to the extent that the Company has guaranteed obligations or is otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the joint venture.

Determining the Fair Value of Financial Instruments. PFRS requires certain financial assets and liabilities to be carried at fair value, which requires extensive use of accounting estimates. While significant components of fair value measurement were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the amount of changes in fair value would differ if the Company utilized different valuation methodologies. Any changes in the fair value of these financial assets would affect profit and loss and equity.

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities is disclosed in Note 15.

Evaluating the Contingencies. The Company is a party to certain lawsuits or claims arising from the ordinary course of business. However, the Company's management and legal counsel believe that eventual liabilities under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Estimates and Assumptions

The key estimates concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that has a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Estimating the Liabilities related to Previous Development Bank Operations. The estimated liabilities related to previous development bank operations of the Company is based on the management's best estimate of the amount expected to be incurred to settle the obligation based on the terms of the MOA.

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Liabilities arising from the MOA as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 are disclosed in Note 9.

Determining Fair Value of Financial Instruments at Date of Initial Recognition. The Company determines the fair value of financial instruments based on transaction price. As at date of recognition of loans receivable in 2026 and 2025, the Company assessed that the fair value approximates its transaction price (see Note 12).

Assessing the ECL on Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. The Company applies the simplified approach to its receivables and the general approach on all its other financial assets at amortized cost in measuring the ECL. The Company estimates the ECL on its receivables using a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Company assessed that cash in banks is deposited with reputable counterparty banks that possess good credit ratings. For related party transactions and other receivables, the Company considered the available liquid assets of the related parties and a letter of guarantee from the stockholders.

The Company assesses that a financial asset is considered credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset have occurred such as significant financial difficulty and cessation of operations of the debtor.

No impairment loss was recognized as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

The aggregate carrying amount of cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers), and loans receivable as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 are disclosed in Notes 4, 5 and 13.

Assessing the Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets. The Company assesses impairment on nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business;
or
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

No impairment losses were recognized as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

The carrying amounts of the Company's nonfinancial assets are as follows including advances to officers, employees and service providers, other current assets, investment in a joint venture and property and equipment are disclosed in Notes 5, 6, 8, and 9.

Assessing the Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Company reviews its deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized in the future. The amount of deferred income tax assets that are recognized is based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies to which the deferred income tax assets can be utilized.

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The Company has deferred tax liability on loan transaction cost that will reverse in 2025. The Company recognized deferred tax assets on NOLCO that will expire in 2025 to the extent of the deferred tax liability that will reverse. Management believes that there will be no sufficient future taxable profits against which the remaining unrecognized deferred tax assets can be utilized. Details of recognized and unrecognized deferred tax assets are disclosed in Note 11.

4. Cash

This account consists of:

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)
Cash on hand	₱20,000	₱20,000
Cash in banks	1,024,870	2,943,162
	₱1,044,870	₱2,963,162

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates.

Interest income amounted to ₱390 and ₱4,033 as at March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, respectively.

5. Receivables

This account consists of:

	Note	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)
Loans receivable from a related party	13	₱834,278,250	₱834,278,250
Loans receivable from previous banking operations		62,277,740	62,277,740
Interest receivable	13	71,971,153	71,971,153
Advances to officers, employees and service providers		2,146,535	2,131,535
Rent receivables		237,932	237,932
		970,911,610	970,896,610
Less allowance for impairment losses		64,642,007	64,642,007
		₱906,269,603	₱906,254,603
Less: current portion of receivables		866,519,603	866,504,603
Noncurrent portion of loans receivable		₱39,750,000	₱39,750,000

Loans receivable from third parties are related to the Company's previous bank operations and are fully provided with allowance for impairment loss.

Advances to officers, employees and service providers represent unliquidated, noninterest-bearing advances for processing the transfer of title of properties to BDO and PDIC. These are liquidated upon the accomplishment of the purposes for which the advances were granted.

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Breakdown of allowance for impairment losses as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 are as follows:

Loans receivable	₱62,277,740
Advances to officers, employees and service providers	2,126,335
Rent receivables	237,932
	₱64,642,007

6. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)
Prepayments	971,200	977,387
Input VAT	84,728	—
	₱1,055,928	₱977,387

Prepayments mainly pertain to transaction cost paid in advance, mainly documentary stamp tax related to subscribed but unissued shares. This will be applied against APIC once upon issuance of shares.

7. Investment in and Advances to a Joint Venture

On June 30, 2023, the Company and ABS-CBN, collectively referred hereinafter as the “Venturers,” incorporated MSPC with a 51:49 ownership interest ratio in accordance with the Joint Venture Agreement (JVA) entered into by the Venturers on May 23, 2023. The Company has a 51% equity with initial subscription of 20,400,000 shares for a total value of ₱20.4 million. ABS-CBN on the other hand, has a 49% equity with initial subscription of 19,600,000 shares for a total value of ₱19.6 million. The JVA provided mainly for the establishment, operation and management of MSPC and other matters related to MSPC. MSPC was incorporated with a primary purpose of developing, producing, and financing content, programs, and shows for distribution by other broadcast networks, channels, or platforms, locally and internationally.

This account consists of:

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)
Investment in joint venture	₱20,400,000	₱20,400,000
Advances to the joint venture	25,790,889	25,790,889
Loans receivable from joint venture	8,000,000	8,000,000
Cumulative share in net loss	(56,135,102)	(56,135,102)
Liability to joint venture for additional share in net loss	(1,944,213)	(1,944,213)
Investment in and advances to the joint venture	—	—

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Movements in investment in and advances to a joint venture are as follows:

	Note	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)
<i>Investment in joint venture</i>			
Balance at beginning of period		₱20,400,000	₱20,400,000
Additions		–	–
Balance at end period		20,400,000	20,400,000
<i>Cumulative share in net loss</i>			
Balance at beginning of the period		56,135,102	43,091,139
Share in net loss		–	13,043,963
Balance at end of period		56,135,102	56,135,102
<i>Advances to the joint venture</i>	13	25,790,889	25,790,889
<i>Loans receivable from joint venture</i>		8,000,000	8,000,000
<i>Liability to the joint venture for additional share in net loss</i>	13	(₱1,944,213)	(₱1,944,213)
Investment in and advances to the joint venture		₱–	₱–

8. Property and Equipment

Movements in this account are as follows:

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)		
	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning and end of perio	₱729,720	₱54,375	₱784,095
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of period	468,204	54,375	522,579
Depreciation	32,196	–	32,196
Balance at end of period	500,400	54,375	554,775
Carrying Amount	₱229,320	₱–	₱229,320
	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)		
	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning and end of peric	₱729,720	₱54,375	₱784,095
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of period	339,420	54,375	393,795
Depreciation	128,784	–	128,784
Balance at end of period	468,204	54,375	522,579
Carrying Amount	₱261,516	₱–	₱261,516

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9. Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)
Liabilities arising from the MOA	₱178,322,708	₱178,322,708
Dividends payable	10,985,443	10,985,443
Accrued expenses	1,648,096	2,081,243
Statutory payables	4,193,430	4,214,253
Interest payable	175,233	175,233
	₱195,324,910	₱195,778,880

The Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in relation to its MOA with BDO and PDIC. As discussed in Note 1, under the MOA dated September 12, 2002 between the Company, BDO and PDIC, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Under the terms of the MOA, the Company holds BDO free from any contingent claims, labor and minority issues and concerns arising from related assets and liabilities until these are assumed by BDO.

Liabilities arising from the MOA pertain mainly to the estimated general cost which may include transfer, processing and legal fees among others as well as taxes in relation to the transfer of assets from the Company's previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Said liabilities also include unremitted collection of assigned receivables and sale of foreclosed properties for the account of PDIC (see Note 1). Additions to the liabilities amounting to ₱21.4 million in 2023 pertains to proceeds from compromise settlements. The Company also paid legal fees of nil and ₱3.0 million as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively, for legal consultations, litigation costs as well as consolidation and transfer of titles.

Dividends payable pertain to the Company's dividend for cumulative, nonparticipating, nonvoting, redeemable and convertible preferred stock that were declared prior to the Company's incurrence of deficit.

Accrued expenses pertain to accrual professional fees and association dues, among others. These are normally settled in the next financial year.

Statutory payable is normally settled within the following month.

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10. Equity

Capital Stock

Details of capital stock are as follows:

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)	
	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount
Authorized:				
Preferred stock Series A - ₱0.04 par value	1,000,000,000	₱40,000,000	1,000,000,000	₱40,000,000
Preferred stock Series C - ₱1 par value	—	—	340,664	340,664
Common stock - ₱1 par value	3,999,659,336	3,999,659,336	3,999,659,336	3,999,659,336
	4,999,659,336	₱4,039,659,336	5,000,000,000	₱4,040,000,000
Issued and outstanding:				
Preferred stock Series A				
Balance at beginning of period	6,549,960	₱261,998	14,366,260	₱14,366,260
Decrease in par value	—	—	—	(13,791,610)
Conversions	—	—	(7,816,300)	(312,652)
Balance at end of period	6,549,960	261,998	6,549,960	261,998
Preferred stock Series C				
Balance at beginning of period	207,414	207,414	—	—
Conversions	(207,414)	(207,414)	207,414	207,414
Balance at end of period	—	—	207,414	207,414
Common stock				
Issued and outstanding				
Beginning of period	940,403,854	940,403,854	925,298,616	925,298,616
Issuances	—	—	15,000,000	15,000,000
Conversions	—	—	105,238	105,238
Balance at end of period	940,403,854	940,403,854	940,403,854	940,403,854
Subscribed				
Beginning of period	—	—	15,000,000	15,000,000
Issuances	—	—	(15,000,000)	(15,000,000)
Balance at end of period	—	—	—	—
Issued and subscribed common stock	940,403,854	940,403,854	940,403,854	940,403,854
Total capital stock	946,953,814	₱940,665,852	947,161,228	₱940,873,266

The preferred stock Series A has the following salient features:

- a. Cumulative, nonparticipating, nonvoting, redeemable and convertible at the option of the Company.
- b. Cash dividend rate initially at 4.50% per annum based on par value, which shall be automatically adjusted to 11.00% per annum upon full payment of the subscription price.

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- c. The Company may, at any time at its option, wholly or partially redeem the outstanding preferred stock plus accrued dividends thereon. When such a call for redemption is made, the holders of the preferred stock may opt to convert the preferred stock to common stock.

As discussed in Note 1, in 2024, the BOD and shareholders approved the amendment of the AOI of the Company to reflect the reduction of par value of preferred shares, reclassification of preferred shares, conversion of preferred shares into common shares, deletion of all provisions relating to the preferred shares and increase in authorized capital, among others.

On January 15, 2025, the SEC approved the reduction in the Company's authorized preferred stock Series A from ₱1,000.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million preferred stocks Series A at ₱1.0 par value a share, to ₱40.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million common stocks at ₱0.04 par value a share.

As at April 4, 2025, the Company has pending application with the SEC for the amendment of the AOI for the conversion and reclassification of Series A non-voting and convertible preferred shares, creation of Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares and reclassification of foreign-owned common shares to Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares.

On April 04, 2025, the Board resolved to retain the Series A Preferred Shares until the Corporation is able to obtain approval for a decrease in capital stock, which is necessary to eliminate the fractional shares that would result from the conversion of the remaining Series A Preferred Shares into Common Shares.

On March 25, 2026, the SEC approved the cancellation of the Company's authorized preferred stock Series C of ₱340,664, divided into 340,664 preferred stocks Series C at ₱1.0 par value per share.

Other planned amendments are also discussed in Note 1.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, there is no accrued and unpaid preferential dividend.

11. Income Tax

There is no provision for current income tax in March 31, 2026 and 2025 due to the Company's gross and net taxable loss position.

Under the "Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprise" (CREATE) Act which took effect on July 1, 2020, the RCIT of domestic corporations is computed at 25% or 20% depending on the amount of total assets or total amount of taxable income. The minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) is computed at 1% of gross income for a period of three years until July 1, 2023 and reverted to 2% effective July 1, 2023.

The reconciliation of benefit from current income tax at the statutory income tax rate to the provision for current income tax shown in the statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	2025
Income tax computed at statutory tax rate	₱7,447,176
Changes in unrecognized deferred tax assets	(5,276,074)
Tax effects of:	
Share in net loss of a joint venture	3,260,991
Nondeductible expenses	271,720
Stock issuance cost	(38,475)
Interest income already subjected to final tax	(2,523)
	<u>₱5,662,815</u>

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The components of the Company's unrecognized deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2025
Deferred tax assets:	
Allowance for impairment losses on receivables	₱16,160,502
Deferred tax liability:	
Loan issuance cost	(69,563)
	₱16,090,939

The Management believes that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the remaining unrecognized deferred tax assets as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 amounting to ₱16.1 million and ₱21.4 million, respectively, can be utilized.

As at March 31, 2026 unused NOLCO that can be claimed as deduction from future taxable income are as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Applied	Ending Balance	Expiry Date
2024	₱3,495,790	₱—	(₱3,495,790)	₱—	2027
2023	13,423,553	—	(13,423,553)	—	2026
2022	5,252,413	—	(5,252,413)	—	2025
2020	781,334	—	(781,334)	—	2025
	₱22,953,090	₱—	(₱22,953,090)	₱—	

Under Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020, NOLCO incurred for the taxable years 2021 and 2020 will be carried over for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss and NOLCO incurred for taxable year 2022 and beyond can be carried over for the next three consecutive years.

As at March 31, 2026, unused MCIT that can be claimed as deduction from future income tax payable are as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Applied	Ending Balance	Expiry Date
2024	₱208,701	₱—	(₱208,701)	₱—	2027
2022	430	—	(430)	—	2025
	₱209,131	₱—	(₱209,131)	₱—	

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12. Related Party Transactions

Outstanding balances and transactions with related parties are as follows:

Nature of		Amount of Transaction		Outstanding Balance	
Transaction		2026	2025	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)
Loans receivable					
Entity under common key management	Loan	₱—	₱42,064,679	₱874,028,250	₱874,028,250
Interest receivable					
Entity under common key management	Accrued interest*	₱—	₱60,283,877	₱71,971,153	₱71,971,153
Advances to joint vent					
Joint venture	Advances	₱—	₱10,543,389	₱25,790,889	₱25,790,889
Due to related parties					
Joint venture	Additional share in net loss	₱—	₱1,944,213	₱1,944,213	₱1,944,213
Parent Company	Management fee	—	—	13,880,000	13,880,000
				₱15,824,213	₱15,824,213
Deposit for future stoc					
Stockholders	Deposit for future stock subscript	₱—	₱20,500,000	₱235,249,999	₱235,249,999

*Including output VAT amounting to ₱6.5 million.

The Company has no other material and/or significant transactions with its related parties as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

Loans Receivable from Philippine Collective Media (PCMC)

Movements in this account are as follows:

	Note	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)
Balance at beginning of the period		₱874,028,250	₱831,963,571
Loans granted, including transaction cost		—	45,048,125
Amortization of loan transaction cost	4	—	(2,983,446)
		874,028,250	874,028,250
Less: current portion		834,278,250	834,278,250
Noncurrent portion		₱39,750,000	₱39,750,000

Loan transaction cost pertains to documentary stamp tax paid by the Company. Movements in the loan issuance cost in 2025 follows:

Balance at beginning of the period	₱2,963,571
Additions	298,125
Amortization	(2,983,446)
	₱278,250

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The loan transaction cost is presented as part of the loans receivable and will be amortized over the term of the loan.

In August 2023, the Company granted an unsecured loan to PCMC, a related party under common key management, to acquire key assets necessary to expand business operations nationwide. The loan has no interest on the first year and 7% interest on succeeding years. The loan is to be paid within five years and can be paid in whole or in part at any time without penalty. In December 2024, the Company amended the loan agreement to shorten the term from five year to 30 months with the Company considering to complete its share-for-share swap transaction with GPHI within 2025. Interest income recognized in 2024 amounted to ₱10.4 million (gross of loan issuance cost amortization of ₱0.5 million).

In October 2024, the Company granted another unsecured loan to PCMC amounting to ₱461.0 million for the same purpose. The loan bears interest of 7.5% and is to be paid until December 2025. Loan issuance cost amounted to ₱3.5 million.

Outstanding balances with related parties are unsecured, noninterest-bearing (unless otherwise stated in the loan agreement), collectible or payable in cash upon demand. The Company has no provision for impairment loss relating to the loans receivables, and advances to a joint venture as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. This assessment is undertaken at each reporting date by taking into consideration the financial position of the related parties and the market at which the related parties operates.

Deposit for Future Stock Subscription

As discussed in Note 1, in 2024, the Company executed another subscription agreements individually with Valiant and Cymac for 86,355,932 common shares and 3,644,068 common shares, respectively, for ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱254.7 million and ₱10.8 million, respectively. As the conditions provided in the subscription agreement have not been met, the amounts collected for this subscription amounting to ₱214.7 million as at March 31, 2026 is presented as deposit for future stock subscription and is presented under noncurrent liability section in the statements of financial position.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

There is no compensation of key management personnel as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. The Company's accounting and administrative functions are provided by a related party at no cost to the Company.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in relation to its MOA with BDO and PDIC. As discussed in Note 1, under the MOA dated September 12, 2002 between the Company, BDO and PDIC, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Under the terms of the MOA, the Company holds BDO free from any contingent claims, labor and minority issues and concerns arising from related assets and liabilities still managed by the Company until these are assumed by BDO.

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The Company has accounted for separately, assets from its development bank operations pursuant to the MOA. It still has in its possession titles of real estate properties from its development bank operations with an original assigned value of ₱601.6 million per PDIC letter dated September 2016. Moreover, the Company has cash in its custody of ₱15.2 million as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 arising from the proceeds of the sale and compromise settlement of certain properties.

14. Basic Loss Per Share

The basic loss per share is computed as follows:

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)
Net income (loss)	(₱1,402,977)	₱24,125,887
Less dividend rights of preferred stockholders for the period	12,909	51,635
Income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	(1,415,886)	24,074,252
Divided by weighted average number of common stock	940,403,854	932,851,235
Basic income (loss) per share	(₱0.002)	₱0.026

The convertible feature of the Company's preferred stock, the subscribed shares and deposit for future stock subscription have potential antidilutive effect. However, because of the net loss position of the Company, presentation of diluted earnings per share is not applicable

15. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise of cash, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers), investment in a club share, accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payable) and due to a related party.

The main risks arising from the financial instruments of the Company are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The BOD reviews and approves policies for managing the risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligation. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers) and investment in a club share. The carrying amounts of the financial assets represent the Company's gross maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

The Company estimates the ECL on its receivables using a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The tables below present the Company's exposure to credit risk and show the credit quality of the financial assets by indicating whether the financial assets are subjected to 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL.

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March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)				
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL -not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired	Total
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks	₱1,024,870	₱—	₱—	₱1,024,870
Receivables*	71,971,153	—	62,515,672	134,486,825
Loans receivable from a related party	—	874,028,250	—	874,028,250
	₱72,996,023	₱874,028,250	₱62,515,672	₱1,009,539,945

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.1 million and ₱874.0 million, respectively.

December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)				
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired	Total
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks	₱2,943,162	₱—	₱—	₱2,943,162
Receivables*	71,971,153	—	62,515,672	134,486,825
Loans receivable from a related party	—	874,028,250	—	874,028,250
	₱74,914,315	₱874,028,250	₱62,515,672	₱1,011,458,237

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.1 million and ₱874.0 million, respectively.

The table below shows the gross maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the Company's statement of financial position, before taking into consideration collateral and other credit enhancements:

March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)					
	High Grade	Standard Grade	Past due but Not Impaired	Impaired	Total
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost					
Cash in banks	₱1,024,870	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱1,024,870
Receivables*	71,971,153	—	—	62,515,672	134,486,825
Loans receivable	874,028,250	—	—	—	874,028,250
	947,024,273	—	—	₱62,515,672	₱1,009,539,945

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.1 million and ₱874.0 million, respectively.

December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)					
	High Grade	Standard Grade	Past due but Not Impaired	Impaired	Total
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost					
Cash in banks	₱2,943,162	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱2,943,162
Receivables*	71,971,153	—	—	62,515,672	134,486,825
Loans receivable from a related party	874,028,250	—	—	—	874,028,250
	₱948,942,565	₱—	₱—	₱62,515,672	₱1,011,458,237

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.1 million and ₱874.0 million, respectively.

Credit Quality of Financial Assets. The credit quality of the Company's financial assets is being managed by using internal credit ratings such as high grade and standard grade.

High grade - pertains to a counterparty who is not expected by the Company to default in settling its obligations, thus credit risk exposure is minimal.

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Standard grade - include financial assets that are considered moderately realizable and some accounts which would require some reminder follow-ups to obtain settlement from the counterparty.

The Company has assessed the credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired as a high grade.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its financial obligations when they fall due. The Company aims to maintain flexibility by maintaining sufficient cash to meet all foreseeable cash needs.

The Company also maintains a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The policy of the Company is to make the first exhaust lines available from affiliated companies before local bank lines are availed of. The Company seeks to manage its liquid funds through cash planning on a weekly basis. The Company uses historical figures and experiences and forecasts from its cash receipts and disbursements. As part of its liquidity risk management, the Company regularly evaluates its projected and actual cash flows.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, dividends payable (excluding statutory payable) and due to related parties are generally due and demandable.

Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from a financial instrument (cash flow interest rate risk) or its fair value (fair value interest rate risk) will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's loans receivable is subject to fixed interest rates and are exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company's loan receivable amounting ₱874.0 million has no repricing arrangement and is not exposed to fair value interest risk.

Fair Values

The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value and the corresponding fair value hierarchy:

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2025 (Unaudited)	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Cash	₱1,044,870	₱1,044,870	₱2,963,132	₱2,963,132
Receivables*	71,971,153	71,971,153	71,971,153	71,971,153
Loans receivable from a related party	874,028,250	874,028,250	874,028,250	874,028,250
	₱947,044,273	₱947,044,273	₱948,962,565	₱948,962,565
Financial Liabilities				
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities**	₱191,131,480	₱191,131,480	₱191,564,627	₱191,564,627
Due to a related party	15,824,213	15,824,213	15,824,213	15,824,213
	₱206,955,693	₱206,955,693	₱207,388,840	₱207,388,840

*Excluding loan receivable from a related party amounting to ₱874.0 million as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

**Excluding statutory payables amounting to ₱4.2 million as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

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Current Financial Assets and Liabilities. The carrying amounts of cash, receivables (excluding advances from officers, employees and service providers), and accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payable) and due to related parties approximate their fairvalues due to the short-term and demand nature and maturities of the transactions. The fair value measurement of current financial assets and liabilities is classified as Level 3 (Significant unobservable inputs).

Loans Receivable. The fair value of loans receivables is based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the prevailing interest rates. Discount rate used is 7.38% as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

There has been no transfer between levels of fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue its operations as a going concern and to maximize shareholder value.

The Company considers its total equity as its capital as follows:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Capital stock	₱940,665,852	₱940,873,266
Additional paid-in capital	187,554,046	187,761,460
Deficit	(641,981,593)	(640,578,616)
Treasury stock	–	(414,828)
	₱486,238,305	₱487,641,282

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, when there are changes in the economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, or issue new stock. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Deposit for future stock subscription amounted to ₱235.2 million as at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025. The Company's intention of settlement is through issuance of fixed number of shares upon meeting the conditions in the subscription agreement and approval of increase in authorized capital stock by the SEC unless the intention was changed as approved by the BOD and stockholders. The Company will classify the deposit of future stock subscription under equity section of the statements of financial position once application for increase to the SEC is made.

COVER SHEET

2	2	4	0	1					

S.E.C. Registration Number

P	R	I	M	E		M	E	D	I	A		H	O	L	D	I	N	G	S	,		I	N	C	.			
(	f	o	r	m	e	r	l	y		F	i	r	s	t		e	-	B	a	n	k		C	o	r	p	.	)

(Company's Full Name)

1	6	t	h		F	l	o	o	r		B	D	O		T	o	w	e	r	s							
V	a	l	e	r	o		(	f	o	r	m	e	r	l	y		C	i	t	i	b	a	n	k			
T	o	w	e	r	)		8	7	4	1		P	a	s	e	o		d	e		R	o	x	a	s		
M	a	k	a	t	i		C	i	t	y																	

(Business Address: No. Street/City/Province)

DIANE MADELYN C. CHING

Contact Person

8831-4479

Company Telephone Number

1	2		3	1

Month Day
Fiscal Year

SEC FORM 17-A
(Annual Report FY 2025)

FORM TYPE

Month Day
Annual Meeting

N/A

Secondary License Type, If Applicable

Dept. Requiring this
Doc.

Amended Articles
Number/Section

Total Amount of Borrowings

1,814

Total No. of
Stockholders

17,834,939

Domestic

nil

Foreign

To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned

File Number

LCU

Document I.D.

Cashier

STAMPS

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-A

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17
OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE
AND SECTION 141 OF THE CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES**

1. For the fiscal year ended **December 31, 2025**
2. SEC Identification Number **22401**
3. BIR Tax Identification No. **000-491-007**
4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter **PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC. (Formerly: First e-Bank Corporation)**
5. **Metro Manila**
Province, Country or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization
6. (SEC Use Only)
Industry Classification Code:
7. **16th Floor BDO Towers Valero (Formerly: Citibank Tower), 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City 1227**
Address of principal office Postal Code
8. **(632) 8831-4479**
Issuer's telephone number, including area code
9. **Not applicable**
Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC, or Sec. 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Preferred Stock Series A, PHP 0.04 par value	6,549,960
Preferred Stock Series C, PHP 1.00 par value	207,414 ¹
Common Stock, Php 1.00 par value	940,403,854

11. Are any or all of these securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes [**X**] No []

Philippine Stock Exchange

12. Check whether the issuer:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17.1 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of The Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports);

Yes [**X**] No []

(b) Has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [**X**] No []

¹ All issued Series C preferred shares have been redeemed and fully retired by the Company through a decrease in capital stock as duly approved by the SEC on March 25, 2026.

13. The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates is ₱259,414,823 computed on the basis of 199,549,864 representing 21.22% of the outstanding common shares at the closing price as of December 31, 2025 of ₱1.30 per share.

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PART I - BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

(A) Description of Business

Item 1. Business Development

Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (PRIM or the Company) was originally incorporated on February 6, 1963 as Private Development Corporation of the Philippines and then changed to PDCP Development Bank, Inc. that same year. On June 6, 2000, the Company changed its name to First e-Bank Corporation and then eventually shifted to its current name on October 20, 2003.

Through a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) executed in 2002, Banco de Oro Unibank, Inc. assumed the servicing of PRIM's deposit liabilities and other banking functions. On December 6, 2002, the Board of Directors of PRIM (BOD) approved the amendment of its Articles of Incorporation (AOI) to change its primary purpose from that of a development bank to a holding company, which would hold investments in the media industry.

On January 26, 2013, the BOD approved the amendment of its AOI extending the corporate life of PRIM by another 50 years or until February 6, 2063. The stockholders of the Company approved and ratified the amendment in a special stockholders' meeting on February 4, 2013. On February 5, 2013, the Company filed the amended AOI with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), which approved such amendment of the AOI on March 4, 2013. However, in accordance with the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, which took effect on February 23, 2019, the Company was automatically accorded perpetual existence.

On March 2, 2015, the SEC approved the Corporation's change of principal office address from 3 San Antonio Street, Barrio Kapitolyo, Pasig City to 16th Floor Citibank Tower, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

The Company's previous activities comprise mainly of compliance with the Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) by transferring certain assets related to its previous banking operations, to BDO and PDIC. In view of its very minimal operations, the Company gradually retired all its employees by 2010 and instead engages consultants/service providers to service its requirements.

On 23 May 2023, the Company entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with ABS-CBN to create a joint venture company which will develop, produce and finance content programs and shows for distribution to local and international broadcast networks, channels and platforms. On 05 July 2023, the parties incorporated such joint venture company under the name, Media Serbisyo Production Corp. (MSPC) with ownership ratio of 51:49 between Prime Media and ABS-CBN. At present, MSPC airs its shows in DZMM 630 AM radio and in cable channels under the brand Teleradyo Serbisyo.

Item 2. Properties

Practically all of the Company's properties, which consisted of bank premises (land, buildings and leasehold rights) and real estate acquired through dacion and foreclosure while it was still a bank, were conveyed to BDO/PDIC pursuant to the MOA. The investment properties with market value of ₱69.88 million in 2017 was sold last September 21, 2018 for ₱51.82 million, inclusive of VAT, in order to use the funds to pay the Company's liabilities and defray its expenses.

Item 3. Commitments and Contingencies

MOA from Previous Banking Operations

The Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in relation to its MOA with BDO and PDIC. As discussed in Note 1, under the MOA dated September 12, 2002 between the Company, BDO and PDIC, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC.

The Company has accounted for separately the assets from its previous development bank operations pursuant to the MOA. It still has in its possession titles of real estate properties from its development bank operations with an original assigned value of ₱601.6 million per PDIC letter dated September 2016. Moreover, the Company has cash in its custody of ₱15.2 million as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 arising from the proceeds of the sale and compromise settlement of certain properties (see Note 15 of the Audited Financial Statements).

Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) Claim

On October 10, 2025, the BSP issued a formal demand letter to the Company to pay ₱669.4 million (BSP claim) arising from a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) dated January 14, 1997 entered into by BSP and PDCP Development Bank (PDCP or the Company's former name) with conformity of First Producers Holding Corporation (First Producers). The matter is subject to the review of the BSP Monetary Board at the request of the Company and is currently under evaluation as at June 16, 2026.

The matter is subject to the review of the BSP Monetary Board at the request of the Company and is currently under evaluation as at June 16, 2026.

After being directed by the BOD on its meeting on December 15, 2025, the Management and legal counsels conducted a review of the circumstances, including the sequence of events leading to the claim, evaluate veracity of the claim and available defenses. Based on available information and documents, the Management and legal counsels have assessed that the BSP's demand should not be treated as a presently enforceable liability.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

During the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held last **31 July 2025**, the following were submitted for approval of the shareholders:

1. Call to Order
2. Proof of Notice and Certification of Quorum;
3. Approval of Minutes of Previous Stockholders' Meeting
4. Approval of the Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ending **31 December 2024**;
5. Re-Approval of the following transactions:

- 5.1. Authority to the Board to execute the Deed of Exchange with Atty. Hermogene H. Real and Ms. Michelle F. Ayangco, the 100% owner of the Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (herein referred as the "Golden Peregrine Shareholders") and Reconfirmation of the issuance of 980,000,000 Common Shares for and in consideration of 100% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Golden Peregrine Holdings Inc.
- 5.2. Approval for the Additional Listing of 980,000,000 common shares issued to Golden Peregrine Shareholders as described above.
- 5.3. Waiver by the minority stockholders of the rights or public offer requirement under the PSE Additional Listing Rules.
6. Approval for the Additional Listing of approximately 308,266 common shares issued to Filipino shareholders after partial conversion of Series "A" Non-Voting Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of PhP 0.04 per share into Common Shares with a par value of PhP 1.00, if necessary.
7. Approval of the following Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation:
 - 7.1. Approval of the mandatory redemption and retirement of 340,664 Series C Non-Voting Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of PhP 1.00 at a redemption price equivalent to at least its par value of PhP 1.00 per share or at the price determined by the Board and payable in cash resulting in the Decrease in the Authorized Capital Stock from PhP4,040,000,000.00 to PhP 4,039,659,336.00.
 - 7.2. Increase in the authorized capital stock from Four Billion Thirty Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six (PhP 4,039,659,336.00) to Six Billion Pesos (PhP6,000,000,000.00), thereby amending the Seventh Article of the Articles of Incorporation.
 - 7.3. Decrease in the authorized capital stock from Six Billion Pesos (PhP 6,000,000,000.00) to Five Billion Nine Hundred Sixty Million Pesos (PhP 5,960,000,000.00) resulting from the retirement of Series A class as described in Item 8 below.
 - 7.4. Amendment to delete all other provisions/ paragraphs in the Seventh Article relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of common shares.
8. Conversion of the remaining Series "A" Non-voting Convertible Preferred Shares and its retirement.
 - 8.1. Conversion of the remaining Six Million Five Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Sixty (6,549,960) Series "A" Non-Voting Convertible Preferred Shares into common shares at the conversion rate of 25 Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of PhP 0.04 per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of PhP 1.00 per share equivalent to issuance of approximately Two Hundred Sixty One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety Eight (261,998) common shares with a par value of PhP 1.00 per share. Fractional shares arising from such conversion shall be paid in cash and/or eliminated by way of retirement and decrease in authorized capital stock, as authorized by the board.
 - 8.2. Approval of the Additional Listing of approximately 261,998 common shares issued to shareholders after conversion of Series "A" Non-Voting Convertible Preferred

Shares with a par value of PhP 0.04 per share into Common Shares with a par value of PhP 1.00 as described in item 8.1 above, if necessary.

9. Ratification of All Acts of the Board of Directors and Management
10. Election of Board of Directors
11. Appointment of External Auditor
12. Other Matters
13. Adjournment.

PART II - OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 5. Market for Issuer's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

(1) Market information

The total number of outstanding common shares as of December 31, 2025, is 940,403,854, of which 888,713,458 is actively being traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). The high and low stock prices in pesos for each quarter within the last three fiscal years **2023 to 2025** are given below:

Year	Quarter	High	Low
2023	1 st	2.21	1.79
	2 nd	3.03	1.80
	3 rd	2.93	1.90
	4 th	3.08	2.62
2024	1 st	3.78	2.30
	2 nd	4.58	2.60
	3 rd	2.89	2.30
	4 th	2.85	1.62
2025	1 st	2.46	1.57
	2 nd	1.90	1.31
	3 rd	1.93	1.32
	4 th	1.49	1.07

The total outstanding and issued common shares have increased from Nine Hundred Twenty-Five Million Two Hundred Ninety-Eight Thousand Six Hundred Sixteen (925,298,616) common shares as of December 31, 2024, to Nine Hundred Forty Million Four Hundred Three Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty-Four (940,403,854) common shares as of December 31, 2025, due to the following approved transactions:

- (a) Issuance of Fifteen Million (15,000,000) common shares to Cymac Holdings Corporation on August 22, 2025, arising from private placement transaction;

(b) Approved partial conversion of outstanding Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible preferred shares into common shares at the conversion rate of 25 Series “A” Non-Voting and Convertible preferred shares with a par value of PhP 0.04 per share to One (1) common share with a par value of PhP 1.00 per share, applicable to Series A Shareholders whose shares when converted will not result to any fractional shares.

(c) Approved reclassification of all foreign-owned common shares with a par value of PhP 1.00 per share into Series “C” Non-Voting and Redeemable preferred shares with a par value of PhP 1.00 per share.

(2) Holders of Securities

Common Shareholders

The number of common shareholders of record as of December 31, 2025 is at 1,683. The list of the top twenty common shareholders as of December 31, 2025 is provided below:

	Name of Stockholders	No. of shares	Percentage of Ownership
1	PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION (FILIPINO)	888,486,866	94.48%
2	CYMAC HOLDINGS CORPORATION	15,000,000	1.60%
3	RYM BUSINESS MANAGEMENT CORPORATION	8,927,940	0.95%
4	FIRST PRODUCERS HOLDINGS CORP. FAO RAY BURTON DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	6,175,789	0.66%
5	FIRST PRODUCERS HOLDINGS CORP. FAO PRODUCERS PROPERTIES INC.	4,903,852	0.52%
6	RAY BURTON DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	3,213,293	0.34%
7	PRODUCERS PROPERTIES INC	3,013,701	0.32%
8	MERCANTILE INVESTMENT COMPANY INC.	1,585,989	0.17%
9	DEL ROSARIO ALBERT ITF ANTHONY SALIM	1,289,279	0.14%
10	YAN LUCIO W. &/OR CLARA YAN	600,000	0.06%
11	VARGAS JOEL B.	534,876	0.06%
12	SO MERLENE &/OR SO PENG KEE	239,000	0.03%
13	UY MARIA T.	211,200	0.02%
14	GO JR. JOSE YU	210,000	0.02%
15	SOLAR SECURITIES INC	200,000	0.02%
16	GO JOVY LIM	150,000	0.02%
17	CRUZ JR. PONCIANO V	150,000	0.02%
18	QUE LU KIONG	150,000	0.02%
19	ABAD RUFINO H.	142,011	0.02%
20	TAN LUCIANO H.	139,600	0.01%

Preferred Shareholders

The number of preferred shareholders of record as of December 31, 2025 is at 131. Preferred shares outstanding as of December 31, 2025, stands at 6,549,960. The top twenty shareholders are as follows:

No.	Name of Stockholders	No. of shares	Percentage of ownership
1	MARTINEZ FLORENTINO L.	907,340	13.85%
2	METROLAB EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN	545,040	8.32%
3	LLEREZA HELENA	529,810	8.09%
4	E. CHUA CHIACO SEC. INC	449,640	6.86%
5	NG VIRGINIA U.	344,470	5.26%
6	PNB SECURITIES INC.	300,280	4.58%
7	DIVERSIFIED SEC. INC.	218,080	3.33%
8	EASTERN SECURITIES DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	196,340	3.00%
9	NG VIRGINIA U.	183,130	2.80%
10	MARINO OLONDRIZ Y CIA	143,880	2.20%
11	LITTON ANDREW L.	134,070	2.05%
12	MANDARIN SECURITIES CORPORATION	127,320	1.94%
13	FERNANDO DAVID	122,090	1.86%
14	GO AIDA	122,090	1.86%
15	ARMSTRONG SECURITIES INC.	121,210	1.85%
16	DEGAY MATTHEW B.	97,670	1.49%
17	LUCKY SECURITIES INC.	89,120	1.36%
18	LUYS SECURITIES CO. INC	86,680	1.32%
19	EDUALINO EUSTACIO G.	84,240	1.29%
20	ROTEA ZENAIDA V.	77,230	1.18%

(3) Dividends

There were no dividends declared.

Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

In December 2002, the Company changed its primary purpose from a development bank to a holding company other than the continuing activities described in Part I A (1). There are no known trends, events or material commitments that are expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on the financial condition or on income from continuing operations. The Company also signed subscription agreements with its major stockholders for total proceeds of ₱179.00 million, of which ₱70.00 million was received in April 2013 and the balance of ₱109.00 million was collected in May and June 2014. This further brought down the capital deficit and was the major source of funding for the expenses related to the transfer of the remaining assets to PDIC and BSP. Aside from the transfer of assets to PDIC and BSP, the Company continues to pursue the clean-up of its books and the settlement of its remaining obligations to facilitate possible additional capital infusion from third party investors.

The Company's current activities comprise mainly of transferring assets related to its development bank operation to BDO & PDIC. The Stockholders have continued to provide the necessary financial support to sustain company operations. The stockholders converted their preferred stock of ₱48.60 million into common stock in 2016 and converted their advances of ₱600.50 million to additional capital in 2014 and infused capital aggregate ₱119.00 million in 2014 and 2013 to reduce capital deficiency.

On December 1, 2017, the Company submitted an application for Equity Restructuring to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to reduce capital deficiency. On March 23, 2018, the SEC approved the Company's Equity Restructuring to reduce its deficit as of

December 31, 2016 from ₱2,915,362,792.00 to ₱800,440,923.00 by applying its Additional Paid-In Capital amounting to ₱2,114,921,869.00.

The Corporation entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with the majority stockholders of Golden Peregrine (GP) ("GP Shareholders") to acquire 100% of GP, which directly owns Philippine CollectiveMedia Corporation ("PCMC"), a mass media entity. With PCMC's national franchise, the Corporation may use this as leverage to provide other content providers an avenue to broadcast their contents regionally and nationwide for profit. Under the MOA, as amended, the Corporation shall issue 980,000,000 common shares in favor of GP Shareholders for and in consideration of their assignment of their 100% ownership of GP, subject to completion of certain conditions. Upon completion of this transaction, GP shall become a subsidiary of the Corporation.

On 23 May 2023, the Company entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with ABS-CBN to create a joint venture company which will develop, produce and finance content programs and shows for distribution to local and international broadcast networks, channels and platforms. On 05 July 2023, the parties incorporated such joint venture company under the name, Media Serbisyo Production Corp. (MSPC) with ownership ratio of 51:49 between Prime Media and ABS-CBN. At present, MSPC airs its shows in DWPM 630 (AM radio) of Philippine CollectiveMedia Holdings Inc. and in cable channels under the brand Teleradyo Serbisyo.

In 2023, the Company issued 150,000,000 common shares at ₱2.70 per share equivalent to ₱405.00 million paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱253.50 million, net of stock issuance cost of ₱1.50 million. On 19 September 2024, the Company filed an application for Equity Restructuring to partially eliminate the capital deficiency amounting to ₱897.87 Million as of December 31, 2023 by applying the Additional Paid-In Capital amounting to ₱253.50 million. On 14 March 2025, the SEC approved the Company's application for Equity Restructuring.

In August 2023, the Company granted an unsecured loan to PCMC for the payments of its liabilities, acquisition of equipment, operations, and expansion of its business. The loan has no interest in the first year and 7.5% interest on succeeding years. The loan is to be paid within five years and can be paid in whole or in part at any time without penalty. The term of this loan has been shortened to thirty (30) months to be paid on or before February 28, 2026. On October 21, 2024, the Company approved new private placement transactions with Cymac Holdings Corp. and Valiant Consolidated Resources, Inc. as summarized below:

Private Placement		Total No. of Common Shares	Date of Issuance of Shares/ Comments
Valiant Consolidated Resources, Inc.	1 st Subscription	75,000,0000	Issued on November 11, 2024
	2 nd Subscription	86,355,932	The remaining balance shall be paid in full after fulfillment of the following conditions: (a) Completion of the Golden Peregrine Transaction, and (b) An increase in capital stock is approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).
Cymac Holdings Corporation	1 st Subscription	15,000,000	Issued on August 22, 2025
	2 nd Subscription	3,644,068	The remaining balance shall be paid in full after fulfillment of the following conditions: (a) Completion of the Golden Peregrine Transaction, and (b) An increase in capital stock is approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).
TOTAL		<u>180,000,000</u>	

On the same date, the Corporation approved the request of PCMC to borrow a total amount of ₱531,000,000.00 with an initial loan of ₱461,000,000.00 payable over a period of five (5) years with 0% interest on the first year and 7% interest per annum in the succeeding years until fully paid. The remaining ₱70,000,000.00 shall be drawn at a later time by PCMC for its business expansion. The interest of this loan has increased from 7% to 7.5% per annum considering the prevailing interest rates. The term has been shortened to 31 December 2025.

On November 11, 2024, the Corporation issued 75,000,000 new common shares to Valiant Consolidated Resources, Inc. at ₱2.95 per share for a total subscription price of ₱221,250,000.00.

On January 08, 2025, the SEC approved the application for decrease in capital stock from ₱5,000,000,000.00 to ₱4,040,000,000.00 to reflect the reduction of the par value of the Series A Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares from ₱1.00 to ₱0.04 without change in the number of shares of One Billion (1,000,000,000) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred shares.

On July 03, 2025, the SEC further approved the amendment of the Seventh Article of the Amended Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation as follows:

“SEVENTH - That the capital stock of said Corporation is Four Billion Forty Million Pesos (Php 4,040,000,000.00) divided into Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety-Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six (Php 3,999,659,336)

Common Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share, One Billion (1,000,000,000) Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share and Three Hundred Forty Thousand Six Hundred Sixty Four (340,664) Series "C" Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of One Peso (PhP 1.00) per share. (As amended by the Board of Directors on August 22, 2024 and April 04, 2025, and by the Stockholders representing at least 2/3 of the outstanding capital stock on August 30, 2024).

The amendment covers the implementation of the following transactions:

- (a) Partial Conversion of outstanding Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred shares into Common Shares at the conversion rate of 25 Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares with a par value of ₱0.04 per share to One (1) Common Share with a par value of ₱1.00 per share, applicable to Series A Shareholders whose shares when converted will not result to any fractional shares.
- (b) Reclassification and Declassification of Series "B" Preferred Shares into Common Shares; and
- (c) Creation of Series "C" Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of ₱1.00 per share and Reclassification of all Foreign-Owned Common Shares with a par value of ₱1.00 per share into Series "C" Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of ₱1.00 per share.

The primary purpose of the amendment is to eliminate the foreign-held shares in compliance with the Corporation's Amended Articles of Incorporation restricting foreign ownership.

On August 22, 2025, the Corporation issued 15,000,000 new common shares to Cymac Holdings Corporation at ₱2.95 per share for a total subscription price of ₱44,250,000.00 and the said shares were subsequently listed with the PSE on March 11, 2026.

On October 17, 2025, the Corporation issued 207,414 Series "C" Non-voting and Redeemable preferred shares to replace common shares held by foreign shareholders. The Series "C" shares were immediately redeemed upon issuance at ₱2.00 per share. After the redemption, the Corporation filed an application for decrease in capital stock to eliminate and/or retire those redeemed shares and was approved by the SEC on March 25, 2026.

In view of the approval of the decrease in capital stock, the Seventh Article of the Articles of Incorporation was amended as follows:

"SEVENTH - That the capital stock of said Corporation is Four Billion Thirty Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six Pesos (PhP 4,039,659,336) divided into Three Billion Nine Hundred Ninety Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Nine Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Six (3,999,659,336) common shares with a par value of One Peso (PHP 1.00) per share and One Billion (1,000,000,000) Series A Non-Voting and Convertible

Preferred Shares with a par value of Four Centavos (PhP 0.04) per share. (As amended by the Board of Directors on July 28, 2025 and by the Stockholders representing at least 2/3 of the outstanding capital stock on July 31, 2025.)

Explanations for the material changes in the Company's accounts between 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

Statement of Financial Position

	(in million Pesos)		Increase (Decrease)	
	2025 (Audited)	2024 (Audited)	Amount	%
Assets	₱950.21	₱875.23	₱74.98	8.57%
Liabilities	464.58	430.39	34.19	7.94%
Equity	485.63	444.83	40.80	9.17%

The total **Assets** of the Company increased by ₱74.98 million or 8.57% compared with the same period last year. The movement in total Assets is attributable to the following:

- **Cash** decreased by ₱22.18 million or 88.21%, mainly due to the additional unsecured loans granted to PCMC for acquiring key assets necessary to expand business operations nationwide.
- **Receivables** increased by ₱430.59 million or 90.53%, mainly due to the reclassification of noncurrent loans receivable to current.
- **Other current assets** decreased by ₱5.06 million or 83.81%, mainly due to the use of creditable withholding taxes against income tax due of the Company.
- **Loans receivables – net of current portion** decreased by ₱328.25 million or 89.20%, due to the reclassification to current.
- **Property and equipment** decreased by ₱0.13 million or 33.00%, due to the depreciation recognized during the year.

The Company's total **Liabilities** increased by ₱34.18 million or 7.94% compared with the same period last year. The movement in total Liabilities is attributable to the following:

- **Accrued expenses and other current liabilities** increased by ₱1.46 million or 0.75%, mainly due to the output VAT payable recognized during the 4th quarter of the year.
- **Due to related parties** decreased by ₱3.49 million or 19.56%, due to the advances from MSPC offset against investment in and advances to a joint venture.
- **Income tax payable** increased by ₱2.71 million, due to the income tax due recognized during the year.
- **Deposit for future stock subscription** increased by ₱20.50 million or 9.55%, due to the cash received from Valiant for additional shares subscription as the conditions have been met.

- **Loans payable** increased by ₱13.00 million, due to the loan granted to Valiant during the year.

The Company's **Equity** increased by ₱40.80 million, or 9.17%, mainly due to an equity restructuring that partially wiped out the deficit during the year.

Results of Operations

	(in million Pesos)		Increase (Decrease)	
	2025 (Audited)	2024 (Audited)	Amount	%
Income	₱50.85	₱9.98	₱40.87	409.63%
Share in net loss of a joint venture	(15.05)	(25.95)	(10.90)	(41.98%)
Expenses	8.02	9.45	(1.43)	(15.12%)

The Company's operating results reflected a net income of ₱22.12 million and a net loss of ₱25.63 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively. Compared with the same period last year, there is an increase of ₱47.74 million or 186.30%. The significant changes were mainly due to the following:

- **Income** increased by ₱40.87 million or 409.63%, mainly due to interest income earned in loans receivable.
- **Share in net loss of a joint venture** decreased by ₱10.90 million or 41.98%, due to the improved operating performance of MSPC.
- **Outside services** decreased by ₱1.02 million or 52.27%, mainly due to the payment of listing and filing fees for private placement last year.
- **Taxes and licenses** decreased by ₱0.88 million or 73.19%, mainly due to the payment of capital gains and documentary stamp tax on the sale of investment in a club share last year.
- **Professional fees** decreased by ₱0.15 million or 3.37%, mainly due to the engagement fee to issue a fairness opinion and valuation report on the common shares of Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (GPHI), in relation to the contemplated share-for-share swap between the Company and GPHI for the Company's acquisition of GPHI via share-for-share swap last year.

Cash Flows

	(in million Pesos)		Increase (Decrease)	
	2025 (Audited)	2024 (Audited)	Amount	%
Net cash used in operating activities	(₱10.76)	(₱13.26)	(₱6.68)	(50.34%)
Net cash used in investing activities	(63.59)	(469.00)	(401.23)	(85.55%)
Net cash provided by financing activities	52.18	459.62	(407.44)	(88.65%)

Net cash used in operating activities decreased by ₱6.68 million or 50.34%, mainly due to the payment of DST related to loan and subscription agreements last year.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased by ₱401.23 million or 85.55%, mainly due to the additional unsecured loan granted to PCMC last year.

Net cash provided by financing activities decreased by ₱407.44 million or 88.65%, mainly due to the proceeds from subscriptions of common shares at a premium and deposit for future stock subscription from individual shareholders last year.

Explanations for the material changes in the Company's accounts between 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Statement of Financial Position

	Audited (in million Pesos)		Increase (Decrease)	
	2024	2023	Amount	%
Assets	₱875.23	₱436.04	₱439.18	100.72%
Liabilities	430.39	210.96	219.43	104.02%
Stockholders' Equity	444.83	225.09	219.74	97.63%

The total **Assets** of the Company increased by ₱439.18 million or 100.72% compared with the same period last year. The movement in total Assets is attributable to the following:

- **Cash** decreased by ₱22.64 million or 47.39% from ₱47.78 million in 2023 to ₱25.14 million in 2023, mainly due to an additional unsecured loan granted to PCMC amounting to ₱461.00 million for acquiring key assets necessary to expand business operations nationwide.
- **Receivables** increased by ₱475.15 million, mainly due to an additional unsecured loan granted to PCMC amounting to ₱461.00 million for acquiring key assets necessary to expand business operations nationwide.
- **Investment in a club share** decreased by ₱5.00 million due to the Company's disposition at its fair value of ₱5.50 million during the year.
- **Investment in a joint venture** decreased by ₱3.26 million due to the net loss incurred by MSPC.

The Company's total **Liabilities** of ₱210.96 million increased by ₱16.33 million or 8.36% compared with the same period last year. The movement in total Liabilities is attributable to the following:

- **Accrued expenses and other current liabilities** decreased by ₱2.76 million or 1.40% from ₱197.08 million in 2023 to ₱194.32 million in 2024, mainly due to general cost incurred which may include transfer, processing and legal fees among others as well as taxes in relation to the transfer of assets arising from the MOA.
- **Due to related parties** increased by ₱7.44 million or 34.91% from ₱13.88 million in 2023 to ₱21.32 million in 2024, due to the recognition of liability for the Company's additional share in the net loss of the joint venture.

The **Equity** of the Company increased by ₱219.75 million or 97.63% from ₱225.09 million in 2023 to ₱444.83 million in 2024 mainly due to issuance of 75,000,000 common shares at ₱2.95 per share equivalent to ₱221.60, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱146.30 million.

Results of Operations

	Audited (in million Pesos)		Increase (Decrease)	
	2024	2023	Amount	%
Income	₱9.98	₱0.03	₱9.95	32,891.96%
Share in net loss of a joint venture	(25.95)	(17.14)	8.81	51.37%
Expenses	9.45	13.20	(3.75)	(28.41%)

The Company's operating results reflected a net loss of ₱25.63 million and ₱30.31 million in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Compared with the same period last year, there is a decrease of ₱4.68 million or 15.45%. The significant changes were mainly due to the following:

- **Income** for the current period increased by ₱9.95 million, mainly due to interest income earned in loans receivable.
- **Share in net loss of a joint venture** increased by ₱8.81 million or 51.37% compared with same period last year, due to the decline in operating performance of MSPC.
- **Outside services** decreased by ₱2.02 million or 50.79% compared with same period last year, mainly due to the payment of outsourced services related to the joint venture entered by the Company last year.
- **Taxes and licenses** decreased by ₱1.71 million or 58.80% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the payment of documentary stamp tax on the loan agreement with PCMC last year.
- **Professional fees** increased by ₱0.84 million or 24.06% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the downpayment made to Unicapital, Inc. to issue a fairness opinion and valuation report on the common shares of Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (GPHI), in relation to the contemplated share-for-share swap between the Company and GPHI for the Company's acquisition of GPHI via share-for-share swap.

Cash Flows

	Audited (in million Pesos)		Increase (Decrease)	
	2024	2023	Amount	%
Cash provided by operating activities	(₱13.26)	₱2.38	(₱15.64)	(657.81%)
Cash provided by (used) in investing activities	(469.00)	(391.30)	77.70	19.86%
Cash used in financing activities	459.62	(402.86)	56.76	14.09%

Net cash used in operating activities amounted to ₱13.26 million in 2024, mainly due to the expenses incurred this year.

Net cash used in investing activities increased by ₱77.70 million or 19.86% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the additional unsecured loan granted to PCMC.

Net cash provided by financing activities increased by ₱56.76 million or 14.09% compared with the same period last year, due to proceeds from subscriptions of common shares at a premium and deposit for future stock subscription from individual shareholders.

Performance Indicators

Key Performance Indicators (KPI's)

Comparative figures of the key performance indicators (KPI) for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	2025 (Audited)	2024 (Audited)
Net income (loss)	₱22,115,161	(₱25,125,877)
Current assets	910,195,152	506,836,106
Total assets	950,206,668	875,226,406
Current liabilities	216,326,113	215,642,284
Total liabilities	464,576,112	430,392,283
Total equity	485,630,556	444,834,123
No. of common shares outstanding	940,403,854	925,298,616

	2025	2024
Current ratio ¹	4.21	2.35
Book value per share ²	0.52	0.51
Debt ratio ³	0.49	0.49
Income (Loss) per share ⁴	0.02	(0.03)
Return on assets ⁵	0.02	(0.04)

Note:

1. Current Assets / Current Liabilities
2. Total Equity – Preferred Stock / Total Outstanding Number of Shares
3. Total Liabilities / Total Equity
4. Net Income (Loss) – Preferred Dividend Rights / No. of Common Shares Outstanding
5. Net Loss / Average Total Assets

Item 7. Financial Statements

The 2025 Audited Financial Statements and schedules are filed as part of Form 17-A.

Item 8. Information on Independent Accountant and other Related Matters

External Audit Fees and Services

	Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Audit Fees	₱575,000	₱500,000
Audit-Related Fees	19,530	50,000
	₱594,530	₱550,000

Audit Fees. Represent professional fees of the external auditor for the audit services rendered on Company's Annual Financial Statements for the year 2025 and 2024.

Audit services provided to the Company by external auditor have been pre-approved by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has reviewed the magnitude and nature of these services to ensure that they are compatible with maintaining the independence of the external auditor.

Changes in and disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and financial Disclosure

There was no event in the past years where the external auditor and the Company had any disagreements with regard to any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure.

PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Issuer

Directors

The following are the names, ages, citizenship and periods of service of the past and the incumbent regular and independent directors of the Company:

Name	Age	Citizenship	Period during which individual has served as such
Manolito A. Manalo	57	Filipino	May 28, 2013 to January 27, 2026
Dennis P. Manalo	57	Filipino	February 18, 2026 to Present
Bernadeth A. Lim	45	Filipino	May 28, 2013 to present
Michelle F. Ayangco	54	Filipino	October 13, 2021 to present
Hermogene H. Real	70	Filipino	October 13, 2021 to present
Rolando S. Santos	75	Filipino	August 22, 2017 to present
Johnny Y. Aruego Jr. (independent director)	56	Filipino	May 28, 2013 to present
Francisco L. Layug III (independent director)	71	Filipino	December 21, 2017 to present

Officers

The following are the names, ages, positions, citizenship and periods of service of the past and incumbent officers and advisors of the Company:

Name	Age	Position	Citizenship	Period during which individual has served as such
Manolito A. Manalo	57	President & CEO	Filipino	May 28, 2013 to January 27, 2026

Dennis P. Manalo	57	New President & CEO	Filipino	February 18, 2026 to Present
Bernadeth A. Lim	45	Vice President	Filipino	May 28, 2013 to present
Rolando S. Santos	75	Treasurer	Filipino	January 21, 2016 to present
Diane Madelyn C. Ching	43	Corporate Secretary/ Corporate Information Officer	Filipino	January 18, 2023 to present
Dale A. Tongco	61	Risk Management Officer	Filipino	October 13, 2021 to April 14, 2026
Emerson P. Paulino	45	Risk Management Officer, Compliance Officer, and Data Privacy Officer	Filipino	April 14, 2026 to present

Business Experience and Other Directorships

Directors

The business experience of each of the past and incumbent directors of the Company for the last five (5) years is as follows:

Directors

Dennis P. Manalo was elected as the new President and Director of the Company on February 18, 2026. He earned his Juris Doctor degree, with honors, from the Ateneo de Manila Law School. He placed 15th nationwide in the 1996 Philippine Bar Examinations. He commenced his legal career with SyCip Salazar Hernandez & Gatmaitan, the country's premier law firm, before joining Siguion Reyna Montecillo & Ongsiako Law Offices. He has served as corporate secretary and director for various private Philippine corporations. In January 2014, he established the Dennis P. Manalo Law Office, which he continues to lead as Founder and Managing Lawyer.

Manolito A. Manalo was elected as President and Director in May 2013 up to January 2026. He is a co-founder and the Managing Partner of Ocampo and Manalo Law Firm. He is a Director and the President of Panalpina World Transport (Phils.), Inc. He also sits as Director in Kajima Philippines Inc. He began his law practice as an Associate in Leovillo C. Agustin Law Offices from 1995 to 1996 and Britanico Consunji and Sarmiento from 1996 to 1997. He later headed the Legal Division of Air Philippines from 1997 to 1999.

Bernadeth A. Lim was elected as Vice President and Director in May 2013. She is a Junior Partner of Ocampo and Manalo Law Firm. She is a Director and the Corporate Secretary of Kajima Philippines Incorporated, Ripple Mobile Technology Solutions Inc., Anawhan Realty Inc. and Bryaric Holdings Corp. She also sits as a Director in Veripay Mobile Systems Inc.

Michelle F. Ayangco was elected as Director in October 2021. She graduated from Rizal Technological University with a degree in BS Accountancy. She is the current President and Chairman of Sequioa Business Management Corporation and Nieva Realty and Development Corporation. She is also a Director and Corporate Secretary of Trans Middle East Philippine Equities Inc. She operates her own business as a proprietor of BZPEP Launderette Shop.

Hermogene H. Real was elected as Director in October 2021. She graduated from the University of the Philippines with a degree in Bachelor of Laws. She was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 1998. She is the President of Mairete Asset Holdings Inc. She currently serves as a Director of Bright Kindle Resources and Investments Inc., Brightstar Holdings and Development Inc., and Benguet Corp. Laboratories Inc. She holds the position of Corporate Secretary in Benguet Corporation, and Benguet corp. Nickel Mines Inc. She is likewise the Assistant Corporate Secretary of Doña Remedios Trinidad Romualdez Medical Foundation Inc. She is a practicing lawyer and an associate of D.S. Tantuico and Associates.

Johnny Y. Aruego, Jr. was elected as an Independent Director in May 2013. He is a Partner in Aruego Bite and Associates. He is a Director of Excel Unified Land Resources Corporation. He is the Corporate Secretary and Legal Counsel for Agility, Inc. and A. V. Ocampo-ATR Kimeng Insurance Broker, Inc. He is a Legal Consultant of Lorenzana Food Corporation, National Steel Corporation, and Margarita Land and Management Co., Inc. He is the assistant rehabilitation receiver for Pacific Activated Carbon, Inc., Pet Plans, Inc., Bacnotan Steel Industries, Inc. and All Asia Capital and Trust Corporation. He is an assistant liquidator of East Asia Capital Corporation, and Reynolds Philippines Corporation.

Francisco L. Layug III was elected as an Independent Director in December 2017. He is the President of Rotary Club of Pasay. He served as President of University of the Philippines Electronics and Electrical Engineering Alumni Association, Inc. (UPEEEAAI) from 2010-2011. He was also a Vice President of Alay-Lakad Foundation from 2009-2010.

Other Officers

The business experience of each of the incumbent officers of the Company for the last five (5) years is as follows:

Rolando S. Santos was elected as Treasurer in January 2016 and Director in August 22, 2017. He serves as Vice President and Treasurer of Bright Kindle Resources & Investments Inc. and as Treasurer of Marcventures Holdings Inc. and Marcventures Mining and Development Corp. He was previously the Branch Head/ Cluster Head for Makati Branches of Equitable PCI Bank which was eventually acquired by BDO from 2001 to 2013.

Diane Madelyn C. Ching was appointed Corporate Secretary/ Co-Compliance Officer/Co-Data Privacy Officer/ Co-Corporate Information Officer in January 2023. In April 2026, Atty. Ching resigned as Compliance Officer and Data Privacy Officer and transferred such role to Mr. Paulino as part of the Company's corporate alignment. Atty. Ching is a member of the Integrated Bar of the Philippines. She obtained her Bachelor of Laws degree from San Beda College-Mendiola in 2009. Atty. Ching has been actively engaged in the practice of law for more than 16 years. In the course of her practice, she has undertaken various legal and corporate roles, handling diverse transactions and legal matters as principal of her own firm. She previously served as Director and Corporate Secretary of Prime Media Holdings Inc. from 2014 to June 2019.

Dale A. Tongco was elected Risk Management Officer in October 2021 until April 2026. He was appointed as the Vice-President for Risk Management / Chief Risk Officer of Bright

Kindle Resources & Investments Inc. in October 2020. He concurrently serves as Vice President for Controllershship of Marcventures Holdings, Inc. He is a Certified Public Accountant with extensive experience in Public Accounting Firms as External Auditor and with Corporations as an Internal Auditor and Risk Management Officer specifically in the areas of Fraud Management; ISO 9001 and 14001 Audit and Management; Process and Control Review; Policies and Procedures Documentation; Corporate Governance; and Finance and Treasury. His professional experience over 13 years includes stints in KPMG, Deloitte, Phil-Am-AIA, CP de Guzman & Co.-CPAs and Benguet Corporation.

Emerson P. Paulino was appointed as the new Risk Management Officer, Compliance Officer, and Data Privacy Officer on April 14, 2026. Mr. Paulino is a Certified Public Accountant and a Certified Internal Auditor (IIA). He is currently the Compliance Officer and Data Privacy Officer of Marcventures Holdings Inc. ("MHI"). Prior to this role, he served as MHI's AVP for Internal Audit from 2020 until March 2026. Concurrently, he is the Audit and Risk Officer of SBS Philippines Corporation. Mr. Paulino has twenty (20) years of experience in risk management, compliance, and internal audit including IT audit, finance, and controls. He has led numerous initiatives in ERP implementation, such as SAP B1, Acumatica, and Oracle NetSuite, as well as IT assurance for operations and finance-related applications like QuickBooks and various inventory management systems. Throughout his career, he has been affiliated with major organizations including Philip Morris, Carrier International, Standard Chartered Bank, Marcventures Holdings Inc., and SBS Philippines Corporation.

Item 10. Executive Compensation

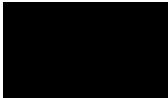
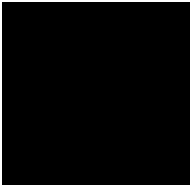
The aggregate compensation paid in 2023, 2024 and 2025 to the officers of the Company is set out below:

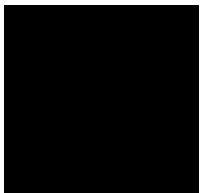
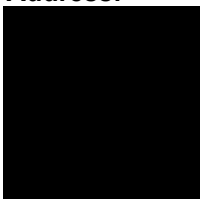
Names	Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Others
Manolito A. Manalo	Chairman & President				
Bernadeth A. Lim	Vice President				
Diane Madelyn C. Ching	Corporate Secretary				
Rolando S. Santos	Treasurer				
Aggregate for above named officers		2023			₱175,000
		2024			300,000
		2025			205,000
All Directors and Officers as a group unnamed		2023			₱160,000
		2024			260,000
		2025			155,000

Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

Security Ownership of Record and Beneficial Owners of at least 5% of the Company's Securities as of 31 December 2025:

Type of Class	Name and address of record owner and relationship with Issuer	Name of Beneficial Owner & Relationship with Record Owner	Citizenship	No. of Shares Held	Percentage of ownership

Common Shares	PCD Nominee Corporation Address:  Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	RYM is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Indirect owner</u> of lodged shares under PCD Nominee (Filipino)	Filipino	354,627,145	38.66%
Common Shares	RYM Business Management Corp. Address:  Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	RYM is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Direct owner of shares</u>	Filipino	8,927,940	
Common Shares	PCD Nominee Corporation Address:  Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	Mairete Asset Holdings, Inc. is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Indirect owner</u> of lodged shares under PCD Nominee (Filipino)	Filipino	77,178,901	

Common Shares	PCD Nominee Corporation Address:  Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	Armstrong Capital Holdings Corp. is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Indirect owner</u> of lodged shares under PCD Nominee (Filipino)	Filipino	100,114,000	10.65%
Common Shares	PCD Nominee Corporation Address:  Relationship with issuer: Registered owner in the books of the stock transfer agent	Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc. is the beneficial owner of the shares. Relationship with record owner: <u>Indirect owner</u> of lodged shares under PCD Nominee (Filipino)	Filipino	200,000,000	21.27%

On December 18, 2015, the Company disclosed that it received information from RYM Business Management Corp. that the latter acquired through foreclosure sale 93,685,410 and 218,099,360 common shares owned by NOHI and MTLCI, respectively, resulting to 87.38% ownership in the Company.

Other than the abovementioned transaction, the Company has no knowledge of any person who, as of December 31, 2025, was directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of, or who has voting power or investment power (pursuant to a voting trust or other similar agreement) with respect to, shares comprising more than five percent (5%) of the Company's outstanding common shares of stock.

Security Ownership of Management as of December 31, 2025

Type of Class	Name and Address of Owner	Amount and nature of Beneficial ownership	Citizenship	Percent of class
Common	Manolito Manalo	1	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Bernadeth A. Lim	1	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Rolando S. Santos	1,000	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Hermogene H. Real	2,000	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Michelle F. Ayangco	2,000	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Johnny Y. Aruego Jr.	1	Filipino	0.0%
Common	Francisco L. Layug III	1	Filipino	0.0%
TOTAL		5,004		

Changes in Control

The Company is not aware of any voting trust agreements or any other similar agreements which may result in a change in control of the Company. As reported to the SEC and PSE, on December 18, 2015, RYM Business Management Corp. acquired through foreclosure sale 93,685,410 and 218,099,360 common shares owned by NOHI and MTLCI, respectively, resulting to 87.38% ownership in the Company.

Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions**Part IV-Corporate Governance****Item 13. Corporate Governance**

This portion has been deleted pursuant to SEC Memorandum Circular No. 05 Series of 2013.

Part V – Exhibits and Schedules**Item 14. Exhibits and Reports on SEC Form 17-C****(a) Exhibits**

See accompanying Index to Exhibits.

The following exhibits are filed as a separate section of this report.

(b) Reports on SEC Form 17-C

Items reported under SEC Form 17-C during the last 12-month period are summarized as follows:

Date of Disclosure	Subject
January 02, 2025	Amended Results of the Board Meeting held on October 21, 2024, to update the schedule of payment of Cymac Holdings Corp.;
January 16, 2025	SEC Approval of the Amendment of Articles of Incorporation;
March 20, 2025	SEC grants Prime Media Holdings, Inc.'s Equity Restructuring;
April 15, 2025	Approval of the 2024 Annual Financial Statements of the Corporation;

April 15, 2025	Results of the Regular Board Meeting held on April 04, 2025;
April 15, 2025	Amended disclosure to attach the SEC approved Articles of Incorporation;
June 03, 2025	Results of the Special Board Meeting held on June 03, 2025;
June 13, 2025	Amended Results of the Board Meeting held on June 03, 2025, to correct a clerical error found in the WHEREAS clause of the attached Secretary's Certificate particularly on the date of the Board meeting approving the postponement of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting from April 14, 2025 to April 04, 2025;
July 08, 2025	SEC Approval of the Amendment of Articles of Incorporation;
July 29, 2025	Results of the Regular Board of Directors' Meeting held on 28 July 2025;
July 31, 2025	Amended Results of the Regular Board of Directors' Meeting held on 28 July 2025;
September 02, 2025	Implementation of the SEC approved Amendments of Articles of Incorporation to (1) partially convert Series A non-voting and convertible preferred shares into common shares and (2) create, issue and redeem Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares.
October 16, 2025	Update on the Issuance of Series C Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares
October 20, 2025	Redemption of Series C Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares
December 16, 2025	Results of the Regular Board of Directors' Meeting dated 15 December 2025

-Nothing Follows-

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 17 of the Code and Section 141 of the Corporation Code, this report is signed on behalf of the issuer by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of MAKATI CITY on JUN 16 2026 2026.

By:

[REDACTED]

DENNIS RHOUL P. MANALO
President/Chairman

[REDACTED]

ROLANDO S. SANTOS
Treasurer

[REDACTED]

DIANE MADELYN C. CHING
Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this JUN 16 2026 day of 2026 2026 affiant(s) exhibiting to me their IDs, as follows:

NAMES	IDs Presented	Expiry date
Dennis Rhoul P. Manalo	[REDACTED]	
Rolando S. Santos	[REDACTED]	
Diane Madelyn C. Ching	[REDACTED]	

Notary Public

ATTEST: CARLO O. GENERAL

Notary Public for Makati City
Appt. No. M-223 Until 31 Dec. 2026
Roll of Attorneys No. 59087
IBP Membership No. 480027; 12/01/2024
PTR No. MKT-10769717AG; 01/12/2026
MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0042253;
3F ALPAP I Building, #140 Leviste Street
Salcedo Village, Makati City

Doc. No. 115
Page No. 24
Book No. II
Series of 2026.

for
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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A	A	F	S

C	R	M	D

N	/	A

COMPANY INFORMATION

service@primemediaholdingsinc.com

(02) 8 831-4479

0918-911-2188

1,814

July 31

December 31

CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION

The designated contact person ***MUST*** be an Officer of the Corporation

Mr. Rolando S. Santos

service@primemediaholdingsinc.com

8 826-8609/8 856-7976

0918-911-2188

OFFICE ADDRESS

16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

2: All boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero
8741 Paseo de Roxas,
Makati City

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company) which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 and notes to financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities, together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to the audit of the financial statements of public interest entities in the Philippines. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



Accounting for and Disclosure of Significant Related Party Transactions and Balances

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the Company has transactions with its related parties including loans and interest receivables aggregating ₱946.0 million and liabilities aggregating ₱266.3 million as at December 31, 2025. These represent 99% of the total assets and 57% of the total liabilities. This matter is of significance to our audit because the carrying amounts of the related party balances and amount of transactions are material.

We validated the identified related parties based on the underlying information provided by the Company. We checked the propriety of the accounting treatment of related party transactions and balances by reviewing the related agreements and other documents which contain the terms and conditions, including any amendments subsequent thereto. For loans receivable and payable, we reviewed the Company's fair value measurement and calculation of the present value of future cash flows using the prevailing market rates. We have also obtained confirmation of the outstanding balances from the related parties to ensure that the balances were reconciled and that the transactions were completely recorded.

We reviewed the related disclosures in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Accounting for Joint Venture

Accounting for joint venture is significant to our audit because it requires management judgment, particularly, in determining the type of joint arrangement and the appropriate accounting treatment. The investment in joint venture is accounted for using the equity method in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standards 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, which requires the Company to recognize share in net loss of the joint venture until the interest in joint venture is reduced to zero, unless the investor has guaranteed the obligations of the investee or is otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the investee. Management exercised judgment in assessing if the Company is committed to provide further financial support for the joint venture based on the related facts and circumstances. The Company's share in the net loss of MSPC amounted to ₱15.1 million representing its 51% share. In 2025, the Company provided additional funding through advances and loans aggregating ₱18.5 million. The loan granted to the joint venture of ₱8.0 million in October 2025 is unsecured and bears interest of 6% per annum until fully paid. The Company determined that the advances made and loans granted to MSPC in 2025 forms part of its long-term interest as at December 31, 2025. Consequently, the liability for the additional share in net loss amounting to ₱3.5 million was absorbed by the Company's additional advances and loans reducing the liability to ₱4.0 million as at December 31, 2025.

We reviewed Management's assessment on the recognition of share in net loss of the joint venture in excess of its investment by reviewing the terms of joint venture agreement which states the Company's commitment to provide additional financing to the joint venture.

We also reviewed the related disclosures in Note 8 to the financial statements.



Estimating Liabilities

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the Company has estimated liabilities amounting to ₱178.3 million as at December 31, 2025, which is related to its previous development banking operations. This matter is significant to our audit because the carrying amount is material and it involves the use of estimates. We have reviewed the reasonableness of management's estimates by performing independent calculations of the estimated costs to be incurred in the future based on the related terms of a Memorandum of Agreement. Further, we reviewed the related disclosures presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A (Annual Report) and Annual Report distributed to stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2025, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS, SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report distributed to stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2025 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, these could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Pamela Ann P. Escudro.

REYES TACANDONG & Co.

PAMELA ANN P. ESCUADRO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 128829

Tax Identification No. 216-321-918-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-013; Valid until June 6, 2029

SEC Accreditation No. 128829-SEC Group A

Issued March 23, 2021

Valid for Financial Periods 2020 to 2025

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-013-2025

Valid until October 20, 2028

PTR No. 10764016

Issued January 2, 2026, Makati City

June 16, 2026

Makati City, Metro Manila

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		December 31	
	Note	2025	2024
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	4	₱2,963,162	₱25,138,280
Receivables	5	906,254,603	475,660,749
Other current assets	6	977,387	6,037,077
Total Current Assets		910,195,152	506,836,106
Noncurrent Assets			
Loans receivable – net of current portion	5	39,750,000	368,000,000
Investment in and advances to a joint venture	8	–	–
Property and equipment	9	261,516	390,300
Total Noncurrent Assets		40,011,516	368,390,300
		₱950,206,668	₱875,226,406
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	10	₱195,778,880	₱194,318,645
Due to related parties	14	17,834,939	21,323,639
Income tax payable		2,712,294	–
Total Current Liabilities		216,326,113	215,642,284
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Long-term loan	14	13,000,000	–
Deposits for future stock subscriptions	14	235,249,999	214,749,999
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		248,249,999	214,749,999
Total Liabilities		464,576,112	430,392,283
Equity			
Capital stock	12	940,873,266	954,664,876
Additional paid-in capital	12	187,761,460	408,373,750
Deficit	12	(642,589,342)	(918,204,503)
Treasury stock	12	(414,828)	–
Total Equity		485,630,556	444,834,123
		₱950,206,668	₱875,226,406

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2025	2024	2023
INTEREST INCOME	4	₱50,851,534	₱9,978,087	₱30,244
SHARE IN NET LOSS OF A JOINT VENTURE	8	(15,054,689)	(25,948,293)	(17,142,846)
INTEREST EXPENSE	14	(175,233)	—	—
OPERATING EXPENSES	11	7,843,636	9,446,970	13,195,869
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX		27,777,976	(25,417,176)	(30,308,471)
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX	13			
Current		5,871,946	208,701	—
Deferred		(209,131)	—	—
		5,662,815	208,701	—
NET INCOME (LOSS)		22,115,161	(25,625,877)	(30,308,471)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
<i>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>				
Unrealized gain on fair value changes of investment in club share	7	—	500,000	1,700,000
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		₱22,115,161	(₱25,125,877)	(₱28,608,471)
Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share	16	₱0.024	(₱0.032)	(₱0.038)
Diluted Earnings Per Share	16	₱0.022	₱—	₱—

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2025	2024	2023
CAPITAL STOCK	12			
Preferred stock				
Balance at beginning of year		₱14,366,260	₱14,366,260	₱14,366,260
Effect of decrease in par value		(13,791,610)	—	—
Partial conversion of preferred stock to common stock		(312,652)	—	—
Conversion of common stock to preferred stock		207,414	—	—
Balance at end of year		469,412	14,366,260	14,366,260
Common stock				
Issued and outstanding				
Balance at beginning of year		925,298,616	850,298,616	700,298,616
Issuances		15,000,000	75,000,000	150,000,000
Partial conversion of preferred stock to common stock		312,652	—	—
Conversion of common stock to preferred stock		(207,414)	—	—
Balance at end of year		940,403,854	925,298,616	850,298,616
Subscribed				
Balance at beginning of year		15,000,000	—	—
Subscriptions		—	90,000,000	150,000,000
Issuances		(15,000,000)	(75,000,000)	(150,000,000)
Balance at end of year		—	15,000,000	—
Issued and subscribed common stock		940,403,854	940,298,616	850,298,616
		940,873,266	954,664,876	864,664,876
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	12			
Balance at beginning of year		408,373,750	253,500,000	—
Effect of equity restructuring	12	(253,500,000)	—	—
Premiums from:				
Issuances of common stock		19,250,000	146,250,000	255,000,000
Subscriptions of common stock		—	10,000,000	—
Effect of decrease in par value of preferred stock		13,791,610	—	—
Stock issuance costs		(153,900)	(1,376,250)	(1,500,000)
Balance at end of year		187,761,460	408,373,750	253,500,000

(Forward)

Years Ended December 31				
	Note	2025	2024	2023
DEFICIT				
Balance at beginning of year		(P918,204,503)	(P897,878,626)	(P867,570,155)
Effect of equity restructuring	12	253,500,000	—	—
Net income (loss)		22,115,161	(25,625,877)	(30,308,471)
Realized fair value gain upon disposal of investment in club share	7	—	5,300,000	—
Balance at end of year		(642,589,342)	(918,204,503)	(897,878,626)
TREASURY STOCK	12	(414,828)	—	—
CUMULATIVE FAIR VALUE CHANGES ON INVESTMENT IN A CLUB SHARE				
	7			
Balance at beginning of year		—	4,800,000	3,100,000
Unrealized gain		—	500,000	1,700,000
Realized gain upon disposal of investment in club share		—	(5,300,000)	—
Balance at end of year		—	—	4,800,000
		P485,630,556	P444,834,123	P225,086,250

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31				
	Note	2025	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income (loss) before income tax		₱27,777,976	(₱25,417,176)	(₱30,308,471)
Adjustments for:				
Interest income	4	(50,851,534)	(9,978,087)	(30,244)
Share in net loss of a joint venture	8	15,054,689	25,948,293	17,142,846
Interest expense	14	175,233	—	—
Depreciation	9	128,784	128,220	134,463
Operating loss before working capital changes		(7,714,852)	(9,318,750)	(13,061,406)
Decrease (increase) in:				
Receivables		4,702	(969,191)	(34,719)
Other current assets		5,059,690	(41,085)	(886,164)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities		(5,173,985)	(2,760,046)	16,329,344
Net cash generated from (used for) operations		(7,824,445)	(13,089,072)	2,347,055
Income tax paid		(2,950,521)	(208,701)	—
Interest received from cash in banks	4	10,090	36,948	30,244
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(10,764,876)	(13,260,825)	2,377,299
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Loans granted, including transaction cost	14	(53,048,125)	(464,457,500)	(373,000,000)
Advances to joint venture	8	(10,543,389)	(15,247,500)	—
Additions to:				
Property and equipment	9	—	(16,920)	—
Investment in a joint venture	8	—	—	(20,400,000)
Collections of:				
Loans receivable	14	—	5,000,000	—
Due from related parties	14	—	217,235	2,100,320
Proceeds from sale of investment in club share	7	—	5,500,000	—
Net cash used in investing activities		(63,591,514)	(469,004,685)	(391,299,680)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from:				
Deposits for future stock subscriptions	14	20,500,000	214,749,999	—
Subscriptions at a premium, net of stock issuance costs	12	19,096,100	244,873,750	403,500,000
Loan payable	14	13,000,000	—	—
Redemption of preferred stock as treasury stock	12	(414,828)	—	—
Settlements of due to related parties		—	—	(636,744)
Net cash provided by financing activities		52,181,272	459,623,749	402,863,256
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(22,175,118)	(22,641,761)	13,940,875
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		25,138,280	47,780,041	33,839,166
CASH AT END OF YEAR	4	₱2,963,162	₱25,138,280	₱47,780,041

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 AND
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025, 2024 AND 2023

1. Corporate Information

Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 6, 1963 as Private Development Corporation of the Philippines. In the same year, the Company changed its corporate name to PDCP Development Bank, Inc. On June 6, 2000, the Company adopted the name First e-Bank Corporation and subsequently assumed its current corporate name on October 20, 2003.

In October 2003, the SEC approved the amendment of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, changing its primary purpose from operating a development bank to being a holding company which can purchase, subscribe, acquire, among others, real and personal property of every kind and description. On March 4, 2013, the SEC approved the extension of the Company's corporate life for another 50 years. However, in accordance with the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, effective February 23, 2019, the Company was automatically accorded perpetual existence.

On July 9, 1964, the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE) approved the public listing of the Company's shares of stock. As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, there are 888,713,458 and 813,713,458 common shares, respectively, that are publicly listed.

In 2002, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities arising from its development banking operations to Banco de Oro Unibank, Inc. (BDO) and Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC) under a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA). As at the date of the report, the Company is still in the process of transferring titles of real estate properties that are still in its possession (see Notes 10 and 15).

In 2023, the Company is a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp. (RYM or the Parent Company), a holding company registered and domiciled in the Philippines. In 2024, the Company accepted private placements which resulted to change in ownership interest of RYM from 53.34% in 2023 to 49.03% in 2024 and 38.66% in 2025.

The Company's registered office and principal place of business is at 16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

MOA with Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (GPHI) Shareholders

In 2021, the Company entered into a MOA with the majority stockholders of a mass media entity, Philippine Collective Media Corporation ("PCMC Shareholders"), subscribing to 70% of the Company's outstanding capital stock in exchange for PCMC shares to obtain the business, assets and ownership of PCMC. With PCMC's national franchise, the Company may use this as a leverage to provide other content providers an avenue to broadcast their contents, regionally and nationwide, for profit.

On August 15, 2022 and September 23, 2022, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved to amend the PCMC MOA to take into account the subsequent acquisition of PCMC by GPHI which is also owned 100% by the PCMC Shareholders. The BOD and stockholders also approved the subscription by certain GPHI shareholders to 1,679,966,400 common shares to be issued from the proposed increase in authorized capital stock of the Company in view of the amendment of the PCMC MOA.

On January 18, 2023, the BOD approved the Amendment of the MOA with GPHI to:

- (a) Change the Exchange Ratio to 4,700 PRIM shares for 1 Golden Peregrine share pursuant to the updated appraisal report;
- (b) Subscription by GPHI Stockholders to 1,645,000,000 PRIM Common Shares to be issued from the proposed increase in authorized capital stock in consideration of the assignment of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of GPHI pursuant to the updated appraisal report; and
- (c) Other provisions which require updating and affected by the amendments aforementioned.

On August 30, 2024, the BOD approved further amendment of the MOA whereby a total of 980,000,000 PMHI common shares will be issued in exchange for and in consideration of the 100% issued and outstanding capital stock of GPHI held by the current stockholders pursuant to an updated valuation report as at December 31, 2023.

On July 31, 2025, the stockholders approved the authority to the BOD to execute the Deed of Exchange with GPHI shareholders and reconfirmed the issuance of 980,000,000 common shares for and in consideration of 100% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of GPHI.

The execution of the Deed of Exchange is subject to fulfillment of the conditions in the amended MOA which includes among others, the elimination of foreign shareholders and increase in authorized capital stock.

As at June 16, 2026, the increase in authorized capital stock of the Company is yet to be applied with the SEC.

Approval of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Company as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 and for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 were approved and authorized for issuance by the BOD on June 16, 2026 as endorsed by the Audit Committee on June 16, 2026.

2. Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC).

The material accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

Measurement Bases

The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (Peso), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded to the nearest Peso, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset and the fair value of the consideration received in exchange for incurring liability.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the transaction date. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

The Company uses observable market data to a possible extent when measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in Notes 7 and 17.

Adoption of Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year. There were no amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025 that materially affect the financial statements of the Company.

New and Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards in Issue But Not Yet Effective

Relevant new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards, which are not yet effective as at December 31, 2025 and have not been applied in preparing the financial statements, are summarized below:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026:

- Amendments to PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, and PFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets* – The amendment provides to clarify the requirements related to the date of recognition and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities, with an exception for derecognition of financial liabilities settled through cash using an electronic payment system. The amendments also clarify the requirements of assessing

contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, with additional guidance on assessment of contingent features, and the characteristics of non-recourse loans and contractually linked instruments. The amendments also introduce additional disclosure requirements for equity instruments classified as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) with contingent features. Earlier application is permitted.

- Annual Improvements to PFRS Accounting Standards Volume 11:
 - Amendments to PFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* – The amendments remove some obsolete references related to the gain or loss on derecognition on financial assets of an entity that has a continuing involvement and to the disclosure requirements on deferred differences between fair value and transaction price. The amendments also clarify that the illustrative guidance does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements for credit risk disclosure.
 - Amendments to PAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows* – The amendments clarify that when accounting for an investment in an associate, a joint venture or a subsidiary accounted for by use of the equity or at cost, an investor restricts its reporting in the statements of cash flows to the cash flows between itself and the investee, such as dividends and advances.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027:

- PFRS 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements* – This standard replaces PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, and sets out requirements for the presentation and disclosure of information in general purpose financial statements. The standard introduces new categories and sub-totals in the statements of comprehensive income, additional disclosures on management-defined performance measures, and enhanced requirements for grouping information. Full retrospective application is required. Earlier application is permitted.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards is not expected to have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company. For the adoption of PFRS 18, while it is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or financial performance, it will result in changes in the presentation, classification, and aggregation of items in the statements of comprehensive income and related disclosures as required by the standard.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Date of Recognition. The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable is done using settlement date accounting.

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), includes transaction cost.

"Day 1" Difference. Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in profit or loss. In cases

where there is no observable data on inception, the Company deems the transaction price as the best estimate of fair value and recognizes “Day 1” difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the “Day 1” difference.

Classification. The Company classifies its financial assets at initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at FVPL, (b) financial assets at amortized cost, and (c) financial assets at FVOCI. Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified as either financial liabilities at FVPL or other financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Company’s business model.

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company does not have financial assets and liabilities at FVPL and financial assets at FVOCI.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. A financial asset shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company’s cash and receivables (excluding advances to employees) are classified under this category.

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company’s accrued expenses and other liabilities (excluding statutory payables), amounts due to related parties and loan payable are classified under this category.

Reclassification of Financial Assets

The Company reclassifies its financial assets when, and only when, it changes its business model for managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model (reclassification date).

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in OCI.

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, there are no reclassifications of financial assets.

Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

The Company records an allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized by the Company when:

- The right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- The Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a “pass-through” arrangement; or
- The Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the assets, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risk and rewards of the assets, but has transferred control over the asset.

When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset, if any, is measured at the lower of original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to pay.

Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, or cancelled or has expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of the new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position.

Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

Other Current Assets

This account mainly consists of prepayments, creditable withholding taxes (CWT) and input value-added tax (VAT).

Prepayments. Prepayments mainly pertain to transaction cost paid in advance, mainly documentary stamp tax related to subscribed but unissued shares. This will be charged against APIC upon issuance of shares.

CWT. CWT represent the amount withheld by the Company's customers in relation to its income. CWT can be utilized as payment for income taxes provided that these are properly supported by certificates of creditable tax withheld at source subject to the rules on Philippine income taxation. CWT are stated at estimated net realizable value.

VAT. Revenues, expenses and assets are generally recognized net of the amount of VAT, except:

- where the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable; and
- receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of tax included.

The net amount of VAT recoverable from the taxation authority is included as part of "Other current assets" account in the statements of financial position.

Investment in a Joint Venture

Joint arrangements represent activities where the Parent Company has joint control established by a contractual agreement. Joint control requires unanimous consent for financial and operational decisions. A joint arrangement is either a joint operation, whereby the parties have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities, or a joint venture, whereby the parties have rights to the net assets.

Classification of a joint arrangement as either joint operation or joint venture requires judgment.

Management's considerations include, but are not limited to, determining if the arrangement is structured through a separate vehicle and whether the legal form and contractual arrangements give the entity direct rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities within the normal course of business. Other facts and circumstances are also assessed by management, including the entity's rights to the economic benefits of assets and its involvement and responsibility for settling liabilities associated with the arrangement.

The Company accounted for its interest in Media Serbisyo Production Corp (MSPC) as a joint venture (see Note 8).

Investment in a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recorded at cost and thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Company's share in net assets of the joint venture. The statement of comprehensive income reflects the Company's share in the results of operations of the joint venture.

If the Company's share in losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture, the entity discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. The interest in a joint venture is the carrying amount of the joint venture determined using the equity method together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the entity's net investment in joint venture.

After the Company's interest is reduced to zero, additional losses give rise to a liability to the extent that the Company has guaranteed obligations or is otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the joint venture. When the Company provides additional funding to the joint venture in the form of advances or loans that qualify as long-term interests, such funding increases the Company's net investment. Accordingly, previously recognized additional losses may be absorbed by the additional funding, resulting in a reduction of the liability. Accordingly, such adjustments are recognized directly within the carrying amount of the net investment and the related liability, without affecting profit or loss.

The Company resumes recognizing its share in the joint venture's profits only after its share of profits equals the share of losses not recognized in prior periods.

The financial statements of the joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. Adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company.

The considerations made in determining significant influence on joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in a joint venture may be impaired. Indicators of impairment include, but are not limited to, significant financial difficulty of the joint venture, adverse changes in the economic or regulatory environment, or evidence of a sustained decline in the joint venture's performance.

If such indicators exist, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the investment, determined as the higher of its value in use and fair value less costs of disposal. When the carrying amount of the investment exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized on investments in joint ventures are not reversed in subsequent periods.

Impairment of Property and Equipment

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that the property and equipment may be impaired when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and if the carrying amount exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the property and equipment are written down to its recoverable amount, which is the greater of fair value less cost to sell and value in use.

The fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties less cost of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. In such instance, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. However, that increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss.

Deposits for Future Stock Subscriptions

Deposits for future stock subscriptions represent funds received by the Company from individual stockholders to be applied as payment for subscriptions of unissued shares or shares from an increase in authorized capital stock for application to and approval by the SEC. This is measured at the amount of proceeds received.

Proceeds are recognized as equity when all of the requirements set forth by the SEC and the conditions provided in the subscription agreement have been met, otherwise, it is recognized as a liability.

The Company shall classify deposits for future stock subscriptions for the increase in authorized capital stock as part of equity if and only if, all of the following elements are present as at end of the period:

- The unissued authorized capital stock of the entity is insufficient to cover the amount of shares indicated in the contract;
- There is BOD approval on the proposed increase in authorized capital stock;
- There is stockholders' approval of said proposed increase; and
- The application for the approval of the proposed increase has been presented for filing or has been filed with the SEC.

Equity

Common Stock. Common stock is measured at par value for all shares issued and outstanding and subscribed. Unpaid subscriptions are recognized as a reduction of subscribed capital stock. For subscriptions that are subject to conditions before issuance of shares, the proceeds received are presented under “Deposits for future stock subscriptions” account in the statements of financial position.

Preferred Stock. Preferred stock is classified as equity if it is non-redeemable, or redeemable only at the Company’s option, and any dividends are discretionary. It is measured at par value for all shares issued and subscribed. Unpaid subscriptions are recognized as a reduction of subscribed capital stock.

Additional Paid-in Capital. Additional paid-in capital includes any premium received from the issuances and subscriptions of capital stock. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from additional paid-in capital, net of tax.

Deficit. Deficit represents the cumulative balance of the Company’s results of operations.

Treasury Stock. Where the Company purchases its own shares (treasury shares), the consideration paid including any directly attributable incremental costs is deducted from equity attributable to the Company’s equity until the shares are cancelled, reissued or retired. Where such shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company’s stockholders.

Under Section 8 of the Revised Corporation Code, redeemable shares may be purchased by the corporation from the holders thereof, regardless of the existence of unrestricted retained earnings. However, Section 5 (5) of the 1982 Rule states that while redeemable shares may be redeemed despite the absence of unrestricted retained earnings, the corporation must still have, after such redemption, sufficient assets in the books to cover its debts and liabilities inclusive of capital stock.

Cumulative Fair Value Changes on Investment in a Club Share. This account comprises of unrealized fair value changes of the investment that is not recognized in profit or loss for the year in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied at a point in time or over time.

The Company also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Company has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue source.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized.

Interest Income. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset.

Expense Recognition

Expenses constitute cost of administering the business. These costs are expensed upon receipt of goods, utilization of services, or when the expense is incurred.

Income Taxes

Current Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount is the one that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of any unused tax credits from the excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax (RCIT) and any unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused excess MCIT over RCIT and unused NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items directly recognized in equity as OCI.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates and tax laws that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share

The Company computes its basic earnings (loss) per share by dividing net income (loss) for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings (loss) per share amounts are computed in the same manner, adjusted for the dilutive effect of any potential common shares. In 2024 and 2023, because the Company is in a loss position, presentation of diluted earnings per share is not applicable.

Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the transactions with any of the Company's other components. The Company has only one segment which is as a holding company.

Related Parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Related party transactions are considered material and/or significant if these transactions amount to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets or if there are several transactions or a series of transactions over a twelve-month period with the same related party amounting to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets. Details of transactions entered into by the Company with related parties are reviewed and approved by the BOD or shareholders in accordance with the Company's related party transactions policy.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. They are disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events after the Reporting Date

Events after the reporting date that provide additional information about the Company's financial position as at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Events after the reporting date that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material.

3. Significant Judgment, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards requires management to exercise judgments, make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. The judgment and estimates used in the financial statements are based on management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the reporting date. While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgment, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Assessing the Distinction Between Joint Operation and Joint Venture. The Company determines whether a joint arrangement qualifies as a joint operation or a joint venture. In making its judgment, the Company assesses whether it has joint control and has rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement or it has joint control and has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, in which case the arrangement shall be classified as a joint operation or a joint venture, respectively, as the case may be. The Company considers each arrangement separately in making its judgment.

The Company assessed that the joint arrangement qualifies as a joint venture and to be accounted using equity method in accordance with PAS 28, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* (see Note 8).

Determining the Interest in and Additional Liability to the Joint Venture. The Company determines its interest in a joint venture using the equity method together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the entity's net investment in joint venture. After the Company's interest is reduced to zero, the Company recognizes additional losses and a liability to the extent that the Company has guaranteed obligations or is otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the joint venture.

The Company determined that advances made and loans made to MSPC aggregating to ₱18.5 million and ₱15.2 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively, forms part of its long-term interest as at December 31, 2025 and 2024. Consequently, the Company recognized a liability for additional share in net loss to the joint venture amounting to ₱7.4 million in 2024 after its share in net loss exceeded its interest in MSPC, as the JVA explicitly included a provision that the joint venture should determine from time to time, required additional financing from the joint venturers. In 2025, with the additional advances made and loans granted to MSPC, the previously recognized additional losses in 2024 were absorbed, resulting to a reduction of liability by ₱3.5 million (see Note 8).

Determining the Fair Value of Financial Instruments. PFRS Accounting Standards require the disclosure of fair value of certain financial assets and liabilities, which requires extensive use of accounting estimates. While significant components of fair value measurement were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the amount of changes in fair value would differ if the Company utilized different valuation methodologies.

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 17.

Assessing Provision and Contingent Liability. The Company exercised significant judgment in determining the appropriate accounting treatment for the BSP claim as disclosed in Note 15. This assessment requires management to evaluate whether the claim results to a present or possible obligation, the probability of an outflow of economic resources, and whether a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made in accordance with PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*.

After being directed by the BOD on its meeting on December 15, 2025, the Management and legal counsels conducted a review of the circumstances, including the sequence of events leading to the claim, evaluate veracity of the claim and available defenses. Based on available information and documents, the Management and legal counsels have assessed that BSP's demand should not be treated as presently enforceable liability (see Note 15).

Estimates and Assumptions

The key estimates concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that has a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Determining the Fair Value of Financial Instruments at Date of Initial Recognition. The Company initially measures its financial instruments at fair value including transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of the financial instruments. As at date of recognition of loans receivable and loans payable in 2025 and 2024, the Company assessed that the fair value approximates its transaction amount (see Note 14).

Assessing the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) on Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. The Company applies the simplified approach in measuring ECL for loans receivable and general approach for other financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Cash in banks are maintained with reputable financial institutions with high credit standing; accordingly, the associated credit risk is assessed as low.

For loans and interest receivables from related parties, management in assessing ECL considers:

- The financial condition and operating performance of the related parties, including their stage of business development;
- The nature of the underlying investments and assets of the related parties;
- The absence of default events or indicators of credit impairment, such as cessation of operations or inability to meet obligations;
- The strategic relationship and common key management, which influence the timing and manner of settlement; and
- Forward-looking information, particularly the highly probable completion of the planned business combination involving the related party, which is expected to result in the settlement or conversion of the outstanding exposures.

While certain related parties exhibit recurring losses, negative equity, and working capital deficits, management assessed that these conditions are primarily attributable to an ongoing investment and expansion phase rather than a deterioration in credit quality. This assessment is supported by significant revenue growth, as well as continued access to funding.

Accordingly, the Company determined that credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition, and these financial assets remain in Stage 1. The resulting ECL reflects only residual risks associated with execution and is therefore assessed as minimal.

A financial asset is considered credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset have occurred, including significant financial difficulty of the debtor, default, or cessation of operations. As of the reporting date, no such indicators were identified for the Company's loans to related parties.

Accordingly, no impairment loss was recognized in 2025, 2024 and 2023.

The aggregate carrying amount of cash, receivables (excluding advances to employees) and loans receivable as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 are disclosed in Notes 4, 5 and 14.

Assessing the Impairment of Property and Equipment. The Company assesses impairment on property and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- Significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- Significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business;
or
- Significant negative industry or economic trends.

There were no impairment indicators on property and equipment. As such, no impairment losses were recognized in 2025, 2024 and 2023. The carrying amounts of the Company's property and equipment is disclosed in Note 9.

Estimating the Liabilities related to Previous Development Bank Operations. The estimated liabilities related to previous development bank operations of the Company is based on the management's best estimate of the amount expected to be incurred to settle the obligation based on the terms of the MOA.

Liabilities arising from the MOA as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 are disclosed in Note 10.

Assessing the Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Company reviews its deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized in the future. The amount of deferred income tax assets that are recognized is based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies to which the deferred income tax assets can be utilized.

The Company recognized deferred tax assets to the extent of the deferred tax liability on loan transaction cost that is expected to reverse upon amortization. Management believes that there will be no sufficient future taxable profits against which the remaining unrecognized deferred tax assets can be utilized. Details of recognized and unrecognized deferred tax assets are disclosed in Note 13.

4. Cash

This account consists of:

	2025	2024
Cash on hand	₱20,000	₱20,000
Cash in banks	2,943,162	25,118,280
	₱2,963,162	₱25,138,280

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates.

Interest income arises from:

	Note	2025	2024	2023
Loans receivable	14	₱53,824,890	₱10,435,068	₱–
Amortization of loan transaction cost	14	(2,983,446)	(493,929)	–
Cash in banks		10,090	36,948	30,244
		₱50,851,534	₱9,978,087	₱30,244

5. Receivables

This account consists of:

	Note	2025	2024
Loans receivable from a related party	14	₱874,028,250	₱831,963,571
Interest receivable	14	71,971,153	11,687,276
		945,999,403	843,650,847
Advances to employees		2,131,535	2,136,237
Less allowance for impairment losses		2,126,335	2,126,335
		5,200	9,902
Loans receivable from previous banking operations		62,277,740	62,277,740
Rent receivables		237,932	237,932
		62,515,672	62,515,672
Less allowance for impairment losses		62,515,672	62,515,672
		–	–
Net receivables		946,004,603	843,660,749
Less: current portion of receivables		906,254,603	475,660,749
Noncurrent portion of loans receivable		₱39,750,000	₱368,000,000

Loans receivable from a related party pertain to loans granted to PCMC that has various terms and maturity dates (see Note 14).

Loans receivable from previous bank operations are receivables from third parties, which are fully provided with allowance for impairment loss.

Advances to employees represent unliquidated, noninterest-bearing advances.

6. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	2025	2024
Prepayments	₱977,387	₱1,209,807
CWT	—	2,950,521
Input VAT	—	1,876,749
	₱977,387	₱6,037,077

7. Investment in a Club Share

The Company's investment consists of a club share in Valley Golf & Country Club. The fair value of the club share is determined by reference to published price quotations in an active market.

Movements in this account in 2024 are as follows:

Cost	
Balance at beginning of year	₱200,000
Disposal	(200,000)
Balance at end of year	—
Cumulative fair value changes	
Balance at beginning of year	4,800,000
Fair value changes	500,000
Disposal	(5,300,000)
Balance at end of year	—
	₱—

The fair value of the investment in a club share falls under Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

In 2024, the Company sold its investment in a club share at its fair value of ₱5.5 million. As a result, cumulative fair value changes of ₱5.3 million was transferred to deficit upon disposal.

8. Investment in and Advances to a Joint Venture

On June 30, 2023, the Company and ABS-CBN, collectively referred hereinafter as the "Venturers," incorporated Media Serbisyo Production Corp. (MSPC) with a 51:49 ownership interest ratio in accordance with the Joint Venture Agreement (JVA) entered into by the Venturers on May 23, 2023. The Company has a 51% equity with initial subscription of 20,400,000 shares for ₱20.4 million. MSPC was incorporated with the primary purpose of developing, producing, and financing content, programs, and shows for distribution by other broadcast networks, channels, or platforms, locally and internationally.

Details of this account follows:

	Note	2025	2024
Cost of investment		₱20,400,000	₱20,400,000
Accumulated share in net loss		(58,145,828)	(43,091,139)
Long-term interests to the joint venture:			
Advances		25,790,889	15,247,500
Loans		8,000,000	—
Liability to joint venture for additional share in net loss	14	(3,954,939)	(7,443,639)
Investment in and advances to the joint venture		₱—	₱—

Movements in investment in and advances to a joint venture are as follows:

	Note	2025	2024
Cost of investment			
Balance at beginning and end of year		₱20,400,000	₱20,400,000
Accumulated share in net loss			
Balance at beginning of the year		43,091,139	17,142,846
Share in net loss		15,054,689	25,948,293
Balance at end of year		58,145,828	43,091,139
Advances and loan	14		
Balance at beginning of the year		15,247,500	—
Advances made during the year		10,543,389	15,247,500
Loan granted		8,000,000	—
Balance at end of year		33,790,889	15,247,500
Liability to the joint venture for additional share in net loss absorbed	14		
Balance at beginning of the year		(7,443,639)	—
Additional share in net loss		—	(7,443,639)
Liability absorbed by additional advances and loan		3,488,700	—
Balance at end of the year		(3,954,939)	(7,443,639)
Investment in and advances to the joint venture		₱—	₱—

Share in net loss in 2024 amounted to ₱25.9 million which is more than the Company's total investment in and advances to MSPC. The JVA has a provision that the joint venture should determine from time to time, required additional financing. The venturers, if so required, will provide additional financing. There are already discussions by management and the BOD of the joint venture of the intention to have a capital call to address the financing requirements. Consequently, the Company recognized a liability for its additional share in the net loss of the joint venture amounting to ₱7.4 million in 2024 (see Note 14).

In 2025, the Company provided additional funding through advances and loans aggregating ₱18.5 million. The loan granted to the joint venture of ₱8.0 million in October 2025 is unsecured and bears interest of 6% per annum until fully paid. Consequently, the liability for the additional share in net loss amounting to ₱3.5 million was absorbed by the Company's additional advances and loans reducing the liability to ₱4.0 million as at December 31, 2025.

Interest income on loan to the joint venture in 2025 amounted to ₱0.1 million (see Note 14). While the loan to the joint venture forms part of the Company's long-term interest in the joint venture, the interest receivable as at December 31, 2025 is presented as part of receivables in the statements of financial position.

The financial information of the Joint Venture as at December 31 follows:

	2025	2024
Current assets	₱103,458,328	₱35,420,762
Noncurrent assets	1,752,911	1,232,184
Current liabilities	179,222,667	85,087,976
Revenues	96,290,850	50,818,635
Net loss	(25,576,399)	(54,821,607)

9. Property and Equipment

Movements in this account are as follows:

	2025		
	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning and end of year	₱729,720	₱54,375	₱784,095
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year	339,420	54,375	393,795
Depreciation	128,784	—	128,784
Balance at end of year	468,204	54,375	522,579
Carrying Amount	₱261,516	₱—	₱261,516

	2024		
	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	₱712,800	₱54,375	₱767,175
Additions	16,920	—	16,920
Balance at end of year	729,720	54,375	784,095
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year	211,200	54,375	265,575
Depreciation	128,220	—	128,220
Balance at end of year	339,420	54,375	393,795
Carrying Amount	₱390,300	₱—	₱390,300

10. Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities

This account consists of:

	2025	2024
Liabilities arising from the MOA	₱178,322,708	₱181,085,178
Dividends payable	10,985,443	10,985,443
Statutory payables	4,214,253	24,570
Accrued expenses	2,256,476	2,223,454
	₱195,778,880	₱194,318,645

The Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in relation to its MOA with BDO and PDIC. As discussed in Note 1, under the MOA dated September 12, 2002 between the Company, BDO and PDIC, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Under the terms of the MOA, the Company holds BDO free from any contingent claims, labor and minority issues and concerns arising from related assets and liabilities until these are assumed by BDO.

Liabilities arising from the MOA pertain mainly to the estimated general cost which may include transfer, processing and legal fees among others as well as taxes in relation to the transfer of assets from the Company's previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Said liabilities also include unremitted collection of assigned receivables and sale of foreclosed properties for the account of PDIC to the extent of assets covered by the MOA (see Note 15). The Company also paid legal fees of ₱2.8 million and ₱3.0 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively, for legal consultations, litigation costs as well as consolidation and transfer of titles.

Dividends payable pertain to the Company's dividend for cumulative, nonparticipating, nonvoting, redeemable and convertible preferred stock that were declared prior to the Company's incurrence of deficit.

Accrued expenses pertain to accrual of professional fees and association dues, among others. These are normally settled in the next financial year. Further, accrued expenses include interest on loans payable to stockholder amounting to ₱0.2 million as at December 31, 2025 (see Note 14).

Statutory payables are normally settled within the following month.

11. Operating Expenses

This account consists of:

	2025	2024	2023
Professional fees	₱4,183,350	₱4,329,082	₱3,489,430
Outside services	935,898	1,960,790	3,982,461
Penalties	807,326	11,184	1,000
Taxes and licenses	321,231	1,197,994	2,908,035
Directors' fees	310,000	485,000	290,000
Representation	287,436	338,678	1,271,316
Publication fees, events and sponsorships	246,311	318,408	402,013

(Forward)

	Note	2025	2024	2023
Depreciation	9	₱128,784	₱128,220	₱134,463
Membership fees		82,564	116,251	51,643
Transportation and travel		29,547	27,319	128,408
Insurance		5,025	6,469	259,322
Association dues		—	—	74,585
Others		506,164	527,575	203,193
		₱7,843,636	₱9,446,970	₱13,195,869

Others include notarial fees, storage fees, training and seminars, and other miscellaneous expenses.

In 2025, the Company presented the detailed nature of operating expenses in the notes to the financial statements which was previously presented in detail in the 2024 and 2023 statements of comprehensive income, to enhance presentation. Said change has no impact on the previously reported net income of the Company.

12. Equity

Capital Stock

Details of the par value of the Company's preferred and common stock are as follows:

	2025	2024	2023
Preferred stock Series A	₱0.04	₱1.00	₱1.00
Preferred stock Series B	1.00	1.00	1.00
Preferred stock Series C	1.00	1.00	1.00
Common stock	1.00	1.00	1.00

Details and movements of capital stock are as follows:

	2025		2024		2023	
	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount
Authorized:						
Preferred stock Series A						
Balance at beginning of year	1,000,000,000	₱1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	₱1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	₱1,000,000,000
Decrease in par value	—	(960,000,000)	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of year	1,000,000,000	40,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Preferred stock Series B						
Balance at beginning of year	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Reclassification to common stock and declassification	(1,000,000,000)	(1,000,000,000)	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of year	—	—	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Preferred stock Series C						
Balance at beginning of year	—	—	—	—	—	—
Creation of Preferred stock Series C	340,664	340,664	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of year	340,664	₱340,664	—	₱—	—	₱—

(Forward)

	2025		2024		2023	
	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount
Common stock						
Balance at beginning of year	3,000,000,000	₱3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	₱3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	₱3,000,000,000
Reclassification from Preferred stock Series B	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	—	—	—	—
Creation of Preferred stock Series C	(340,664)	(340,664)	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of year	3,999,659,336	3,999,659,336	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
	5,000,000,000	₱4,040,000,000	5,000,000,000	₱5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000	₱5,000,000,000
Issued:						
Preferred stock Series A						
Balance at beginning of year	14,366,260	₱14,366,260	14,366,260	₱14,366,260	14,366,260	₱14,366,260
Effect of decrease in par value	—	(13,791,610)	—	—	—	—
Partial conversion of preferred stock Series A to common stock	(7,816,300)	(312,652)	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of year	6,549,960	261,998	14,366,260	14,366,260	14,366,260	14,366,260
Preferred stock Series C						
Balance at beginning of year	—	—	—	—	—	—
Conversion of common stock to preferred stock Series C	207,414	207,414	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of year	207,414	207,414	—	—	—	—
Common stock						
Issued and outstanding						
Balance at beginning of year	925,298,616	925,298,616	850,298,616	850,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
Issuances	15,000,000	15,000,000	75,000,000	75,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000
Partial conversion of preferred stock Series A to common stock	312,652	312,652	—	—	—	—
Conversion of common stock to preferred stock Series C	(207,414)	(207,414)	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of year	940,403,854	940,403,854	925,298,616	925,298,616	850,298,616	850,298,616
Subscribed:						
Balance at beginning of year	15,000,000	15,000,000	—	—	—	—
Subscriptions	—	—	90,000,000	90,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000
Issuances	(15,000,000)	(15,000,000)	(75,000,000)	(75,000,000)	(150,000,000)	(150,000,000)
Balance at end of year	—	—	15,000,000	15,000,000	—	—
Issued and subscribed common stock	940,403,854	940,403,854	940,298,616	940,298,616	850,298,616	850,298,616
Total capital stock	947,161,228	₱940,873,266	954,664,876	₱954,664,876	864,664,876	₱864,664,876

The preferred stock Series A and B have the following salient features:

- Cumulative, nonparticipating, nonvoting, redeemable and convertible at the option of the Company.
- Cash dividend rate initially at 4.50% per annum based on par value, which shall be automatically adjusted to 11.00% per annum upon full payment of the subscription price.
- The Company may, at any time at its option, wholly or partially redeem the outstanding preferred stock plus accrued dividends thereon. When such call for redemption is made, the holders of the preferred stock may opt to convert the preferred stock to common stock.

The preferred stock Series C is nonvoting and redeemable at the option of the Company.

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, there is no accrued and unpaid preferential dividend.

Subscriptions

In 2024, the Company issued 75,000,000 common shares at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱221.3 million, paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱146.3 million.

Further, in 2024, 15,000,000 common shares were subscribed by Cymac Holdings Corporation ("Cymac") at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱44.3 million, to be paid in cash. The shares shall be issued upon full payment. As at December 31, 2024, the Company received payment for the said subscription amounting to ₱25.0 million and the corresponding subscribed capital of ₱15.0 million at par value and the related premiums amounting to ₱10.0 million was recognized.

Total stock issuance cost in 2024 deducted from APIC amounted to ₱1.4 million.

On August 19, 2025, Cymac fully paid the remaining premiums on its subscription which is presented as additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱19.3 million, gross of stock issuance cost of ₱0.2 million. Consequently, the shares were duly issued on August 22, 2025.

In 2023, the Company, issued additional 150,000,000 common shares at ₱2.70 a share equivalent to ₱405.0 million and paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱255.0 million, gross of stock issuance cost of ₱1.5 million.

Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation (AOI)

On August 15, 2022 and September 23, 2022, the Board of Directors (BOD) and the stockholders, respectively, approved, among others, the deletion of all provisions relating to the Company's preferred shares, the conversion of the preferred shares to common shares and the increase of the authorized capital stock to up to ₱7.0 billion, divided into 7,000,000,000 common shares at ₱1.00 par value a share.

Following these earlier approvals, and taking into account the passage of time, the Company's updated objectives, and applicable laws and regulations, the Company re-submitted the amendments of the AOI with further clarification and modification. On August 22, 2024 and August 30, 2024, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved, among others, reduction of par value of Series A non-voting convertible preferred shares from ₱1.00 par value a share to ₱0.4 par value a share without change in the number of shares, reclassification of Series A preferred shares to common shares, creation of Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares, reclassification of foreign-owned common shares to Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares, increase in authorized capital stock up to ₱6.0 billion, mandatory redemption of all Series C preferred shares, conversion of Series A preferred shares, creation of Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC) arising from conversion of preferred shares, and additional listing of shares after conversion.

In 2024 and 2025, the Company applied to the SEC for the following amendments in its AOI in consideration to the Company's capital structure which were approved by the SEC in 2025:

Decrease in Par Value of Preferred Shares Series A

On January 8, 2025, the SEC approved the reduction in the Company's authorized preferred stock Series A from ₱1,000.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million shares at ₱1.0 par value a share, to ₱40.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million shares at ₱0.04 par value a share. The decrease in par value resulted to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱13.8 million.

Partial Conversion of Series A Preferred Shares

On July 3, 2025, the SEC approved the Company's amendment of the AOI for the partial conversion of Series A non-voting and convertible preferred shares to common shares.

On September 10, 2025, the Company issued a total of 312,652 common shares arising from the partial conversion of 7,816,300 Series A non-voting and convertible preferred shares at a conversion rate of 25 Series A non-voting and convertible preferred shares with a par value of ₱0.04 per share to one (1) common share with a par value of ₱1.00 per share or aggregate value of ₱312,652.

Reclassification and Declassification of Series B Preferred Shares

On July 3, 2025, the SEC approved the Company's amendment of the AOI for the reclassification and declassification of Series B preferred shares into common shares.

Creation of Series C Preferred Shares and Reclassification of all Foreign-Owned Common Shares

On July 3, 2025, the SEC approved the Company's amendment of the AOI for the creation of Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares and reclassification of all foreign-owned common shares to Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares. On July 28, 2025 and July 31, 2025, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved the mandatory redemption and retirement of Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares.

On October 17, 2025, the Company issued 207,414 Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares to replace the common shares held by foreign shareholders. Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares were immediately redeemed upon issuance at ₱2.00 per share. The redeemed shares of 207,414 were recognized as treasury shares with a cost of ₱414,828. The shares will be retired upon approval of the SEC of the decrease in authorized capital stock.

Such decrease in authorized capital stock was approved by the BOD and stockholders, respectively, on July 28, 2025 and July 31, 2025.

Equity Restructuring

On August 22, 2024, the Company's BOD approved the equity restructuring plan of the Company by applying APIC of ₱253,500,000 to reduce its deficit, which was approved by the SEC on March 14, 2025.

Decrease in Authorized Capital Stock and Retirement of Preferred Shares Series C

In October 2025, the Company submitted its application to the SEC for the decrease in its authorized capital stock from ₱4,040,000,000, divided into 3,999,659,336 common shares with a par value of ₱1.0 per share, 1,000,000,000 preferred shares series A with par value of ₱0.04 per share and 340,664 preferred shares series C with par value of ₱1.0 per share, to ₱4,039,659,336, divided into 3,999,659,336 common shares with a par value of ₱1.0 per share, 1,000,000,000 preferred shares series A with par value of ₱0.04 per share resulting from the mandatory redemption and retirement of 340,664 Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares with a par value of ₱1.00 at a redemption price of ₱2.00 per share payable in cash.

On March 25, 2026, the application for the decrease in authorized capital stock has been approved by the SEC. This will result in the retirement of the treasury shares.

Other amendments in the AOI Pending Application to SEC

On July 28, 2025 and July 31, 2025, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved the increase in the Company's authorized capital stock to ₱6.0 billion; decrease in the authorized capital stock resulting from the retirement of Series A; and amendment to delete all other provisions/ paragraphs in the Seventh Article relating to Preferred Shares to have one (1) class of common shares.

As at December 31, 2025, the Company has not yet applied these amendments with the SEC.

13. Income Tax

The Company's provision for current income tax in 2025 and 2024 represents RCIT and MCIT, respectively. The Company has no current income tax in 2023 as it is in a gross and taxable loss position.

Under the "Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprise" (CREATE) Act which took effect on July 1, 2020, the RCIT of domestic corporations is computed at 25% or 20% depending on the amount of total assets or total amount of taxable income. MCIT is computed at 1% of gross income for a period of three years until July 1, 2023 and reverted to 2% effective July 1, 2023.

The income tax rates used in preparing the financial statements are 25% RCIT in 2025, 2024 and 2023, and 2% for MCIT in 2025 and 2024, and 1.5% for MCIT in 2023.

The reconciliation of provision for (benefit from) current income tax at the statutory income tax rate to the provision for income tax shown in the statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	2025	2024	2023
Income tax computed at statutory tax rates	₱6,944,494	(₱6,354,294)	(₱7,577,118)
Changes in unrecognized deferred tax assets	(5,276,074)	250,067	6,836,677
Tax effects of:			
Share in a net loss of a joint venture	3,763,672	6,487,073	4,285,712
Nondeductible expenses	271,721	87,466	318,079
Stock issuance costs	(38,475)	(344,063)	(375,000)
Interest income already subjected to final tax	(2,523)	(9,237)	(7,561)
Expired MCIT	—	91,689	53,000
Change in statutory income tax rate	—	—	(3,533,789)
Income tax at effective tax rate	₱5,662,815	₱208,701	₱—

Details of the Company's recognized net deferred tax liability are as follows:

	2025	2024
Deferred tax assets:		
Allowance for impairment losses on receivables	₱69,563	₱—
NOLCO	—	740,893
	69,563	740,893
Deferred tax liability –		
Loan issuance cost	(69,563)	(740,893)
	₱—	₱—

The components of the Company's unrecognized deferred tax assets are as follows:

	2025	2024
Allowance for impairment losses on receivables	₱16,090,939	₱16,160,502
NOLCO	—	4,997,380
MCIT	—	209,131
	₱16,090,939	₱21,367,013

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized deferred tax assets to the extent of the deferred tax liability on loan transaction cost expected to reverse throughout the term of the loan. Management believes that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the remaining unrecognized deferred tax assets as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 can be utilized.

As at December 31, 2025, unused NOLCO that can be claimed as deduction from future taxable income are as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Applied	Ending Balance	Expiry Date
2024	₱3,495,790	₱—	(₱3,495,790)	₱—	2027
2023	13,423,553	—	(13,423,553)	—	2026
2022	5,252,413	—	(5,252,413)	—	2025
2020	781,334	—	(781,334)	—	2025
	₱22,953,090	₱—	(₱22,953,090)	₱—	

Under Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020, NOLCO incurred for the taxable years 2021 and 2020 will be carried over for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss and NOLCO incurred for taxable year 2022 and beyond can be carried over for the next three consecutive years.

As at December 31, 2025, unused MCIT that can be claimed as deduction from future income tax payable are as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Applied	Ending Balance	Expiry Date
2024	₱208,701	₱—	(₱208,701)	₱—	2027
2022	430	—	(430)	—	2025
	₱209,131	₱—	(₱209,131)	₱—	

14. Related Party Transactions

Outstanding balances and transactions with related parties are as follows:

		Nature of Transaction	Amount of Transactions		Outstanding Balance	
			2025	2024	2025	2024
Loans receivable						
Entity under common key						
Management (see Note 5)	Loan		₱42,064,679	₱463,963,571	₱874,028,250	₱831,963,571
Interest receivable*						
Entity under common key						
Management (see Note 5)	Accrued interest		₱60,163,101	₱11,687,276	₱71,850,377	₱11,687,276
Joint venture	Accrued interest		120,776	—	120,776	—
					₱71,971,153	₱11,687,276
Due from related parties						
Entities under common control	Collection		₱—	(₱217,235)	₱—	₱—
Advances to a joint venture						
Joint venture (see Note 8)	Advances		₱10,543,389	₱15,247,500	₱25,790,889	₱15,247,500
Loan to the joint venture						
Joint venture (see Note 8)	Loan		₱8,000,000	₱—	₱8,000,000	₱—
Due to related parties						
	Additional share in net loss (Liability absorbed by additional advances and loan)					
Joint venture (see Note 8)			(₱3,488,700)	₱7,443,639	₱3,954,939	₱7,443,639
Parent Company	Management fee		—	—	13,880,000	13,880,000
					₱17,834,939	₱21,323,639
Long-term loan						
Stockholder	Loan		₱13,000,000	₱—	₱13,000,000	₱—
Interest payable						
Stockholder (see Note 10)	Accrued interest		₱175,233	₱—	₱175,233	₱—
Deposits for future stock subscriptions						
Stockholders	Deposit for future stock subscription		₱20,500,000	₱214,749,999	₱235,249,999	₱214,749,999

*Including output VAT amounting to ₱6.5 million and ₱1.3 million as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Company has no other material and/or significant transactions with its related parties in 2025 and 2024.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

Loans Receivable from Philippine Collective Media (PCMC)

Movements in this account are as follows:

	Note	2025	2024
Balance at beginning of the year		₱831,963,571	₱373,000,000
Loans granted, including transaction cost		45,048,125	464,457,500
Amortization of loan transaction cost	4	(2,983,446)	(493,929)
Collections		—	(5,000,000)
		874,028,250	831,963,571
Less: current portion		834,278,250	463,963,571
Noncurrent portion		₱39,750,000	₱368,000,000

Loan transaction costs pertain to documentary stamp tax paid by the Company. Movements in the loan issuance cost follows:

	Note	2025	2024
Balance at beginning of year		₱2,963,571	₱—
Additions		298,125	3,457,500
Amortization	4	(2,983,446)	(493,929)
Balance at end of year		₱278,250	₱2,963,571

The loan transaction cost of ₱0.3 million and ₱3.5 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively, is presented as part of the loans granted and will be amortized over the term of the loan.

Loan 1. In August 2023, the Company granted an unsecured loan to PCMC, a related party under common key management, amounting to ₱373.0 million to acquire key assets necessary to expand business operations nationwide. The loan has no interest on the first year and is subject to 7.5% interest on the succeeding years. The loan is to be paid within five years and can be paid in whole or in part at any time without penalty. In 2024, the Company collected ₱5.0 million, applied to the principal amount.

In December 2024, the Company amended the loan agreement with PCMC to shorten the term from five years to 30 months or until February 2026 with due consideration of the planned share-for-share swap transaction between PMHI with GPHI shareholders as discussed in Note 1.

As at June 16, 2026, pending execution of the share-for-share swap with GPHI shareholders, the loan that matured in February 2026 was extended to December 31, 2026.

Loan 2. In October 2024, the Company granted another unsecured loan to PCMC amounting to ₱461.0 million for the same purpose. The loan bears interest at 7.5% commencing on April 1, 2025. The loan and interest is to be paid until December 2025. Loan issuance cost amounted to ₱3.5 million.

On December 15, 2025, the BOD approved the extension of the loan agreement with PCMC until December 31, 2026 under the same terms and conditions.

Loan 3. In August 2025, the Company granted another unsecured loan to PCMC amounting to ₱39.8 million for its business operations. The loan has no interest on the first year and is subject to 7.5% interest on the succeeding years. The loan is payable over a period of five years.

Loan 4. In October 2025, the Company granted another unsecured loan to PCMC amounting to ₱5.0 million with no fixed repayment terms. The loans bear interest of 6% per annum until fully paid.

Interest income recognized in 2025 and 2024 amounted to ₱53.7 million and ₱10.4 million, respectively (gross of loan issuance cost amortization of ₱3.0 million and ₱0.5 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively).

Planned Acquisition of PCMC through GPHI

As discussed in Note 1, the Company has a MOA with GPHI Stockholders whereby GPHI Stockholders will subscribe PRIM Common Shares from the proposed increase in authorized capital stock in consideration of the assignment of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of GPHI to the Company. The MOA takes into account the acquisition of PCMC by GPHI which is also 100% owned by the previous PCMC Shareholders.

The Company's plan for a share for share swap with the stockholders of GPHI is subject to completion of conditions precedent which includes, among others, the changes in the Company's capital structure including the elimination of foreign ownership and approval by the SEC of the share for share swap transaction. As discussed in Note 11, the following applications were approved by the SEC in 2025:

- Reduction of par value of Series A Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares;
- Partial Conversion of outstanding Series "A" Non-Voting and Convertible Preferred Shares to Common Shares;
- Reclassification and Declassification of Series "B" Preferred Shares to Common Shares;
- Creation of Series "C" Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares and Reclassification of all Foreign-Owned Common Shares into Series "C" Non-Voting and Redeemable Preferred Shares.

Furthermore, as discussed in Note 12, on October 17, 2025, the Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares issued were immediately redeemed at ₱2.00 per share, with a total redemption value of ₱414,828, recorded as treasury shares.

As at June 16, 2026, the increase in authorized capital stock is yet to be applied with the SEC. Upon the approval of the increase in authorized capital stock, the Company shall proceed with the share-for-share swap with GPHI in accordance with the MOA, which the Company expects to be completed in 2026.

Upon execution of the share-for-share swap, PMHI through PCMC will eventually hold a national franchise, and therefore, the Company can engage in an active business of mass media and further leverage on PCMC's franchise and network for use by existing content providers in need of broadcasting rights.

The Company has no provision for impairment loss relating to the loans receivables from PCMC and advances to and loan to a joint venture as at December 31, 2025 and 2024. This assessment is undertaken at each reporting date by taking into consideration the financial position and operating performance of the related parties, the market at which the related parties operate, the absence of default events or indicators of credit impairment, among others, as discussed in Note 3.

Loan Payable

In October 2025, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Valiant, a stockholder, for ₱13.0 million. The loan is payable over a period of five years with 6% interest rate per annum until fully paid.

Interest expense recognized in 2025 amounted to ₱0.2 million (see Note 10).

Due to Related Parties

Outstanding balance of amounts due to related parties are unsecured, and collectible or payable in cash upon demand.

Deposits for Future Stock Subscriptions

In 2024, the Company executed another subscription agreements individually with Valiant and Cymac for 86,355,932 common shares and 3,644,068 common shares, respectively, at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱254.7 million and ₱10.8 million, respectively. The subscribed shares are to be issued from the increase in authorized capital stock which will be applied after the share-for-share swap transaction with the shareholders of the GPPI has been completed and after receipt of full payment.

On August 22, 2024 and August 30, 2024, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved the amendments in its AOI including the increase in authorized capital stock up to ₱6.0 billion.

As the conditions provided in the subscription agreement have not been met, the amounts collected for this subscription amounting to ₱235.2 million and ₱214.7 million as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, is presented as deposits for future stock subscriptions and is presented under noncurrent liability section in the statements of financial position.

Transaction cost paid in advance amounting to ₱0.9 million as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 is presented as part of "Prepayments" line item under "Other current assets" account in the statements of financial position.

Movements in deposits for future stock subscriptions follows:

	2025	2024
Balance at beginning of year	₱214,749,999	₱—
Proceeds	20,500,000	214,749,999
Balance at end of year	₱235,249,999	₱214,749,999

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

There is no compensation of key management personnel in 2025, 2024 and 2023. The Company's accounting and administrative functions are provided by a related party at no cost to the Company.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

MOA from Previous Banking Operations

The Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in relation to its MOA with BDO and PDIC. As discussed in Note 1, under the MOA dated September 12, 2002 between the Company, BDO and PDIC, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Under the terms of the MOA, the Company holds BDO free from any contingent claims, labor and minority issues and concerns arising from related assets and liabilities until these are assumed by BDO.

The Company has accounted for separately the assets from its previous development bank operations pursuant to the MOA. It still has in its possession titles of real estate properties from its development bank operations with an original assigned value of ₱601.6 million per PDIC letter dated September 2016. Moreover, the Company has cash in its custody of ₱15.2 million as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 arising from the proceeds of the sale and compromise settlement of certain properties (see Note 10).

Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) Claim

On October 10, 2025, the BSP issued a formal demand letter to the Company to pay ₱669.4 million (BSP claim) arising from a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) dated January 14, 1997 entered into by BSP and PDCP Development Bank (PDCP or the Company's former name) with conformity of First Producers Holding Corporation (First Producers).

The MOA includes an assignment of the 30-year deferred repayment program (Repayment Program) of the ₱1,366.7 million for overdrafts and reserve deficiency penalties of First Producers. The Repayment Program required First Producers to establish a BSP-administered Special Escrow Fund (Fund) to invest and reinvest to qualified government securities until the Fund reaches ₱1,366.7 million that will be applied against the original amount. Any excess on the Fund at any time would be remitted to PDCP, while any shortfall at the end of the 30-year term would be shouldered by PDCP. The Repayment Program period ended on January 6, 2025.

The matter is subject to the review of the BSP Monetary Board at the request of the Company and is currently under evaluation as at June 16, 2026.

After being directed by the BOD on its meeting on December 15, 2025, the Management and legal counsels conducted a review of the circumstances, including the sequence of events leading to the claim, evaluate veracity of the claim and available defenses. Based on available information and documents, the Management and legal counsels have assessed that the BSP's demand should not be treated as a presently enforceable liability.

16. Basic/Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed as follows:

	2025	2024	2023
Net income (loss)	₱22,115,161	(₱25,625,877)	(₱30,308,471)
Less dividend rights of preferred stockholders for the year	51,635	1,581,671	1,581,671
Income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	22,063,526	(27,207,548)	(31,890,142)
Divided by weighted average number of common stock	930,342,210	862,798,616	850,298,616
Basic earnings (loss) per share	₱0.024	(₱0.032)	(₱0.038)
	₱0.022	₱—	₱—
Diluted earnings per share			

The convertible feature of the Company's preferred stock, the subscribed shares and deposits for future stock subscriptions have potential antidilutive effect. However, because of the net loss position of the Company in 2024 and 2023, presentation of diluted earnings per share is not applicable for the said periods.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential common shares into common shares.

17. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise of cash, receivables (excluding advances to employees), loans receivable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payables), due to related parties and loan payable.

The main risks arising from the financial instruments of the Company are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk. The BOD reviews and approves policies for managing the risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligation. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to employees) and loans receivable. The carrying amounts of the financial assets represent the Company's gross maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

The Company estimates the ECL on its receivables using a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The tables below present the Company's exposure to credit risk and shows the credit quality of the financial assets by indicating whether the financial assets are subjected to 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL.

	2025			Total
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired	
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks	₱2,943,162	₱—	₱—	₱2,943,162
Receivables*	71,971,153	—	62,515,672	134,486,825
Loans receivable from a related party	—	874,028,250	—	874,028,250
	₱74,914,315	₱874,028,250	₱62,515,672	₱1,011,458,237

*Excluding advances to employees and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.1 million and ₱874.0 million, respectively.

	2024			Total
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired	
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks	₱25,118,280	₱—	₱—	₱25,118,280
Receivables*	11,687,276	—	62,515,672	74,202,948
Loans receivable from a related party	—	831,963,571	—	831,963,571
	₱36,805,556	₱831,963,571	₱62,515,672	₱931,284,799

*Excluding advances to employees and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.1 million and ₱832.0 million, respectively.

The table below shows the gross maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the Company's statement of financial position, before taking into consideration collateral and other credit enhancements:

	2025				Total
	High Grade	Standard Grade	Past due but Not Impaired	Impaired	
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost					
Cash in banks	P2,943,162	P—	P—	P—	P2,943,162
Receivables*	71,971,153	—	—	62,515,672	134,486,825
Loans receivable from a related party	874,028,250	—	—	—	874,028,250
	P948,942,565	P—	P—	P62,515,672	P1,011,458,237

*Excluding advances to employees and loans receivable from a related party amounting to P2.1 million and P874.0 million, respectively.

	2024				Total
	High Grade	Standard Grade	Past due but Not Impaired	Impaired	
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost					
Cash in banks	P25,118,280	P—	P—	P—	P25,118,280
Receivables*	11,687,276	—	—	62,515,672	74,202,948
Loans receivable from a related party	831,963,571	—	—	—	831,963,571
	P868,769,127	P—	P—	P62,515,672	P931,284,799

*Excluding advances to employees and loans receivable from a related party amounting to P2.1 million and to P832.0 million, respectively.

Credit Quality of Financial Assets. The credit quality of the Company's financial assets are being managed by using internal credit ratings such as high grade and standard grade.

High grade pertains to counterparty who is not expected by the Company to default in settling its obligations, thus credit risk exposure is minimal. For loans and interest receivables from related parties, the Company considers the following in assessing the credit risk:

- The financial condition and operating performance of the related parties, including their stage of business development;
- The nature of the underlying investments and assets of the related parties;
- The absence of default events or indicators of credit impairment, such as cessation of operations or inability to meet obligations;
- The strategic relationship and common key management, which influence the timing and manner of settlement; and
- Forward-looking information, particularly the highly probable completion of the planned business combination involving the borrower, which is expected to result in the settlement or conversion of the outstanding exposures.

While certain related parties exhibit recurring losses, negative equity, and working capital deficits, management assessed that these conditions are primarily attributable to an ongoing investment and expansion phase rather than a deterioration in credit quality. This assessment is supported by significant revenue growth, as well as continued access to funding.

Standard grade include financial assets that are considered moderately realizable and some accounts which would require some reminder follow-ups to obtain settlement from the counterparty.

The Company has assessed the credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired as high grade.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its financial obligations when these fall due. The Company aims to maintain flexibility by maintaining sufficient cash to meet all foreseeable cash needs.

The Company also maintains a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The policy of the Company is to first exhaust lines available from affiliated companies before local bank lines are availed of. The Company seeks to manage its liquid funds through cash planning on a weekly basis. The Company uses historical figures and experiences and forecasts from its cash receipts and disbursements. As part of its liquidity risk management, the Company regularly evaluates its projected and actual cash flows.

	2025				Total
	On Demand	Less than 3 Months	More than 3 Months but Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities*	₱13,241,919	₱–	₱–	₱–	₱13,241,919
Due to related parties	17,834,939	–	–	–	17,834,939
Loan payable**	–	–	–	16,900,000	16,900,000
	₱31,076,858	₱–	₱–	₱16,900,000	₱47,976,858

*Excluding liabilities arising from the MOA and statutory payables amounting to ₱178.3 million and ₱4.2 million, respectively

**Including future interest payments amounting to ₱3.9 million.

	2024				Total
	On Demand	Less than 3 Months	More than 3 Months but Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities*	₱13,208,897	₱–	₱–	₱–	₱13,208,897
Due to related parties	21,323,639	–	–	–	21,323,639
	₱34,532,536	₱–	₱–	₱–	₱34,532,536

*Excluding liabilities arising from the MOA and statutory payables amounting to ₱181.1 million and ₱24,570, respectively

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from a financial instrument (cash flow interest rate risk) or its fair value (fair value interest rate risk) will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's loans receivables and payables are subject to fixed interest rates and has no repricing arrangement. Consequently, the Company is not exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

Fair Values

The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value and the corresponding fair value hierarchy:

	2025		2024	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Cash	₱2,963,162	₱2,963,162	₱25,138,280	₱25,138,280
Receivables*	71,971,153	71,971,153	11,687,276	11,687,276
Loans receivable from a related party	874,028,250	874,194,711	831,963,571	832,064,654
	₱948,962,565	₱949,129,026	₱868,789,127	₱868,890,210

	2025		2024	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Liabilities				
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities**	₱13,241,919	₱13,241,919	₱13,208,897	₱13,208,897
Due to related parties	17,834,939	17,834,939	21,323,639	21,323,639
Loan payable	13,000,000	12,293,916	—	—
	₱44,076,858	₱43,370,774	₱34,532,536	₱34,532,536

*Excluding loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱874.0 million and ₱832.0 million as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

**Excluding liabilities arising from the MOA and statutory payables amounting to ₱178.3 million and ₱4.2 million, respectively as at December 31, 2025 and ₱181.1 million and ₱24,570, respectively, as at December 31, 2024.

Current Financial Assets and Liabilities. The carrying amounts of cash, receivables (excluding advances to employees), and accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payables) and due to related parties approximate their fair values due to the short-term and due on demand nature and maturities of the transactions. The fair value measurement of current financial assets and liabilities is classified as Level 3 (significant unobservable inputs).

Loans Receivable and Loan Payable. The fair value of loans receivable and loan payable were determined based on Level 3 in which the input is based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the prevailing interest rates. Discount rate used is 7.40% and 7.38% in 2025 and 2024, respectively.

There has been no transfer between levels of fair value hierarchy as at December 31, 2025 and 2024.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

The table below details changes arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes.

	2024	Advances/ Proceeds*	Financing Cash Flows		Note	2025
			Payments	Non-cash items		
Capital stock	₱954,664,876	₱—	₱—	(₱13,791,610)	12	₱940,873,266
Additional paid-in capital*	408,373,750	19,096,100	—	(239,708,390)	12	187,761,460
Deposits for future stock subscriptions	214,749,999	20,500,000	—	—		235,249,999
Due to related parties	21,323,639	—	—	(3,488,700)	14	17,834,939
Loan payable	—	13,000,000	—	—		13,000,000
Treasury stock	—	—	(414,828)	—		(414,828)
	₱1,599,112,264	₱52,596,100	(₱414,828)	(₱256,988,700)		₱1,394,304,836

*Net of stock issuance cost

	2023	Advances/ Proceeds*	Financing Cash Flows		Note	2024
			Payments	Non-cash items		
Capital stock	₱864,664,876	₱90,000,000	₱—	₱—	12	₱954,664,876
Additional paid-in capital*	253,500,000	154,873,750	—	—	12	408,373,750
Deposits for future stock subscriptions	—	214,749,999	—	—		214,749,999
Due to related parties	13,880,000	—	—	7,443,639	14	21,323,639
	₱1,132,044,876	₱459,623,749	₱—	₱7,443,639		₱1,599,112,264

*Net of stock issuance cost

	2022	Advances/ Proceeds*	Financing Cash Flows		Note	2023
			Payments	Non-cash items		
Capital stock	₱714,664,876	₱150,000,000	₱—	₱—	12	₱864,664,876
Additional paid-in capital*	—	253,500,000	—	—	12	253,500,000
Deposits for future stock subscriptions	—	—	—	—		—
Due to related parties	14,516,744	—	(636,744)	—	14	13,880,000
	₱729,181,620	₱403,500,000	(₱636,744)	₱—		₱1,132,044,876

*Net of stock issuance cost

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue its operations as a going concern and to maximize shareholder value.

The Company considers its total equity as its capital as follows:

	2025	2024
Capital stock	₱940,873,266	₱954,664,876
Additional paid-in capital	187,761,460	408,373,750
Deficit	(642,589,342)	(918,204,503)
Treasury stock	(414,828)	—
	₱485,630,556	₱444,834,123

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, when there are changes in the economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, or issue new stock. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. The Company is not subject to externally-imposed capital requirements.

Deposits for future stock subscriptions amounted to ₱235.2 million and ₱214.7 million as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The Company's intention of settlement is through issuance of fixed number of shares upon meeting the conditions in the subscription agreement and approval of increase in authorized capital stock by the SEC unless the intention was changed as approved by the BOD and stockholders. The Company will classify the deposits for future stock subscriptions under equity section of the statements of financial position once application for increase in authorized capital stock to the SEC is made.



**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS
ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FOR FILING WITH THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero
8741 Paseo de Roxas
Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company) as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 and for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2026. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary schedules as at December 31, 2025 are the responsibility of the Company's management. These supplementary schedules include the following:

- Schedules of Financial Soundness Indicators as at and for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024
- Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration
- Schedules required by Part II of the Revised Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 68
- Conglomerate Map

These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule No. 68 Part II, and are not part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules have been subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

REYES TACANDONG & Co.

Pamela Ann P. Escudro
PAMELA ANN P. ESCUADRO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 128829

Tax Identification No. 216-321-918-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-013; Valid until June 6, 2029

SEC Accreditation No. 128829-SEC Group A

Issued March 23, 2021

Valid for Financial Periods 2020 to 2025

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-013-2025

Valid until October 20, 2028

PTR No. 10764016

Issued January 2, 2026, Makati City

June 16, 2026
Makati City, Metro Manila

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024**

Below is a schedule showing financial soundness indicators for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024:

Ratio	Formula	2025	2024
Current Ratio			
	Total current assets	₱910,195,152	₱506,836,106
	Divided by: Total current liabilities	216,326,113	215,642,284
	Current Ratio	4.21	2.35
Acid Test Ratio			
	Total current assets	₱910,195,152	₱506,836,106
	Less: Other current assets	977,387	6,037,077
	Quick assets	909,217,765	500,799,029
	Divide by: Total current liabilities	216,326,113	215,642,284
	Acid Test Ratio	4.20	2.32
Solvency Ratio			
	Income (loss) before depreciation	₱27,906,760	(₱25,288,956)
	Divide by: Total liabilities	464,576,112	430,392,283
	Solvency Ratio	0.06	(0.06)
Debt-to-Equity Ratio			
	Total liabilities	₱464,576,112	₱430,392,283
	Divide by: Total equity	485,630,556	444,834,123
	Debt-to-Equity Ratio	0.96	0.97
Asset-to-Equity Ratio			
	Total assets	₱950,206,668	₱875,226,406
	Divide by: Total equity	485,630,556	444,834,123
	Asset-to-Equity Ratio	1.96	1.97
Profitability Ratio			
	Net income (loss)	₱22,115,161	(₱25,625,877)
	Divide by: Total equity	485,630,556	444,834,123
	Profitability Ratio	0.05	(0.06)

**RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION
FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025**

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Unappropriated retained earnings, beginning of reporting period	(₱918,204,503)
Add: <u>Category A</u>: Items that are directly credited to unappropriated retained earnings	
Reversal of retained earnings appropriation/s	—
Effect of restatements or prior-period adjustments	—
Movement in deferred tax assets, excluding tax effects recognized in other comprehensive income	—
	—
Less: <u>Category B</u>: Items that are directly debited to unappropriated retained earnings	
Dividend declaration during the period	—
Retained earnings appropriated during the reporting period	—
Effect of restatements or prior-period adjustments	—
Deferred tax assets, excluding tax effects recognized in other comprehensive income	—
	—
Unappropriated retained earnings, as adjusted	(918,204,503)
Add: Net income for the current year	22,115,161
Less: <u>Category C.1</u>: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or loss during the reporting period (net of tax)	
Equity in net income of associate/joint venture, net of dividends declared	—
Unrealized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents	—
Unrealized fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)	—
Unrealized fair value gain of investment property	—
Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards	—
	—
Sub-total	—

	Amount
Add: <u>Category C.2:</u> Unrealized income recognized in profit or loss in prior periods but realized in the current reporting period (net of tax)	
Realized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents	—
Realized fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) of financial instruments at FVPL	—
Realized fair value of investment property	—
Other realized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS (describe nature)	—
Realized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents	—
Sub-total	—
Add: <u>Category C.3:</u> Unrealized income recognized in profit or loss in prior periods but reversed in the current reporting period (net of tax)	
Reversal of previously recorded foreign exchange gain, Except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents	—
Reversal of previously recorded fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) of financial instruments at FVPL	—
Reversal of previously recorded fair value of investment property	—
Reversal of other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS, previously recorded (describe nature)	—
Sub-total	—
Adjusted net income (loss)	22,115,161
Add: <u>Category D:</u> Non-actual losses recognized in profit or loss during the reporting period (net of tax)	
Depreciation on revaluation increment (after tax)	—
Sub-total	—
Add/less: <u>Category E:</u> Adjustments related to relief granted by the SEC	
Amortization of the effect of reporting relief	—
Total amount of reporting relief granted during the year	—
Others:	—
Effect of equity restructuring	253,500,000
Sub-total	253,500,000

	Amount
Add/less: Category F: Other items that should be excluded from the determination of the amount of available for dividends distribution	
Net movement of treasury shares (except for reacquisition of redeemable shares)	—
Net movement of deferred tax asset not considered in the reconciling items under the previous categories	—
Net movement in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liabilities related to same transaction, e.g., set up of right-of-use of asset and lease liability, set up of asset and asset retirement obligation, and set up of service concession asset and concession payable	—
Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - gain (loss)	—
Others	—
Sub-total	—
Total retained earnings, end of the reporting period available for dividend	(P642,589,342)

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
SEC SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES AS REQUIRED BY
PAR. 6 PART II OF REVISED SRC RULE 68
DECEMBER 31, 2025

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A	Financial Assets	<u>N/A</u>
B	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	<u>N/A</u>
C	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	<u>N/A</u>
D	Long-Term Debt	<u>N/A</u>
E	Indebtedness to Related Parties	<u>N/A</u>
F	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	<u>N/A</u>
G	Capital Stock	<u>1</u>

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

SCHEDULE G - CAPITAL STOCK

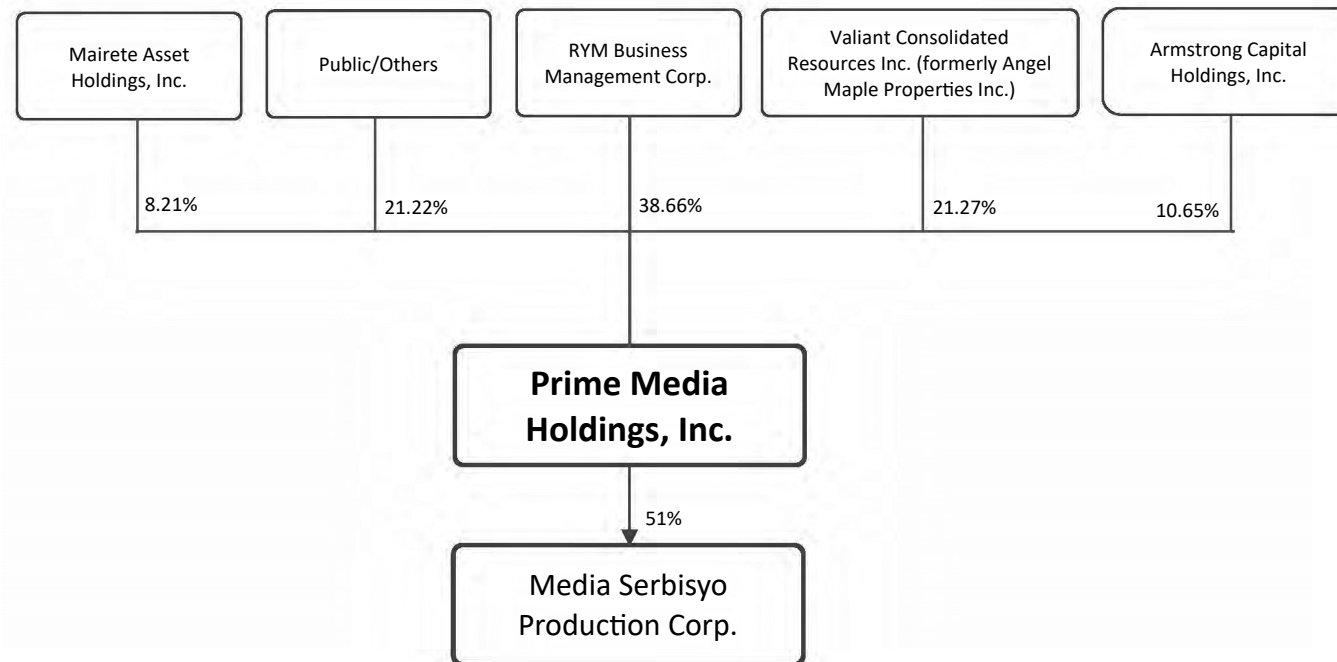
DECEMBER 31, 2025

Title of issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding at shown under related balance sheet caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion and other rights	Number of shares held by related parties	Directors, officers and employees	Others
Common Stock	3,999,659,336	940,403,854	—	740,847,986	6,004	199,549,864
Preferred Stock	1,000,340,664	6,549,960	—	—	—	6,549,960
	5,000,000,000	946,953,814	—	740,847,986	6,004	206,099,824

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

CONGLOMERATE MAP

DECEMBER 31, 2025



PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL AUDITOR FEE-RELATED INFORMATION

DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025	2024
Total Audit Fees	₱575,000	₱500,000
Non-audit services fees:		
Other assurance services	—	—
Tax services	—	—
All other services	—	—
Total Non-Audit Fees	—	—
Total Audit and Non-audit Fees	₱575,000	₱500,000

Audit and Non-audit Fees of Other Related Entities

	2025	2024
Audit Fees	₱—	₱—
Non-audit services fees:		
Other assurance services	—	—
Tax services	—	—
All other services	—	—
Total Audit and Non-audit Fees of Other Related Entities	₱—	₱—



STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of **Prime Media Holdings, Inc.** (the Company) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, as at **December 31, 2025 and 2024** and for the years ended **December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023** in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

Reyes Tacandong & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Signature: _____
 Dennis P. Manalo
 Chairman of the Board/President

Signature: _____
 Rolando S. Santos
 Treasurer

Signed this JUN 16 2026

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this JUN 16 2026 day of _____
affiant(s) exhibiting to their evidence of identity, as follows:

NAMES	COMPETENT Evidence of Identity (TIN)	DATE OF ISSUE	PLACE OF ISSUE
Dennis P. Manalo	[REDACTED]		
Rolando S. Santos	[REDACTED]		

Notary Public

Doc No. 116;
Page No. 25;
Book No. II;
Series of 2026.

[REDACTED]
REUBEN CARLO O. GENERAL
Notary Public for Makati City
Appt. No. M-223 Until 31 Dec. 2026
Roll of Attorneys No. 59087
IBP Membership No. 480027; 12/01/2024
PTR No. MKT-10769717AG; 01/12/2026
MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0042253;
3F ALPAP I Building, #140 Leviste Street
Salcedo Village, Makati City



Jordan Bajamonde <jordan.bajamonde@marcventures.com.ph>

Your BIR AFS eSubmission uploads were received

1 message

eafs@bir.gov.ph <eafs@bir.gov.ph>

Wed, Jun 17, 2026 at 3:18 PM

To: JOANNA.MANZANO@marcventures.com.ph

Cc: JACKY.VALENZUELA@marcventures.com.ph

Hi PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.,

Valid file

- EAFS000491007AFSTY122025.pdf

Invalid file

- <None>

Transaction Code: **AFS-0-CDLG9ELB023MVWVNXMNNM3T2Z0C9JJBFKL**

Submission Date/Time: **Jun 17, 2026 03:18 PM**

Company TIN: **000-491-007**

Please be reminded that you accepted the terms and conditions for the use of this portal and expressly agree, warrant and certify that:

- The submitted forms, documents and attachments are complete, truthful and correct based on the personal knowledge and the same are from authentic records;
- The submission is without prejudice to the right of the BIR to require additional document, if any, for completion and verification purposes;
- The hard copies of the documents submitted through this facility shall be submitted when required by the BIR in the event of audit/investigation and/or for any other legal purpose.

This is a system-generated e-mail. Please do not reply.



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

THE SEC HEADQUARTERS 7907 Makati Avenue, Salcedo Village, Bel-Air, Makati City
1209 Trunk Line No:02-5322-7696 Email Us:www.sec.gov.ph/imessagemo@sec.gov.ph



The following document has been received:

Receiving: ICTD ERMD

Receipt Date and Time: April 16, 2025 09:56:01 AM

Company Information

SEC Registration No.: 0000022401

Company Name: PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS INC.

Industry Classification: J66110

Company Type: Stock Corporation

Document Information

Document ID: OST10416202583177432

Document Type: Financial Statement

Document Code: FS

Period Covered: December 31, 2024

Submission Type: Annual

Remarks: None

Acceptance of this document is subject to review of forms and contents

COVER SHEET

for AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEC Registration Number

						2	2	4	0	1

COMPANY NAME

P	R	I	M	E		M	E	D	I	A		H	O	L	D	I	N	G	S	,		I	N	C	.		(	A		S	u	b	s	i	d	i	a	r	
y		o	f		R	Y	M		B	u	s	i	n	e	s	s		M	a	n	a	g	e	m	e	n	t		C	o	r	p	.	)					

PRINCIPAL OFFICE (No./Street/Barangay/City/Town/Province)

1	6	t	h		F	l	o	o	r	,		B	D	O		T	o	w	e	r	s		V	a	l	e	r	o	,		8	7	4	1					
P	a	s	e	o		d	e		R	o	x	a	s	,		M	a	k	a	t	i		C	i	t	y													

Form Type

A	A	F	S

Department Requiring the Report

C	R	M	D

Secondary License Type, If Applicable

N	/	A

COMPANY INFORMATION

Company's Email Address

dcc.chinglaw@gmail.com

Company's Telephone Number

(02) 8 831-4479

Mobile Number

0966-791-2233

No. of Stockholders

1,588

Annual Meeting (Month / Day)

December 5

Fiscal Year (Month / Day)

December 31

CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION

The designated contact person **MUST** be an Officer of the Corporation

Name of Contact Person

Mr. Rolando S. Santos

Email Address

rolly.santos@marcventures.com.ph

Telephone Number/s

8 826-8609/8 856-7976

Mobile Number

0998-985-0229

OFFICE ADDRESS

16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2: All boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero
8741 Paseo de Roxas,
Makati City

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company), a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp., which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to the audit of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



Accounting for and Disclosure of Significant Related Party Transactions and Balances

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, the Company has transactions with its related parties including loans and interest receivables aggregating to ₱843.7 million and liabilities aggregating to ₱236.1 million as at December 31, 2024. These represent 96% of its total assets and 55% of its total liabilities. This matter is of significance to our audit because the carrying amounts of the related party balances and amount of transactions are material.

We have performed an understanding of the Company's corporate ownership and structure and the policies and procedures for the related party transactions, including approval process, and checked compliance with the established policies through review of minutes of meetings, among others. We validated the identified related parties based on the underlying information provided by the Company. We checked the propriety of the accounting treatment of related party transactions and balances by reviewing the related agreements and other documents which contain the terms and conditions, including any amendments subsequent thereto. For loans receivable, we reviewed the Company's fair value measurement and calculation of the present value of future cash flows using the prevailing market rates. We have also obtained the confirmation of the outstanding balances from the related parties to ensure that the balances were reconciled and that the transactions were completely recorded.

We reviewed the related disclosures in the Notes 13 and 16 to the financial statements.

Accounting for Joint Venture

Accounting for joint venture is significant to our audit because it requires management judgment, particularly, in determining the type of joint arrangement and the appropriate accounting treatment. The investment in joint venture is accounted for using equity method in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standards 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, which requires the Company to recognize share in net loss of the joint venture until the interest in joint venture is reduced to zero, unless the investor has guaranteed the obligations of the investee or is otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the investee. Management's judgment was exercised when assessing if the Company is committed to provide further financial support for the joint venture based on the related facts and circumstances. The net loss of Media Serbisyo Production Corp (MSPC or the joint venture) amounted to ₱50.9 million in 2024. The Company's share in the net loss of MSPC amounted to ₱25.9 million representing its 51% share, which resulted to recognizing a liability to the joint venture for the Company's additional share in net loss amounting to ₱7.4 million.

We reviewed Management's assessment on the recognition of share in net loss of joint venture in excess of its investment by reviewing the terms of joint venture agreement which states the Company's commitment to provide additional financing to the joint venture.

We also reviewed the related disclosures in Note 8 to the financial statements.



Estimating Liabilities

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the Company has estimated liabilities amounting to ₱181.1 million as at December 31, 2024, which is related to its previous development banking operations. This matter is significant to our audit because the carrying amount is material and it involves the use of estimates. We have reviewed the reasonableness of management's estimates by performing independent calculations of the estimated costs to be incurred in the future based on the related terms of a Memorandum of Agreement. Further, we reviewed the related disclosures presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A (Annual Report) and Annual Report distributed to stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2024, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS, SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report distributed to stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2024 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, these could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Pamela Ann P. Escudro.

REYES TACANDONG & Co.

PAMELA ANN P. ESCUADRO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 128829

Tax Identification No. 216-321-918-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-013; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-013-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10467125

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

April 14, 2025

Makati City, Metro Manila

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		December 31	
	Note	2024	2023
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	4	₱25,138,280	₱47,780,041
Receivables	5	475,660,749	510,154
Other current assets	6	6,037,077	5,995,992
Total Current Assets		506,836,106	54,286,187
Noncurrent Assets			
Loans receivable – net of current portion	5	368,000,000	373,000,000
Investment in a club share	7	–	5,000,000
Investment in and advances to a joint venture	8	–	3,257,154
Property and equipment	9	390,300	501,600
Total Noncurrent Assets		368,390,300	381,758,754
		₱875,226,406	₱436,044,941
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	10	₱194,318,645	₱197,078,691
Due to related parties	13	21,323,639	13,880,000
Total Current Liabilities		215,642,284	210,958,691
Noncurrent Liability			
Deposit for future stock subscription	13	214,749,999	–
Total Liabilities		430,392,283	210,958,691
Equity			
Capital stock	11	954,664,876	864,664,876
Additional paid-in capital	11	408,373,750	253,500,000
Deficit		(918,204,503)	(897,878,626)
Cumulative fair value changes on investment in a club share	7	–	4,800,000
Total Equity		444,834,123	225,086,250
		₱875,226,406	₱436,044,941

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2024	2023	2022
INCOME				
Interest income	4	₱9,978,087	₱30,244	₱10,465
Gain on sale of property and equipment	9	—	—	43,046
		9,978,087	30,244	53,511
SHARE IN NET LOSS OF A JOINT VENTURE				
	8	(25,948,293)	(17,142,846)	—
EXPENSES				
Professional fees		4,329,082	3,489,430	2,849,961
Outside services		1,960,790	3,982,461	1,028,995
Taxes and licenses		1,197,994	2,908,035	160,135
Directors' fees		485,000	290,000	250,000
Representation		338,678	1,271,316	—
Advertising and promotions		318,408	402,013	40,000
Depreciation	9	128,220	134,463	89,725
Membership fees		116,251	51,643	53,892
Transportation and travel		27,319	128,408	74,818
Penalties		11,184	1,000	962,999
Insurance		6,469	259,322	426,087
Association dues		—	74,585	58,891
Others		527,575	203,193	262,955
		9,446,970	13,195,869	6,258,458
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(25,417,176)	(30,308,471)	(6,204,947)
PROVISION FOR CURRENT INCOME TAX	12	208,701	—	430
NET LOSS		(25,625,877)	(30,308,471)	(6,205,377)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
<i>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>				
Unrealized fair value changes on investment in a club share	7	500,000	1,700,000	1,550,000
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		(₱25,125,877)	(₱28,608,471)	(₱4,655,377)
Basic Loss Per Share	15	(₱0.032)	(₱0.038)	(₱0.011)

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2024	2023	2022
CAPITAL STOCK	11			
Preferred stock - ₱1 par value		₱14,366,260	₱14,366,260	₱14,366,260
Common stock - ₱1 par value				
Issued and outstanding				
Balance at beginning of year		850,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
Issuances		75,000,000	150,000,000	—
Balance at end of year		925,298,616	850,298,616	700,298,616
Subscribed				
Balance at beginning of year		—	—	—
Subscriptions		90,000,000	150,000,000	—
Issuances		(75,000,000)	(150,000,000)	—
Balance at end of year		15,000,000	—	—
Issued and subscribed common stock		940,298,616	850,298,616	700,298,616
		954,664,876	864,664,876	714,664,876
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	11			
Balance at beginning of year		253,500,000	—	—
Premiums from:				
Issuances of common shares		146,250,000	255,000,000	—
Subscriptions of common shares		10,000,000	—	—
Stock issuance cost		(1,376,250)	(1,500,000)	—
Balance at end of year		408,373,750	253,500,000	—
DEFICIT				
Balance at beginning of year		(897,878,626)	(867,570,155)	(861,364,778)
Net loss		(25,625,877)	(30,308,471)	(6,205,377)
Realized fair value gain upon disposal of investment in club share	7	5,300,000	—	—
Balance at end of year		(918,204,503)	(897,878,626)	(867,570,155)
CUMULATIVE FAIR VALUE CHANGES ON INVESTMENT IN A CLUB SHARE	7			
Balance at beginning of year		4,800,000	3,100,000	1,550,000
Unrealized fair value gain		500,000	1,700,000	1,550,000
Realized fair value gain upon disposal of investment in club share		(5,300,000)	—	—
Balance at end of year		—	4,800,000	3,100,000
		₱444,834,123	₱225,086,250	(₱149,805,279)

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2024	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Loss before income tax		(P25,417,176)	(P30,308,471)	(P6,204,947)
Adjustments for:				
Share in net loss of a joint venture	8	25,948,293	17,142,846	–
Interest income	4	(9,978,087)	(30,244)	(10,465)
Depreciation	9	128,220	134,463	89,725
Gain on sale of transportation equipment	9	–	–	(43,046)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(9,318,750)	(13,061,406)	(6,168,733)
Decrease (increase) in:				
Receivables		(969,191)	(34,719)	26,994,160
Other current assets		(41,085)	(886,164)	(411,831)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other current liabilities		(2,760,046)	16,329,344	729,765
Net cash generated from (used for) operations		(13,089,072)	2,347,055	21,143,361
Income tax paid		(208,701)	–	(430)
Interest received		36,948	30,244	10,465
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(13,260,825)	2,377,299	21,153,396
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Loans granted, included transaction cost	13	(464,457,500)	(373,000,000)	–
Advances to joint venture	13	(15,247,500)	–	–
Collections of:				
Loans receivable	13	5,000,000	–	–
Due from related parties	13	217,235	2,100,320	5,364,349
Proceeds from:				
Sale of investment in club share	7	5,500,000	–	–
Sale of transportation equipment	9	–	–	200,746
Additions to:				
Property and equipment	9	(16,920)	–	(627,000)
Investment in a joint venture	8	–	(20,400,000)	–
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(469,004,685)	(391,299,680)	4,938,095
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from:				
Subscriptions of common shares at a premium, net of issuance cost		244,873,750	403,500,000	–
Deposit for future stock subscription	1	214,749,999	–	–
Advances from (settlements of) due to related parties	13	–	(636,744)	636,744
Net cash provided by financing activities		459,623,749	402,863,256	636,744
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(22,641,761)	13,940,875	26,728,235
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		47,780,041	33,839,166	7,110,931
CASH AT END OF YEAR	4	P25,138,280	P47,780,041	P33,839,166

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT AND DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 AND
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024, 2023 AND 2022

1. Corporate Information

Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company) was originally incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 6, 1963 as Private Development Corporation of the Philippines. In October 2003, the SEC approved the amendment of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, changing its primary purpose from operating a development bank to being a holding Company which can purchase, subscribe, acquire, among others, real and personal property of every kind and description. On March 4, 2013, the SEC approved the extension of the Company's corporate life for another 50 years. However, in accordance with the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, effective February 23, 2019, the Company was automatically accorded perpetual existence.

On July 9, 1964, the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE) approved the public listing of the Company's shares of stock. As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, there are 813,713,458 common shares and 663,713,458 common shares, respectively, that are publicly listed.

In 2002, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities arising from its development banking operations to Banco de Oro Unibank, Inc. (BDO) and Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC) under a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA). As at the date of the report, the Company is still in the process of transferring titles of real estate properties that are still in its possession (see Notes 10 and 14).

The Company is a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp. (RYM or the Parent Company), a holding company registered and domiciled in the Philippines.

The Company's registered office and principal place of business is at 16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation (AOI)

On August 15, 2022 and on September 23, 2022, the Board of Directors (BOD) and the stockholders, respectively, approved, among others, the deletion of all provisions relating to the Company's preferred shares, the conversion of the preferred shares to common shares and the increase of the authorized capital stock to up to ₱7 billion, divided into 7,000,000,000 common shares at ₱1.00 par value a share.

Considering the lapse of time, the Company's objectives as well as the applicable laws, rules or regulations, the Company re-submitted the amendments of the AOI with further clarification and modification. On August 22, 2024 and August 30, 2024, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved, among others, reduction of par value of Series A non-voting convertible preferred shares from ₱1.00 par value a share to ₱0.4 par value a share without change in the number of shares, reclassification of Series A preferred shares to common shares, creation of Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares, reclassification of foreign-owned common shares to Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares, increase in authorized capital stock up to ₱6 billion, mandatory redemption of all Series C preferred shares, conversion of Series A preferred shares, creation of Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC) arising from conversion of preferred shares, and additional listing of shares after conversion.

On January 15, 2025, the SEC approved the reduction in the Company's authorized preferred stock Series A from ₱1,000.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million preferred stocks Series A at ₱1.0 par value a share, to ₱40.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million common stocks at ₱0.04 par value a share.

As at April 14, 2025, the Company has pending application with the SEC for the amendment of the AOI for the conversion and reclassification of Series A non-voting and convertible preferred shares, creation of Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares and reclassification of foreign-owned common shares to Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares.

On April 4, 2025, the BOD resolved to retain the Series A Preferred Shares until the Corporation is able to obtain approval for a decrease in capital stock, which is necessary to eliminate the fractional shares that would result from the conversion of the remaining Series A Preferred Shares into Common Shares.

Additional Capital Infusion

In 2024, the Company issued 75,000,000 common shares to Angel Maple Properties, Inc. (now known as Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc.) ("Valiant") at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱221.6 million, which was paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱144.9 million, net of stock issuance cost of ₱1.4 million.

In the same year, 15,000,000 common shares were subscribed by Cymac Holdings Corporation ("Cymac") at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱44.3 million, to be paid in cash. The shares shall be issued upon full payment. As at December 31, 2024, payment for the subscriptions amounting to ₱25.0 million was received and recognized as subscribed capital at par value amounting to ₱15.0 million and the premiums amounting to ₱10.0 million as additional paid-in capital. Cymac has unpaid subscription amounting to ₱19.3 million, which is due on or before July 31, 2025. Thus, related subscribed shares are not yet issued.

In 2023, the Company, issued for 125,000,000 common shares to Valiant and 25,000,000 common shares to Cymac at ₱2.70 a share equivalent to ₱405.0 million paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱253.5 million, net of stock issuance cost of ₱1.5 million.

Valiant and Cymac are separate and distinct entities not acting in concert in the subscriptions of the unissued common shares of the Company.

Deposit for Future Stock Subscription

In 2024, the Company executed another subscription agreements individually with Valiant and Cymac for 86,355,932 common shares and 3,644,068 common shares, respectively, at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱254.7 million and ₱10.8 million, respectively. The subscribed shares are to be issued from the increase in authorized capital stock which will be applied after the share-for-share swap transaction with the shareholders of the Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (GPHI) has been completed and after receipt of full payment.

On August 22, 2024 and August 30, 2024, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved, the amendments in its AOI including the increase in authorized capital stock up to ₱6 billion.

As the conditions provided in the subscription agreement have not been met, the amounts collected for this subscription amounted to ₱214.7 million as at December 31, 2024 is presented as deposit for future stock subscription and is presented under noncurrent liability section in the statements of financial position.

Equity Restructuring

On August 22, 2024, the Company's BOD approved the equity restructuring plan of the Company by applying APIC of ₱253,500,000 to reduce its deficit, which was approved by the SEC on March 14, 2025.

MOA with Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (GPHI) Shareholders

In 2021, the Company entered into a MOA, with the majority stockholders of a mass media entity, Philippine Collective Media Corporation ("PCMC Shareholders"), subscribing to 70% of the Company's outstanding capital stock in exchange for PCMC shares to obtain the business, assets and ownership of PCMC. With PCMC's national franchise, the Company may use this as a leverage to provide other content providers an avenue to broadcast their contents, regionally and nationwide, for profit.

On August 15, 2022 and September 23, 2022, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved to amend the PCMC MOA to take into account the subsequent acquisition of PCMC by GPHI which is also owned 100% by the PCMC Shareholders. The BOD and stockholders also approved the subscription by certain GPHI shareholders to 1,679,966,400 common shares to be issued from the proposed increase in authorized capital stock of the Company in view of the amendment of the PCMC MOA.

On January 18, 2023, the BOD approved the Amendment of the MOA with GPHI to:

- (a) Change the Exchange Ratio to 4,700 PRIM shares for 1 Golden Peregrine share pursuant to the updated appraisal report;
- (b) Subscription by GPHI Stockholders to 1,645,000,000 PRIM Common Shares to be issued from the proposed increase in authorized capital stock in consideration of the assignment of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of GPHI pursuant to the updated appraisal report; and
- (c) Other provisions which require updating and affected by the amendments aforementioned.

On August 30, 2024, the BOD approved further amendment of the MOA whereby a total of 980,000,000 PMHI common shares will be issued in exchange for and in consideration of the 100% issued and outstanding capital stock of GPHI held by the current stockholders pursuant to an updated valuation report as at December 31, 2023.

Approval of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were approved and authorized for issuance by the BOD on April 14, 2025, as endorsed by the Audit Committee on April 2, 2025.

2. Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC).

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

Measurement Bases

The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (Peso), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded to the nearest Peso, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment in a club share which was classified and measured as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset and the fair value of the consideration received in exchange for incurring liability.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the transaction date. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

The Company uses observable market data to a possible extent when measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in Notes 7 and 16.

Adoption of Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the following amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024:

- Amendments to PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements - Noncurrent Liabilities with Covenants* – The amendments clarified that covenants to be complied with after the reporting date do not affect the classification of debt as current or noncurrent at the reporting date. Instead, the amendments require the entity to disclose information about these covenants in the notes to the financial statements.

- Amendments to PAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows* and PFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Supplier Finance Arrangements* – The amendments introduced new disclosure requirements to enable users of the financial statements assess the effects of supplier finance arrangements on the liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. The amendments also provide transitional relief on certain aspects, particularly on the disclosures of comparative information. Earlier application is permitted.

The adoption of the amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards did not materially affect the financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures were included in the financial statements, as applicable.

New and Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards in Issue But Not Yet Effective

Relevant new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards, which are not yet effective as at December 31, 2024 and have not been applied in preparing the financial statements, are summarized below:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026:

- Amendments to PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, and PFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets* – The amendments clarify that a financial liability is derecognized when the related obligation is discharged, cancelled, expires or otherwise qualifies for derecognition (e.g. settlement date), and introduces a policy option to derecognize financial liabilities settled through an electronic payment system before settlement date if the required conditions are met. The amendments also clarify the assessment of contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, the treatment of non-recourse loans and contractually linked instruments, as well as require additional disclosure requirements for financial assets and liabilities with contingent features and equity instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Earlier application is permitted.
- Annual Improvements to PFRS Accounting Standards Volume 11:
 - Amendments to PFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* – The amendments update and remove some obsolete references related to the gain or loss on derecognition on financial assets of an entity that has a continuing involvement and to the disclosure requirements on deferred differences between fair value and transaction price. The amendments also clarify that the illustrative guidance does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements for credit risk disclosure. Earlier application is permitted.
 - Amendments to PAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows - Cost Method* – The amendments replace the term ‘cost method’ with ‘at cost’ following the deletion of the definition of ‘cost method’. Earlier application is permitted.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027:

- PFRS Accounting Standards 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements* – This standard replaces PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, and sets out the requirements for the presentation and disclosure of information to help ensure that the financial statements provide relevant information that faithfully represents the entity’s assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. The standard introduces new categories and sub-totals in the statements of comprehensive income, disclosures on management-defined performance measures, and new principles for grouping of information, which the entity needs to apply retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing amended PFRS Accounting Standards is not expected to have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures will be included in the financial statements, as applicable.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Date of Recognition. The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable is done using settlement date accounting.

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), includes transaction cost.

“Day 1” Difference. Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a “Day 1” difference) in profit or loss. In cases where there is no observable data on inception, the Company deems the transaction price as the best estimate of fair value and recognizes “Day 1” difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the “Day 1” difference.

Classification. The Company classifies its financial assets at initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at FVPL, (b) financial assets at amortized cost, and (c) financial assets at FVOCI. Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified as either financial liabilities at FVPL or other financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Company’s business model.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company does not have financial assets and liabilities at FVPL.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. A financial asset shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers), due from related parties and loans receivable are classified under this category.

Financial Assets at FVOCI. Equity securities which are not held for trading may be irrevocably designated at initial recognition under the FVOCI category.

Financial assets at FVOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, financial assets at FVOCI are measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) and are included under "Other comprehensive income" account in the equity section of the statements of financial position. These fair value changes are recognized in equity and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. On disposal of these equity securities, any cumulative unrealized valuation gains will be reclassified to retained earnings.

As at December 31, 2024, the Company has no financial asset at FVOCI. As at December 31, 2023, the Company's investment in a club share of Valley Golf & Country Club is classified under this category.

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payables) and amounts due to related parties are classified under this category.

Reclassification of Financial Assets

The Company reclassifies its financial assets when, and only when, it changes its business model for managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model (reclassification date).

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in OCI.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at amortized cost, any gain or loss previously recognized in OCI, and any difference between the new amortized cost and maturity amount, are amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest method. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at FVPL, the financial asset continues to be measured at fair value.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, there are no reclassifications.

Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

The Company records an allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized by the Company when:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the assets, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risk and rewards of the assets, but has transferred control over the asset.

When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset, if any, is measured at the lower of original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to pay.

Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, or cancelled or has expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of the new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position.

Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

Other Current Assets

This account mainly consists of creditable withholding taxes (CWT) and input value-added tax (VAT).

CWT. CWT represent the amount withheld by the Company's customers in relation to its income. CWT can be utilized as payment for income taxes provided that these are properly supported by certificates of creditable tax withheld at source subject to the rules on Philippine income taxation. CWT are stated at estimated net realizable value.

VAT. Revenues, expenses and assets are generally recognized net of the amount of VAT, except:

- where the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable; and
- receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of tax included.

The net amount of VAT recoverable from the taxation authority is included as part of "Other current assets" account in the statements of financial position.

Investment in a Joint Venture

Joint arrangements represent activities where the Parent Company has joint control established by a contractual agreement. Joint control requires unanimous consent for financial and operational decisions. A joint arrangement is either a joint operation, whereby the parties have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities, or a joint venture, whereby the parties have rights to the net assets.

Classification of a joint arrangement as either joint operation or joint venture requires judgment.

Management's considerations include, but are not limited to, determining if the arrangement is structured through a separate vehicle and whether the legal form and contractual arrangements give the entity direct rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities within the normal course of business. Other facts and circumstances are also assessed by management, including the entity's rights to the economic benefits of assets and its involvement and responsibility for settling liabilities associated with the arrangement.

The Company accounted for its interest in Media Serbisyo Production Corp (MSPC) as a joint venture (see Note 8).

Investment in a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recorded at cost and thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Company's share in net assets of the joint venture. The statement of comprehensive income reflects the Company's share in the results of operations of the joint venture.

If the Company's share in losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the associate or joint venture, the entity discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. The interest in a joint venture is the carrying amount of the joint venture determined using the equity method together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the entity's net investment in joint venture.

After the Company's interest is reduced to zero, additional losses gives rise to a liability to the extent that the Company has guaranteed obligations or is otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the joint venture. If the joint venture subsequently reports profits, the entity resumes recognizing its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognized.

The financial statements of the joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. Adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company.

The considerations made in determining significant influence on joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that nonfinancial assets may be impaired when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and if the carrying amount exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, nonfinancial assets are written down to its recoverable amount, which is the greater of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties less cost of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. In such instance, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. However, that increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss.

Deposit for Future Stock Subscription

Deposit for future stock subscription represent funds received by the Company from individual stockholders to be applied as payment for subscriptions of unissued shares or shares from an increase in authorized capital stock and is measured at face value of proceeds received.

Proceeds are recognized as equity when all of the requirements set forth by the SEC and the conditions provided in the subscription agreement have been met, otherwise, it is recognized as a liability.

The Company shall classify deposits for future stock subscription as part of equity if and only if, all of the following elements are present as at end of the period.

- The unissued authorized capital stock of the entity is insufficient to cover the amount of shares indicated in the contract;
- There is BOD approval on the proposed increase in authorized capital stock;
- There is stockholders' approval of said proposed increase; and
- The application for the approval of the proposed increase has been presented for filing or has been filed with the SEC.

Equity

Common Stock. Common stock is measured at par value for all shares issued and outstanding and subscribed. Unpaid subscriptions are recognized as a reduction of subscribed capital stock.

Preferred Stock. Preferred stock is classified as equity if it is non-redeemable, or redeemable only at the Company's option, and any dividends are discretionary. It is measured at par value for all shares issued and subscribed. Unpaid subscriptions are recognized as a reduction of subscribed capital stock.

Additional Paid-in Capital. Additional paid-in capital includes any premium received in the issuances and subscriptions of capital stock. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from additional paid-in capital, net of tax.

Deficit. Deficit represents the cumulative balance of the Company's results of operations.

Cumulative Fair Value Changes on Investment in a Club Share. This account comprises of unrealized fair value changes of the investment that is not recognized in profit or loss for the year in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied at a point in time or over time.

The Company also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Company has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue source.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized.

Interest Income. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset.

Expense Recognition

Expenses constitute cost of administering the business. These costs are expensed upon receipt of goods, utilization of services, or when the expense is incurred.

Income Taxes

Current Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount is the one that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of any unused tax credits from the excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax (RCIT) and any unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused excess MCIT over RCIT and unused NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items directly recognized in equity as OCI.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates and tax laws that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Basic and Diluted Loss per Share

The Company computes its basic loss per share by dividing net loss for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted loss per share amounts are computed in the same manner, adjusted for the dilutive effect of any potential common shares. In 2024, 2023 and 2022, because the Company is in a loss position, presentation of diluted earnings per share is not applicable.

Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the transactions with any of the Company's other components. The Company has only one segment which is as a holding company.

Related Parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Related party transactions are considered material and/or significant if these transactions amount to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets or if there are several transactions or a series of transactions over a twelve-month period with the same related party amounting to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are made using the best estimates of the amount required to settle the obligation and are discounted to present values using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. Changes in estimates are reflected in profit or loss in the period these arise.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. They are disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events after the Reporting Date

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's financial position at the end of reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are non-adjusting are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material.

3. Significant Judgment, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards requires management to exercise judgments, make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. The judgment and estimates used in the financial statements are based on management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the reporting date. While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgment, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Classifying the Financial Instruments. The Company exercises judgment in classifying a financial instrument on initial recognition either as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument. The substance of a financial instrument, rather than its legal form, governs its classification in the statements of financial position.

As at December 31, 2023, the Company classified its investment in a club share as financial asset at FVOCI. In 2024, the Company disposed its investment in a club share (see Note 7).

Assessing the Distinction Between Joint Operation and Joint Venture. The Company determines whether a joint arrangement qualifies as a joint operation or a joint venture. In making its judgment, the Company assesses whether it has joint control and has rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement or it has joint control and has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, in which case the arrangement shall be classified as a joint operation or a joint venture, respectively, as the case may be. The Company considers each arrangement separately in making its judgment.

The Company assessed that the joint arrangement qualifies as a joint venture and to be accounted using equity method in accordance with PAS 28, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* (see Note 8).

Determining the Interest in and Additional Liability to the Joint Venture. The Company determines its interest in a joint venture using the equity method together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the entity's net investment in joint venture. After the Company's interest is reduced to zero, the Company recognizes additional losses and a liability to the extent that the Company has guaranteed obligations or is otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the joint venture.

The Company determined that advances made to MSPC in 2024 amounting to ₱15.3 million forms part of its interest as at December 31, 2024.

In 2024, the Company recognized a liability for additional share in net loss to the joint venture amounting to ₱7.4 million after its share in net loss exceeded its interest in MSPC, on the basis that the JVA provides that the joint venture should determine from time to time required additional financing from the joint venturers (see Note 8).

Determining the Fair Value of Financial Instruments. PFRS Accounting Standards requires certain financial assets and liabilities to be carried at fair value, which requires extensive use of accounting estimates. While significant components of fair value measurement were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the amount of changes in fair value would differ if the Company utilized different valuation methodologies. Any changes in fair value of these financial assets would affect profit and loss and equity.

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 16.

Evaluating the Contingencies. The Company is a party to certain lawsuits or claims arising from the ordinary course of business. However, the Company's management and legal counsel believe that eventual liabilities under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Estimates and Assumptions

The key estimates concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that has a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Estimating the Liabilities related to Previous Development Bank Operations. The estimated liabilities related to previous development bank operations of the Company is based on the management's best estimate of the amount expected to be incurred to settle the obligation based on the terms of the MOA.

Liabilities arising from the MOA as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 10.

Determining the Fair Value of Financial Instruments at Date of Initial Recognition. The Company determines the fair value of financial instruments based on transaction price. As at date of recognition of loans receivable in 2024 and 2023, the Company assessed that the fair value approximates its transaction price (see Note 13).

Assessing the ECL on Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. The Company applies the simplified approach on its receivables and the general approach on all its other financial assets at amortized cost in measuring the ECL. The Company estimates the ECL on its receivables using a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Company assessed that cash in banks are deposited with reputable counterparty banks that possess good credit ratings. For related party transactions and other receivables, the Company considered the available liquid assets of the related parties and letter of guarantee from the stockholders.

The Company assesses that a financial asset is considered credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset have occurred such as significant financial difficulty and cessation of operations of the debtor.

No impairment loss was recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The aggregate carrying amount of cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers) due from related parties and loans receivable as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Notes 4, 5 and 13.

Assessing the Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets. The Company assesses impairment on nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; or
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

No impairment losses were recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The carrying amounts of the Company's nonfinancial assets including advances to officers, employees and service providers, other current assets, investment in a joint venture and property and equipment are disclosed in Notes 5, 6, 8, and 9.

Assessing the Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Company reviews its deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized in the future. The amount of deferred income tax assets that are recognized is based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies to which the deferred income tax assets can be utilized.

The Company has deferred tax liability on loan transaction cost that will reverse in 2025. The Company recognized deferred tax assets on NOLCO that will expire in 2025 to the extent of the deferred tax liability that will reverse. Management believes that there will be no sufficient future taxable profits against which the remaining unrecognized deferred tax assets can be utilized. Details of recognized and unrecognized deferred tax assets are disclosed in Note 12.

4. Cash

This account consists of:

	2024	2023
Cash on hand	₱20,000	₱20,000
Cash in banks	25,118,280	47,760,041
	₱25,138,280	₱47,780,041

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates.

Interest income arises from:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Loans receivable	13	₱10,435,068	₱—	₱—
Amortization of loan transaction cost	13	(493,929)		
Cash in banks		36,948	30,244	10,465
		₱9,978,087	₱30,244	₱10,465

5. Receivables

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023
Loans receivable from a related party	13	₱831,963,571	₱373,000,000
Loans receivable from previous banking operations		62,277,740	62,277,740
Interest receivable	13	11,687,276	—
Advances to officers, employees and service providers		2,136,237	2,419,254
Rent receivables		237,932	237,932
Due from related parties	13	—	217,235
		908,302,756	438,152,161
Less allowance for impairment losses		64,642,007	64,642,007
		843,660,749	373,510,154
Less: current portion of receivables		475,660,749	510,154
Noncurrent portion of loans receivable		₱368,000,000	₱373,000,000

Loans receivable to third parties relates to the Company's previous bank operations which are fully provided with allowance for impairment loss.

Advances to officers, employees and service providers represent unliquidated, noninterest-bearing advances for processing the transfer of title of properties to BDO and PDIC. These are liquidated upon the accomplishment of the purposes for which the advances were granted.

Breakdown of allowance for impairment losses as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Loans receivable from previous banking operation	₱62,277,740
Advances to officers, employees and service providers	2,126,335
Rent receivables	237,932
	₱64,642,007

6. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	2024	2023
CWT	₱2,950,521	₱3,159,222
Input VAT	1,876,749	2,651,713
Prepayments	1,209,807	185,057
	₱6,037,077	₱5,995,992

Prepayments in 2024 mainly pertain to transaction cost paid in advance, mainly documentary stamp tax related to subscribed but unissued shares. This will be applied against APIC once upon issuance of shares.

7. Investment in a Club Share

The Company's investment consists of a club share in Valley Golf & Country Club. The fair value of the club share is determined by reference to published price quotations in an active market.

Movements in this account are as follows:

	2024	2023
Cost		
Balance at beginning of year	₱200,000	₱200,000
Disposal	(200,000)	—
Balance at end of year	—	₱200,000
Cumulative fair value changes		
Balance at beginning of year	4,800,000	3,100,000
Fair value changes	500,000	1,700,000
Disposal	(5,300,000)	—
Balance at end of year	—	4,800,000
	₱—	₱5,000,000

The fair value of the investment in a club share falls under Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

In 2024, the Company sold its investment in a club share at its fair value of ₱5.5 million. As a result, cumulative fair value changes of ₱5.3 million was transferred to deficit upon disposal.

8. Investment in and Advances to a Joint Venture

On June 30, 2023, the Company and ABS-CBN, collectively referred hereinafter as the "Venturers," incorporated Media Serbisyo Production Corp. (MSPC) with a 51:49 ownership interest ratio in accordance with the Joint Venture Agreement (JVA) entered into by the Venturers on May 23, 2023. The Company has a 51% equity with initial subscription of 20,400,000 shares for a total value of ₱20.4 million. ABS-CBN on the other hand, has a 49% equity with initial subscription of 19,600,000 shares for a total value of ₱19.6 million. The JVA provided mainly for the operation and management of MSPC and other matters related to MSPC. MSPC was incorporated with the primary purpose of

developing, producing, and financing content, programs, and shows for distribution by other broadcast networks, channels, or platforms, locally and internationally.

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023
Investment in joint venture		₱20,400,000	₱20,400,000
Advances to the joint venture		15,247,500	–
Cumulative share in net loss		(43,091,139)	(17,142,846)
Liability to joint venture for additional share in net loss	13	(7,443,639)	–
Investment in and advances to the joint venture		₱–	₱3,257,154

Movements in investment in and advances to a joint venture are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
<i>Investment in joint venture</i>			
Balance at beginning of year		₱20,400,000	₱–
Additions		–	20,400,000
Balance at end of year		20,400,000	20,400,000
<i>Cumulative share in net loss</i>			
Balance at beginning of the year		17,142,846	–
Share in net loss		25,948,293	17,142,846
Balance at end of year		43,091,139	17,142,846
<i>Advances to the joint venture</i>	13	15,247,500	–
<i>Liability to the joint venture for additional share in net loss</i>	13	(7,443,639)	–
<i>Investment in and advances to the joint venture</i>		₱–	₱3,257,154

In 2024, MSPC incurred a net loss of ₱50.9 million. Share in net loss amounted to ₱25.9 million which is more than the Company's investment in and advances to MSPC. The JVA has a provision that the joint venture should determine from time to time required additional financing and the venturers if so required will provide additional financing. There are already discussions by management and the BOD of the joint venture of the intention to have a capital call to address the financing requirements. Consequently, the Company recognized a liability for its additional share in the net loss of the joint venture amounting to ₱7.4 million (see Note 13).

The financial information of the MSPC follows:

	2024	2023
Current assets	₱41,213,272	₱34,866,926
Noncurrent assets	1,391,037	–
Current liabilities	85,705,700	27,936,680
Revenues	53,319,069	9,924,802
Net loss	(50,879,005)	(33,613,423)

9. Property and Equipment

Movements in this account are as follows:

	2024		
	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	₱712,800	₱54,375	₱767,175
Additions	16,920	—	16,920
Balance at end of year	729,720	54,375	784,095
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year	211,200	54,375	265,575
Depreciation	128,220	—	128,220
Balance at end of year	339,420	54,375	393,795
Carrying Amount	₱390,300	₱—	₱390,300

	2023		
	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning and end of year	₱712,800	₱54,375	₱767,175
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year	85,800	45,312	131,112
Depreciation	125,400	9,063	134,463
Balance at end of year	211,200	54,375	265,575
Carrying Amount	₱501,600	₱—	₱501,600

In 2022, the Company sold its transportation equipment to a related party with carrying amount of ₱157,700 for ₱200,746. Gain on disposal of transportation equipment amounted to ₱43,046.

10. Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	2024	2023
Liabilities arising from the MOA	₱181,085,178	₱184,038,013
Dividends payable	10,985,443	10,985,443
Accrued expenses	2,223,454	2,036,636
Statutory payables	24,570	18,599
	₱194,318,645	₱197,078,691

The Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in relation to its MOA with BDO and PDIC. As discussed in Note 1, under the MOA dated September 12, 2002 between the Company, BDO and PDIC, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Under the terms of the MOA, the Company holds BDO free from any contingent claims, labor and minority issues and concerns arising from related assets and liabilities until these are assumed by BDO.

Liabilities arising from the MOA pertain mainly to the estimated general cost which may include transfer, processing and legal fees among others as well as taxes in relation to the transfer of assets from the Company's previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Said liabilities also include unremitted collection of assigned receivables and sale of foreclosed properties for the account of PDIC (see Note 1). Additions to the liabilities amounting to ₱21.4 million in 2023 pertain to proceeds from compromise settlements. The Company also paid legal fees of ₱3.0 million and ₱3.7 million in 2024 and 2023, respectively, for legal consultations, litigation costs as well as consolidation and transfer of titles.

Dividends payable pertain to the Company's dividend for cumulative, nonparticipating, nonvoting, redeemable and convertible preferred stock that were declared prior to the Company's incurrence of deficit.

Accrued expenses pertain to accrual of professional fees and association dues, among others. These are normally settled in the next financial year.

Statutory payables are normally settled within the following month.

11. Equity

Capital Stock

Details of capital stock are as follows:

	2024		2023		2022	
	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount
Authorized:						
Preferred stock Series A - ₱1 par value	1,000,000	₱1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	₱1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	₱1,000,000,000
Preferred stock Series B - ₱1 par value	1,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Common stock - ₱1 par value	3,000,000	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
	5,000,000,000	₱5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000	₱5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000	₱5,000,000,000
Issued and outstanding:						
Preferred stock Series A	14,366,260	₱14,366,260	14,366,260	₱14,366,260	14,366,260	₱14,366,260
Common stock						
Issued and outstanding						
Beginning of year	850,298,616	850,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
Issuances	75,000,000	75,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000	—	—
Balance at end of year	925,298,616	925,298,616	850,298,616	850,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
Subscribed						
Beginning of year	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subscriptions	90,000,000	90,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000	—	—
Issuances	(75,000,000)	(75,000,000)	(150,000,000)	(150,000,000)	—	—
Balance at end of year	15,000,000	15,000,000	—	—	—	—
Issued and subscribed common stock	940,298,616	940,298,616	850,298,616	850,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
Total capital stock	954,664,876	₱954,664,876	864,664,876	₱864,664,876	714,664,876	₱714,664,876

The preferred stock Series A and B has the following salient features:

- a. Cumulative, nonparticipating, nonvoting, redeemable and convertible at the option of the Company.
- b. Cash dividend rate initially at 4.50% per annum based on par value, which shall be automatically adjusted to 11.00% per annum upon full payment of the subscription price.
- c. The Company may, at any time at its option, wholly or partially redeem the outstanding preferred stock plus accrued dividends thereon. When such call for redemption is made, the holders of the preferred stock may opt to convert the preferred stock to common stock.

As discussed in Note 1, in 2024, the BOD and shareholders approved the amendment of the AOI of the Company to reflect reduction of par value of preferred shares, reclassification of preferred shares, conversion of preferred shares into common shares, deletion of all provisions relating to the preferred shares and increase in authorized capital, among others.

On January 15, 2025, the SEC approved the reduction in the Company's authorized preferred stock Series A from ₱1,000.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million preferred stocks Series A at ₱1.0 par value a share, to ₱40.0 million, divided into 1,000.0 million common stocks at ₱0.04 par value a share.

As at April 14, 2025, the Company has pending application with the SEC for the amendment of the AOI for the conversion and reclassification of Series A non-voting and convertible preferred shares, creation of Series C non-voting and redeemable preferred shares and reclassification of foreign-owned common shares to Series C non-voting redeemable preferred shares.

On April 4, 2025, the BOD resolved to retain the Series A Preferred Shares until the Corporation is able to obtain approval for a decrease in capital stock, which is necessary to eliminate the fractional shares that would result from the conversion of the remaining Series A Preferred Shares into Common Shares.

Other planned amendments are also discussed in Note 1.

As discussed in Note 1, in 2024, the Company, issued 75,000,000 common shares at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱221.6 million, paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱146.3 million. The common shares were issued to Valiant.

In the same year, 15,000,000 common shares were subscribed by Cymac at ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱44.3 million, to be paid in cash. The shares shall be issued upon full payment. As at December 31, 2024, payment for the subscriptions amounting to ₱25.0 million was received and recognized as subscribed capital at par value amounting to ₱15.0 million and the premiums amounting to ₱10.0 million additional paid-in capital. Cymac has unpaid subscription amounting to ₱19.3 million which is due on or before July 31, 2025. Thus related subscribed shares are not yet issued.

In 2023, the Company, issued additional 150,000,000 common shares at ₱2.70 a share equivalent to ₱405.0 million and paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱253.5 million, net of stock issuance cost of ₱1.5 million. 125,000,000 unissued common shares were issued to Valiant and 25,000,000 unissued common shares were issued to Cymac.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, there is no accrued and unpaid preferential dividend.

12. Income Tax

The Company's provision for current income tax in 2024 and 2022 represents MCIT. In 2023, the Company has no current income tax as it is in a gross and taxable loss position.

Under the "Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprise" (CREATE) Act which took effect on July 1, 2020, the RCIT of domestic corporations is computed at 25% or 20% depending on the amount of total assets or total amount of taxable income. The minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) is computed at 1% of gross income for a period of three years until July 1, 2023 and reverted to 2% effective July 1, 2023.

The income tax rates used in preparing the financial statements are 25% RCIT in 2024 and 2023, and 20% for 2022, and 2%, 1.5% and 1% for MCIT in 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company used 25% regular tax rate in 2023 as the total assets breached the threshold of using a lower tax rate of 20%.

The reconciliation of benefit from current income tax at the statutory income tax rate to the provision for current income tax shown in the statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Income tax computed at statutory tax rates	(P6,354,294)	(P7,577,118)	(P1,240,989)
Changes in unrecognized deferred tax assets	250,067	6,836,677	979,552
Tax effects of:			
Share in a net loss of a joint venture	6,487,073	4,285,712	—
Stock issuance cost	(344,063)	(375,000)	—
Expired MCIT	91,689	53,000	71,360
Nondeductible expenses	87,466	318,079	192,600
Interest income already subjected to final tax	(9,237)	(7,561)	(2,093)
Change in statutory income tax rate	—	(3,533,789)	—
	P208,701	P—	P430

The components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2024	2023
Deferred tax assets:		
Allowance for impairment losses on receivables	P16,160,502	P16,160,502
NOLCO	5,738,273	4,864,325
MCIT	209,131	92,119
	22,107,906	P21,116,946
Deferred tax liability –		
Loan issuance cost	(740,893)	—
	P21,367,013	P21,116,946

As at December 31, 2024, the Company recognized deferred tax assets to the extent of the deferred tax liability on loan transaction cost that will reverse in 2025. The Management believes that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the remaining unrecognized deferred tax assets as at December 31, 2024 amounting to P21.4 million and the unrecognized deferred tax assets amounting to P21.1 million as at December 31, 2023 can be utilized.

As at December 31, 2024, unused NOLCO that can be claimed as deduction from future taxable income are as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Applied	Ending Balance	Expiry Date
2024	P—	P3,495,790	P—	P3,495,790	2027
2023	13,423,553	—	—	13,423,553	2026
2022	5,252,413	—	—	5,252,413	2025
2020	781,334	—	—	781,334	2025
	P19,457,300	P3,495,790	P—	P22,953,090	

Under Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020, NOLCO incurred for the taxable years 2021 and 2020 will be carried over for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss and NOLCO incurred for taxable year 2022 and beyond can be carried over for the next three consecutive years.

As at December 31, 2024, unused MCIT that can be claimed as deduction from future income tax payable are as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Expired	Ending Balance	Expiry Date
2024	P—	P208,701	P—	P208,701	2027
2022	430	—	—	430	2025
2021	91,689	—	91,689	—	2024
	P92,119	P208,701	P91,689	P209,131	

13. Related Party Transactions

Outstanding balances and transactions with related parties are as follows:

		Nature of Transaction	Amount of Transactions		Outstanding Balance	
			2024	2023	2024	2023
Loans receivable						
Entity under common key management	Loan		₱463,963,571	₱—	₱831,963,571	₱373,000,000
Interest receivable						
Entity under common key management	Accrued interest*		₱11,687,276	₱—	₱11,687,276	₱—
Due from related parties						
Entities under common control	Settlement		(₱217,235)	(₱2,100,320)	₱—	₱217,235
Advances to joint venture						
Joint venture	Advances		₱15,247,500	₱—	₱15,247,500	₱—
Due to related parties						
Joint venture (see Note 8)	Additional share in net loss		₱7,443,639	₱—	₱7,443,639	₱—
Entities under common control	Settlement	—	(₱636,744)	—	—	—
Parent Company	Management fee	—	—	13,880,000	13,880,000	
					₱21,323,639	₱13,880,000
Deposit for future stock subscription						
Stockholders	Deposit for future stock subscription		₱214,749,999	₱—	₱214,749,999	₱—

*Including output VAT amounting to P1.3 million

The Company has no other material and/or significant transactions with its related parties in 2024 and 2023.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

Loans Receivable from Philippine Collective Media (PCMC)

Movements in this account are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of the year		₱373,000,000	₱–
Loans granted, including transaction cost		464,457,500	373,000,000
Collections		(5,000,000)	–
Amortization of loan transaction cost	4	(493,929)	–
		831,963,571	373,000,000
Less: current portion		463,963,571	–
Noncurrent portion		₱368,000,000	₱373,000,000

Loan transaction cost pertains to documentary stamp tax paid by the Company. Movements in the loan issuance cost in 2024 follows:

Balance at beginning of the year	₱–
Additions	3,457,500
Amortization	(493,929)
	₱2,963,571

The loan transaction cost is presented as part of the loans receivable and will be amortized over the term of the loan.

In August 2023, the Company granted an unsecured loan to PCMC, a related party under common key management, to acquire key assets necessary to expand business operations nationwide. The loan has no interest on the first year and 7% interest on succeeding years. The loan is to be paid within five years and can be paid in whole or in part at any time without penalty. In December 2024, the Company amended the loan agreement to shorten the term from five year to 30 months with the Company considering to complete its share-for-share swap transaction with GPHI within 2025. Interest income recognized in 2024 amounted to ₱10.4 million (gross of loan issuance cost amortization of ₱0.5 million).

In October 2024, the Company granted another unsecured loan to PCMC amounting to ₱461.0 million for the same purpose. The loan bears interest of 7.5% and is to be paid until December 2025. Loan issuance cost amounted to ₱3.5 million.

Rent Receivables

On February 8, 2018, the Company entered into an operating lease agreement with MMDC for the lease of a transportation equipment until October 7, 2019. In 2022, the Company sold the leased transportation equipment to MMDC for ₱200,746. Gain on disposal of equipment amounted to ₱43,046 (see Note 9).

Outstanding balances with related parties are unsecured, noninterest-bearing (unless otherwise stated in the loan agreement), collectible or payable in cash upon demand. The Company has no provision for impairment loss relating to the loans receivables, advances to a joint venture and amounts due from related parties as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. This assessment is undertaken at each reporting date by taking into consideration the financial position of the related parties and the market at which the related parties operates.

Deposit for Future Stock Subscription

As discussed in Note 1, in 2024, the Company executed another subscription agreements individually with Valiant and Cymac for 86,355,932 common shares and 3,644,068 common shares, respectively, for ₱2.95 a share equivalent to ₱254.7 million and ₱10.8 million, respectively. As the conditions provided in the subscription agreement have not been met, the amounts collected for this subscription amounting to ₱214.7 million as at December 31, 2024 is presented as deposit for future stock subscription and is presented under noncurrent liability section in the statements of financial position.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

There is no compensation of key management personnel in 2024, 2023 and 2022. The Company's accounting and administrative functions are provided by a related party at no cost to the Company.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in relation to its MOA with BDO and PDIC. As discussed in Note 1, under the MOA dated September 12, 2002 between the Company, BDO and PDIC, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Under the terms of the MOA, the Company holds BDO free from any contingent claims, labor and minority issues and concerns arising from related assets and liabilities until these are assumed by BDO.

The Company has accounted for separately the assets from its previous development bank operations pursuant to the MOA. It still has in its possession titles of real estate properties from its development bank operations with an original assigned value of ₱601.6 million per PDIC letter dated September 2016. Moreover, the Company has cash in its custody of ₱15.2 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 arising from the proceeds of the sale and compromise settlement of certain properties.

15. Basic/Diluted Loss Per Share

The basic loss per share is computed as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Net loss	(₱25,625,877)	(₱30,308,471)	(₱6,205,377)
Less dividend rights of preferred stockholders for the year	1,581,671	1,581,671	1,581,671
Loss attributable to common stockholders	(27,207,548)	(31,890,142)	(7,787,048)
Divided by weighted average number of common stock	862,798,616	850,298,616	700,298,616
Basic loss per share	(₱0.032)	(₱0.038)	(₱0.011)

The convertible feature of the Company's preferred stock, the subscribed shares and deposit for future stock subscription have potential antidilutive effect. However, because of the net loss position of the Company, presentation of diluted earnings per share is not applicable.

16. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise of cash, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers), loans receivables, investment in a club share, accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payable) and due to related parties.

The main risks arising from the financial instruments of the Company are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and market risk. The BOD reviews and approves policies for managing the risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligation. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers) and due from related parties and investment in a club share. The carrying amounts of the financial assets represent the Company's gross maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

The Company estimates the ECL on its receivables using a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The tables below present the Company's exposure to credit risk and shows the credit quality of the financial assets by indicating whether the financial assets are subjected to 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL.

	2024			Total
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired	
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks	₱25,118,280	₱—	₱—	₱25,118,280
Receivables*	11,687,276	—	62,515,672	74,202,948
Loans receivable from a related party	—	831,963,571	—	831,963,571
	₱36,805,556	₱831,963,571	₱62,515,672	₱931,284,799

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.1 million and ₱832.0 million, respectively.

	2023			Total
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired	
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks	₱47,760,041	₱—	₱—	₱47,760,041
Receivables*	217,235	—	62,515,672	62,732,907
Loans receivable from a related party	—	373,000,000	—	373,000,000
Financial assets at FVOCI -				
Investment in a club share	5,000,000	—	—	5,000,000
	₱52,977,276	₱373,000,000	₱62,515,672	₱488,492,948

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.4 million and to ₱373.0 million, respectively.

The table below shows the gross maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the Company's statement of financial position, before taking into consideration collateral and other credit enhancements:

	2024				Total
	High Grade	Standard Grade	Past due but Not Impaired	Impaired	
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost					
Cash in banks	₱25,118,280	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱25,118,280
Receivables*	11,687,276	—	—	62,515,672	74,202,948
Loans receivable from a related party	831,963,571	—	—	—	831,963,571
	₱868,769,127	₱—	₱—	₱62,515,672	₱931,284,799

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.1 million and to ₱832.0 million, respectively.

	2023				Total
	High Grade	Standard Grade	Past due but Not Impaired	Impaired	
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost					
Cash in banks	₱47,760,041	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱47,760,041
Receivables*	217,235	—	—	62,515,672	62,732,907
Loans receivable from a related party	373,000,000	—	—	—	373,000,000
	420,977,276	—	—	62,515,672	483,492,948
Financial Asset at FVOCI					
Investment in a club share	5,000,000	—	—	—	5,000,000
	₱425,977,276	₱—	₱—	₱62,515,672	₱488,492,948

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers and loans receivable from a related party amounting to ₱2.4 million and to ₱373.0 million, respectively.

Credit Quality of Financial Assets. The credit quality of the Company's financial assets are being managed by using internal credit ratings such as high grade and standard grade.

High grade - pertains to counterparty who is not expected by the Company to default in settling its obligations, thus credit risk exposure is minimal.

Standard grade - include financial assets that are considered moderately realizable and some accounts which would require some reminder follow-ups to obtain settlement from the counterparty.

The Company has assessed the credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired as high grade.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its financial obligations when they fall due. The Company aims to maintain flexibility by maintaining sufficient cash to meet all foreseeable cash needs.

The Company also maintains a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The policy of the Company is to first exhaust lines available from affiliated companies before local bank lines are availed of. The Company seeks to manage its liquid funds through cash planning on a weekly basis. The Company uses historical figures and experiences and forecasts from its cash receipts and disbursements. As part of its liquidity risk management, the Company regularly evaluates its projected and actual cash flows.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, dividends payable (excluding statutory payable) and amounts due to related parties are generally due and demandable.

Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from a financial instrument (cash flow interest rate risk) or its fair value (fair value interest rate risk) will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's loans receivable is subject to fixed interest rates and is exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's loan receivable amounting ₱832.0 million has no repricing arrangement and is not exposed to fair value interest risk.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk relates to the fair value of quoted club share would decrease as the result of the adverse changes in the quoted club share brought about by both rational and irrational market forces. The market risk of the Company arises mainly from its investments in a club share measured at FVOCI. Impact of fair value changes amounted to ₱1.7 million on the investment as at December 31, 2023. In 2024, the Company sold its investments in a club share, as a result, the Company is not exposed to equity price risk as at December 31, 2024.

Fair Values

The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value and the corresponding fair value hierarchy:

	2024		2023	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Cash	₱25,138,280	₱25,138,280	₱47,780,041	₱47,780,041
Receivables*	11,687,276	11,687,276	217,235	217,235
Loans receivable from a related party	831,963,571	832,064,654	373,000,000	374,555,467
Investment in a club share	—	—	5,000,000	5,000,000
	₱868,789,127	₱868,890,210	₱425,997,276	₱427,552,743
Financial Liabilities				
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities**	₱194,294,075	₱194,294,075	₱197,060,092	₱197,060,092
Due to related parties	21,323,639	21,323,639	13,880,000	13,880,000
	₱215,617,714	₱215,617,714	₱210,940,092	₱210,940,092

*Excluding loan receivable from a related party amounting to ₱832.0 million and ₱373.0 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

**Excluding statutory payables amounting to ₱24,570 and ₱18,599 as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Current Financial Assets and Liabilities. The carrying amounts of cash, receivables (excluding advances from officers, employees and service providers), loans receivable and accrued expenses and dividends payable (excluding statutory payable) and due to related parties approximate their fair values due to the short-term and demand nature and maturities of the transactions. The fair value measurement of current financial assets and liabilities is classified as Level 3 (significant unobservable inputs).

Loans Receivable. The fair value of loans receivables is based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the prevailing interest rates. Discount rate used is 7.38% and 6.25% in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Investment in a Club Share. The fair value of this financial asset was determined based on the current selling price to third parties. The fair value measurement of club share designated as FVOCI is classified as Level 1 wherein the inputs are based on quoted prices in active markets.

There has been no transfer between levels of fair value hierarchy as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

The table below details changes arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes.

	2023	Advances/ Proceeds*	Financing Cash Flows		2024
			Payments	Non-cash items	
Capital stock	₱864,664,876	₱90,000,000	₱—	₱—	₱954,664,876
Additional paid in capital	253,500,000	154,873,750	—	—	408,373,750
Deposit for future stock subscriptions	—	214,749,999	—	—	214,749,999
Due to related parties	13,880,000	—	—	7,443,639	21,323,639
	₱1,132,044,876	₱459,623,749	₱—	₱7,443,639	₱1,599,112,264

*Net of stock issuance cost

	2022	Advances/ Proceeds*	Financing Cash Flows		2023
			Payments	Non-cash items	
Capital stock	₱714,664,876	₱150,000,000	₱—	₱—	₱864,664,876
Additional paid in capital	—	253,500,000	—	—	253,500,000
Deposit for future stock subscriptions	—	—	—	—	—
Due to related parties	14,516,744	—	(636,744)	—	13,880,000
	₱729,181,620	₱403,500,000	(₱636,744)	₱—	₱1,132,044,876

*Net of stock issuance cost

	2021	Advances/ Proceeds	Financing Cash Flows		2022
			Payments	Non-cash items	
Due to related parties	₱13,880,000	—	₱636,744	—	₱14,516,744

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue its operations as a going concern and to maximize shareholder value.

The Company considers its total equity as its capital as follows:

	2024	2023
Capital stock	₱954,664,876	₱864,664,876
Additional paid-in capital	408,373,750	253,500,000
Deficit	(918,204,503)	(897,878,626)
Cumulative fair value changes on investment in a club share	—	4,800,000
	₱444,834,123	₱225,086,250

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, when there are changes in the economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust

dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, or issue new stock. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. The Company is not subject to externally-imposed capital requirements.

Deposit for future stock subscription amounted to ₱214.7 million as at December 31, 2024. The Company's intention of settlement is through issuance of fixed number of shares upon meeting the conditions in the subscription agreement and approval of increase in authorized capital stock by the SEC unless the intention was changed as approved by the BOD and stockholders. The Company will classify the deposit of future stock subscription under equity section of the statements of financial position once application for increase to the SEC is made.



**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS
ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FOR FILING WITH THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero
8741 Paseo de Roxas,
Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company), a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp., as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2025. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Supplementary Schedule on Financial Soundness Indicators, including their definitions, formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, are the responsibility of the Company's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. This schedule is presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not a required part of the basic financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Company's financial statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and no material exceptions were noted.

REYES TACANDONG & Co.

PAMELA ANN P. ESCUADRO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 128829

Tax Identification No. 216-321-918-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-013; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-013-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10467125

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

April 14, 2025
Makati City, Metro Manila

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS
DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

Below is a schedule showing financial soundness indicators for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

Ratio	Formula	2024	2023
Current Ratio			
	Total current assets	₱506,836,106	₱54,286,187
	Divided by: Total current liabilities	215,642,284	210,958,691
	Current Ratio	2.35	0.26
Acid Test Ratio			
	Total current assets	₱506,836,106	₱54,286,187
	Less: Other current assets	6,037,077	5,995,992
	Quick assets	500,799,029	48,290,195
	Divide by: Total current liabilities	215,642,284	210,958,691
	Acid Test Ratio	2.32	0.23
Solvency Ratio			
	Loss before depreciation	(₱25,497,657)	(₱30,174,008)
	Divide by: Total liabilities	430,392,283	210,958,691
	Solvency Ratio	(0.06)	(0.14)
Debt-to-Equity Ratio			
	Total liabilities	₱430,392,283	₱210,958,691
	Divide by: Total equity	444,834,123	253,500,000
	Debt-to-Equity Ratio	0.97	0.94
Asset-to-Equity Ratio			
	Total assets	₱875,226,406	₱436,044,941
	Divide by: Total equity	444,834,123	225,086,250
	Asset-to-Equity Ratio	1.97	1.94
Profitability Ratio			
	Net loss	(₱25,625,877)	(₱30,308,471)
	Divide by: Total equity	444,834,123	225,086,250
	Profitability Ratio	(0.06)	(0.13)



**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS
ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FOR FILING WITH THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero
8741 Paseo de Roxas
Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company), a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp., as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2025. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary schedules as at December 31, 2024 are the responsibility of the Company's management. These supplementary schedules include the following:

- Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration
- Schedules required by Part II of the Revised Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 68
- Conglomerate Map

These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule No. 68 Part II, and are not part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules have been subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

REYES TACANDONG & Co.

PAMELA ANN P. ESCUADRO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 128829

Tax Identification No. 216-321-918-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-013; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-013-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10467125

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

April 14, 2025
Makati City, Metro Manila

**RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION
FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

	Amount
Deficit, beginning of reporting period and as adjusted	(₱897,878,626)
Add/less: Net loss for the current year	(25,625,877)
Add: <u>Category C.2: Unrealized income recognized in profit or loss in prior periods but realized in the current reporting period (net of tax)</u>	
Realized gain from disposal of investment in a club share	5,300,000
Realized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents	—
Adjusted loss for the current year	(20,325,877)
Total deficit, end of the reporting period	(₱918,204,503)

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

**SEC SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES AS REQUIRED BY
PAR. 6 PART II OF REVISED SRC RULE 68
DECEMBER 31, 2024**

Table of Contents

<i>Schedule</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
A	Financial Assets	N/A
B	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	N/A
C	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	N/A
D	Long-Term Debt	N/A
E	Indebtedness to Related Parties	N/A
F	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	N/A
G	Capital Stock	1

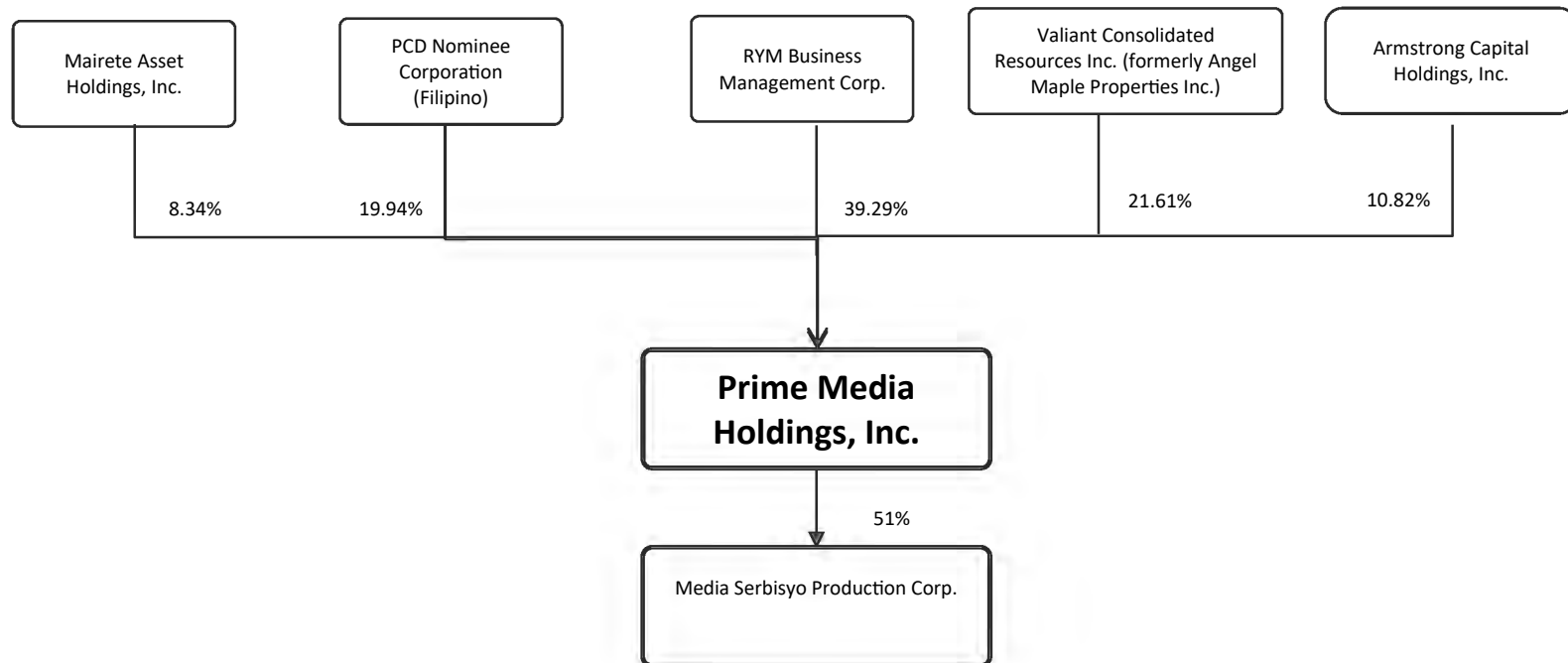
PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

SCHEDULE G - CAPITAL STOCK
DECEMBER 31, 2024

Title of issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding at shown under related balance sheet caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion and other rights	Number of shares held by related parties	Directors, officers and employees	Others
Common Stock	3,000,000,000	925,298,616	—	740,830,986	6,004	184,461,626
Preferred Stock	2,000,000,000	14,366,260	—	—	—	14,366,269
	5,000,000,000	939,664,876	—	740,830,986	6,004	198,827,895

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

CONGLOMERATE MAP
DECEMBER 31, 2024



PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL AUDITOR FEE-RELATED INFORMATION
DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
Total Audit Fees	₱500,000	₱480,000
Non-audit services fees:		
Other assurance services	—	—
Tax services	—	—
All other services	—	—
Total Non-Audit Fees	—	—
Total Audit and Non-audit Fees	₱500,000	₱480,000

Audit and Non-audit Fees of Other Related Entities

	2024	2023
Audit Fees	₱—	₱—
Non-audit services fees:		
Other assurance services	—	—
Tax services	—	—
All other services	—	—
Total Audit and Non-audit Fees of Other Related Entities	₱—	₱—



Jordan Bajamonde <jordan.bajamonde@marcventures.com.ph>

Your BIR AFS eSubmission uploads were received

1 message

eafs@bir.gov.ph <eafs@bir.gov.ph>

Tue, Apr 15, 2025 at 7:51 PM

To: JOANNA.MANZANO@marcventures.com.ph

Cc: JACKY.VALENZUELA@marcventures.com.ph

Hi PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.,

Valid files

- EAFS000491007OTHTY122024.pdf
- EAFS000491007RPTTY122024.pdf
- EAFS000491007ITRTY122024.pdf
- EAFS000491007AFSTY122024.pdf

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- <None>

Transaction Code: **AFS-0-AB9BLG9F0NP3MVPP1MN23V3PY02N3X3RZR**

Submission Date/Time: **Apr 15, 2025 07:51 PM**

Company TIN: **000-491-007**

Please be reminded that you accepted the terms and conditions for the use of this portal and expressly agree, warrant and certify that:

- The submitted forms, documents and attachments are complete, truthful and correct based on the personal knowledge and the same are from authentic records;
- The submission is without prejudice to the right of the BIR to require additional document, if any, for completion and verification purposes;
- The hard copies of the documents submitted through this facility shall be submitted when required by the BIR in the event of audit/investigation and/or for any other legal purpose.

This is a system-generated e-mail. Please do not reply.

**STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY
FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The management of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

Reyes Tacandong & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Signature: _____

Manolito A. Manalo
President/CEO

Signature: _____

Rolando S. Santos
Treasurer

Signed this _____

APR 11 2025

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _____ day of _____

affiant(s) exhibiting to their evidence of identity, as follows:

NAMES	COMPETENT Evidence of Identity (TIN)	DATE OF ISSUE	PLACE OF ISSUE
Manolito A. Manalo	[REDACTED]		
Rolando S. Santos	[REDACTED]		

[REDACTED]

ATTY. ROMEO M. MONFORT
Notary Public City of Makati
Until December 31, 2025
Appointment No. M-032 (2024-2025)
PTR No. 10466008 Jan. 2, 2025/Makati City
IBP No. 488534 Dec. 27, 2024
MCLE NO. VII-0027570 Roll No. 27932
101 Urban Ave. Campos Rueda Bldg.
Brgy. Pio Del Pilar, Makati City

DOC NO. 392
PAGE NO. 80
BOOK NO. 12
SERIES OF 2025



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

THE SEC HEADQUARTERS 7907 Makati Avenue, Salcedo Village, Bel-Air, Makati City
1209 Trunk Line No:02-5322-7696 Email Us:www.sec.gov.ph/imessagemo@sec.gov.ph



The following document has been received:

Receiving: Salvador Baculanta

Receipt Date and Time: April 16, 2024 09:47:50 PM

Company Information

SEC Registration No.: 0000022401

Company Name: PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS INC.

Industry Classification: J66110

Company Type: Stock Corporation

Document Information

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Document Type: Financial Statement

Document Code: FS

Period Covered: December 31, 2023

Submission Type: Annual

Remarks: None

Acceptance of this document is subject to review of forms and contents

COVER SHEET

for AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEC Registration Number

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COMPANY NAME

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PRINCIPAL OFFICE (No./Street/Barangay/City/Town/Province)

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Form Type

A	A	F	S

Department Requiring the Report

C	R	M	D

Secondary License Type, If Applicable

N	/	A

COMPANY INFORMATION

Company's Email Address	Company's Telephone Number/s	Mobile Number
dcc.chinglaw@gmail.com	(02) 8 831-4479	0966-791-2233
No. of Stockholders	Annual Meeting (Month / Day)	Fiscal Year (Month / Day)
1,588	December 5	December 31

CONTACT PERSON INFORMATIONThe designated contact person **MUST** be an Officer of the Corporation

Name of Contact Person	Email Address	Telephone Number/s	Mobile Number
Mr. Rolando S. Santos	rolly.santos@marcventures.com.ph	8 826-8609/8 856-7976	0998-985-0229

OFFICE ADDRESS

16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2: All boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero
8741 Paseo de Roxas
Makati City

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company), a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp., which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to the audit of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our report.

Estimating Liabilities

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the Company has estimated liabilities amounting to ₱184.0 million as at December 31, 2023, primarily related to its previous development banking operations. This matter is significant to our audit because the carrying amount is material and it involves the use of estimates. We have reviewed the reasonableness of management's estimates by performing independent calculations of the estimated costs to be incurred in the future based on the related terms of a Memorandum of Agreement. Further, we reviewed the adequacy of required disclosures presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.



Accounting for Joint Venture

In May 2023, the Company signed a Joint Venture Agreement with ABS-CBN Corporation to form a joint venture entity with a 51:49 structure ratio. The incorporation of the joint venture was completed in June 2023.

Accounting for the joint venture transactions is significant to our audit because it requires management judgment, particularly, in determining the type of joint arrangement in which the Company is involved in and the appropriate accounting treatment. The joint agreement is accounted for in accordance with PFRS 11, *Joint Arrangements*.

We checked the propriety of the type of joint venture agreement as determined by management through review of the joint venture agreement and assessment of the substance of the agreement taking into consideration the structure and form of the arrangement, the terms agreed by the parties in the contractual agreement and other facts and circumstances. We also checked the propriety of the accounting for the joint arrangement and reviewed the adequacy of the required disclosures as presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A (Annual Report) and Annual Report distributed to stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2023, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS, SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report distributed to stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2023 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, these could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Pamela Ann P. Escudro.

REYES TACANDONG & Co.

PAMELA ANN P. ESCUADRO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 128829

Tax Identification No. 216-321-918-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until April 13, 2024

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-013-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10072415

Issued January 2, 2024, Makati City

April 12, 2024

Makati City, Metro Manila

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		December 31	
	Note	2023	2022
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	4	₱47,780,041	₱33,839,166
Receivables	5	292,919	258,200
Due from related parties	13	217,235	2,317,555
Other current assets	6	5,995,992	5,109,828
Total Current Assets		54,286,187	41,524,749
Noncurrent Assets			
Loans receivable	13	373,000,000	–
Investment in a club share	7	5,000,000	3,300,000
Investment in a joint venture	8	3,257,154	–
Property and equipment	9	501,600	636,063
Total Noncurrent Assets		381,758,754	3,936,063
		₱436,044,941	₱45,460,812
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	10	₱197,078,691	₱180,749,347
Due to related parties	13	13,880,000	14,516,744
Total Current Liabilities		210,958,691	195,266,091
Equity			
Capital stock	11	864,664,876	714,664,876
Additional paid-in capital	11	253,500,000	–
Deficit		(897,878,626)	(867,570,155)
Cumulative fair value changes on investment in a club share	7	4,800,000	3,100,000
Total Equity		225,086,250	(149,805,279)
		₱436,044,941	₱45,460,812

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2023	2022	2021
INCOME				
Interest income	4	₱30,244	₱10,465	₱7,257
Gain on sale of equipment	9	—	43,046	—
Reversal of long-outstanding payables	10	—	—	9,168,852
		30,244	53,511	9,176,109
SHARE IN NET LOSS OF A JOINT VENTURE				
	8	(17,142,846)	—	—
EXPENSES				
Outside services		3,982,461	1,028,995	874,759
Professional fees		3,489,430	2,849,961	2,820,853
Taxes and licenses		2,908,035	160,135	117,276
Representation		1,271,316	—	—
Directors' fees		290,000	250,000	110,000
Insurance		259,322	426,087	442,300
Depreciation	9	134,463	89,725	326,275
Transportation and travel		128,408	74,818	6,199
Association dues		74,585	58,891	58,985
Membership fees		51,643	53,892	29,245
Penalties		1,000	962,999	379,500
Impairment loss on receivables	5	—	—	5,541,667
Others		605,206	302,955	85,827
		13,195,869	6,258,458	10,792,886
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(30,308,471)	(6,204,947)	(1,616,777)
PROVISION FOR CURRENT INCOME TAX	12	—	430	91,689
NET LOSS		(30,308,471)	(6,205,377)	(1,708,466)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
<i>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>				
Unrealized fair value change on investment in a club share	7	1,700,000	1,550,000	750,000
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		(₱28,608,471)	(₱4,655,377)	(₱958,466)
Basic/Diluted Loss Per Share	15	(₱0.038)	(₱0.011)	(₱0.005)

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2023	2022	2021
CAPITAL STOCK	11			
Preferred stock - ₱1 par value		₱14,366,260	₱14,366,260	₱14,366,260
Common stock - ₱1 par value				
Balance at beginning of year		700,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
Issuance		150,000,000	—	—
Balance at end of year		850,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
		864,664,876	714,664,876	714,664,876
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	11			
Balance at beginning of year		—	—	—
Premiums from issuance of common shares		255,000,000	—	—
Stock issuance cost		(1,500,000)	—	—
Balance at end of year		253,500,000	—	—
DEFICIT				
Balance at beginning of year		(867,570,155)	(861,364,778)	(859,656,312)
Net loss		(30,308,471)	(6,205,377)	(1,708,466)
Balance at end of year		(897,878,626)	(867,570,155)	(861,364,778)
CUMULATIVE FAIR VALUE CHANGES ON INVESTMENT IN A CLUB SHARE	7			
Balance at beginning of year		3,100,000	1,550,000	800,000
Unrealized fair value gain		1,700,000	1,550,000	750,000
Balance at end of year		4,800,000	3,100,000	1,550,000
		₱225,086,250	(₱149,805,279)	(₱145,149,902)

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2023	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Loss before income tax		(P30,308,471)	(P6,204,947)	(P1,616,777)
Adjustments for:				
Share in net loss of a joint venture	8	17,142,846	—	—
Interest income	4	(30,244)	(10,465)	(7,257)
Depreciation	9	134,463	89,725	326,275
Gain on sale of transportation equipment	9	—	(43,046)	—
Reversal of long-outstanding payables	10	—	—	(9,168,852)
Impairment loss on receivables	5	—	—	5,541,667
Operating loss before working capital changes		(13,061,406)	(6,168,733)	(4,924,944)
Decrease (increase) in:				
Receivables		(34,719)	26,994,160	(20,460)
Due from related parties		2,100,320	5,364,349	91,724
Other current assets		(886,164)	(411,831)	(195,159)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		16,329,344	729,765	4,011,098
Due to related parties		(636,744)	636,744	—
Net cash generated from (used for) operations		3,810,631	27,144,454	(1,037,741)
Interest received		30,244	10,465	7,257
Income tax paid		—	(430)	(91,689)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		3,840,875	27,154,489	(1,122,173)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Loans granted	13	(373,000,000)	—	—
Investment in a joint venture	8	(20,400,000)	—	—
Additions to property and equipment	9	—	(627,000)	—
Proceeds from sale of transportation equipment	9	—	200,746	—
Net cash used in investing activities		(393,400,000)	(426,254)	—
CASH FLOW FROM A FINANCING ACTIVITY				
Net proceeds from issuance of shares at a premium		403,500,000	—	—
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		13,940,875	26,728,235	(1,122,173)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		33,839,166	7,110,931	8,233,104
CASH AT END OF YEAR	4	P47,780,041	P33,839,166	P7,110,931

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 AND
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021

1. Corporate Information

Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company) was originally incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 6, 1963 as Private Development Corporation of the Philippines. In October 2003, the SEC approved the amendment of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, changing its primary purpose from a development bank to a holding company. On March 4, 2013, the SEC approved the extension of the Company's corporate life for another 50 years. However, in accordance with the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, effective February 23, 2019, the Company was automatically accorded perpetual existence.

On July 9, 1964, the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE) approved the public listing of the Company's shares of stock. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, there are 663,713,458 common shares and 672,435,425 common shares, respectively, that are publicly listed.

In 2002, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities arising from its development banking operations to Banco de Oro Unibank, Inc. (BDO) and Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC) under a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA). As at the date of the report, the Company is still in the process of transferring titles of real estate properties that are still in its possession (see Notes 10 and 14).

The Company is a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp. (RYM or the Parent Company), a holding company registered and domiciled in the Philippines.

The Company's registered office and principal place of business is at 16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation (AOI)

On August 15, 2022 and on September 23, 2022, the Board of Directors (BOD) and the stockholders, respectively, approved, among others, the deletion of all provisions relating to the Company's preferred shares, the conversion of the preferred shares to common shares and the increase of the authorized capital stock to up to ₱7 billion, divided into 7,000,000,000 common shares at ₱1.00 par value a share. The amendments of the AOI is pending approval by the SEC as at April 12, 2024.

Additional Capital

In 2023, the Company, issued 150,000,000 common shares at ₱2.70 a share equivalent to ₱405.0 million paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱253.5 million, net of stock issuance cost of ₱1.5 million. The common shares were issued to (i) Angel Maple Properties, Inc. (now known as Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc.) for 125,000,000 unissued common shares and (ii) Cymac Holdings Corporation for 25,000,000 unissued common shares. Angel Maple Properties, Inc. and Cymac Holdings Corporation are separate and distinct entities not acting in concert in the subscriptions of the unissued shares of the Company.

MOA with Philippine CollectiveMedia Corporation (PCMC)

In 2021, the Company entered into a MOA, with the majority stockholders of a mass media entity, Philippine CollectiveMedia Corporation (“PCMC Shareholders”), subscribing to 70% of the Company’s outstanding capital stock in exchange for PCMC shares to obtain the business, assets and ownership of PCMC. With PCMC’s national franchise, the Company may use this as a leverage to provide other content providers an avenue to broadcast their contents, regionally and nationwide, for profit.

On August 15, 2022 and September 23, 2022, the BOD and stockholders, respectively, approved to amend the PCMC MOA to take into account the subsequent acquisition of PCMC by Golden Peregrine Holdings, Inc. (GPHI) which is also owned 100% by the PCMC Shareholders. The BOD and stockholders also approved the subscription by certain GPHI shareholders to 1,679,966,400 common shares to be issued from the proposed increase in authorized capital stock of the Company in view of the amendment of the PCMC MOA.

On January 18, 2023, the BOD approved the Amendment of the MOA with GPHI to:

- (a) Change the Exchange Ratio to 4,700 PRIM shares for 1 Golden Peregrine share pursuant to the updated appraisal report;
- (b) Subscription by GPHI Stockholders to 1,645,000,000 PRIM Common Shares to be issued from the proposed increase in authorized capital stock in consideration of the assignment of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of GPHI pursuant to the updated appraisal report; and
- (c) Other provisions which require updating and affected by the amendments aforementioned.

Joint Venture Agreement with ABS-CBN Corporation (ABS-CBN)

On May 23, 2023, the BOD approved the Joint Venture Agreement with ABS-CBN to form a joint venture entity, which was eventually incorporated on June 30, 2023 (see Note 8). The Company shall have 51% equity with initial subscription of 20,400,000 shares for a total value of ₱20.4 million. ABS-CBN on the other hand, shall have 49% equity with initial subscription of 19,600,000 shares for a total value of ₱19.6 million. The Joint Venture is incorporated primarily for the purpose of developing, producing, and financing content, programs, and shows for distribution by other broadcast networks, channels, or platforms, locally and internationally.

Approval of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were approved and authorized for issuance by the BOD on April 12, 2024, as endorsed by the Audit Committee on the same date.

2. Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC).

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

Measurement Bases

The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (Peso), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded to the nearest Peso, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment in a club share which was classified and measured as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset and the fair value of the consideration received in exchange for incurring liability.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the transaction date. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

The Company uses observable market data to a possible extent when measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in Notes 7 and 16.

Adoption of Amendments to PFRS

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the following amendments to PFRS effective January 1, 2023:

- Amendments to PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, and PFRS Practice Statement 2, *Making Materiality Judgments - Disclosure Initiative - Accounting Policies* – The amendments require an entity to disclose its material accounting policies, instead of its significant accounting policies and provide guidance on how an entity applies the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures. In assessing the materiality of accounting policy information, entities need to consider both the size of the transactions, other events or conditions and its nature. The amendments clarify (1) that accounting policy information may be material because of its nature, even if the related amounts are immaterial, (2) that accounting policy information is material if users of an entity's financial statements would need it to understand other material information in the financial statements, and (3) if an entity discloses immaterial accounting policy information, such information should not obscure material accounting policy information. In addition, PFRS Practice Statement 2 is amended by adding guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the 'four-step materiality process' to accounting policy information.
- Amendments to PAS 8, *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - Definition of Accounting Estimates* – The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies, and the correction of errors. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". An entity develops an accounting estimate if an accounting policy requires an item in the financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty. The amendments clarify that a change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not a correction of an error, and that the effects of a change in an input or a measurement technique used to develop an accounting estimate are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors. A change in an accounting estimate may affect only the profit or loss in the current period, or the profit or loss of both the current and future periods.
- Amendments to PAS 12, *Income Taxes - Deferred Tax Related Assets and Liabilities from a Single Transaction* – The amendments require companies to recognize deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences.
- Amendments to PAS 1, *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent* – The amendments clarify the requirements for an entity to have the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. The amendments also specify and clarify the following: (i) an entity's right to defer settlement must exist at the end of the reporting period, (ii) the classification is unaffected by management's intentions or expectations about whether the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement, (iii) how lending conditions affect classification, and (iv) requirements for classifying liabilities where an entity will or may settle by issuing its own equity instruments.

The adoption of the amendments to PFRS did not materially affect the financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures were included in the financial statements, as applicable.

Amended PFRS Issued But Not Yet Effective

Relevant amended PFRS, which are not yet effective as at December 31, 2023 and have not been applied in preparing the financial statements, are summarized below.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024:

- Amendments to PAS 1, *Noncurrent Liabilities with Covenants* – The amendments clarified that covenants to be complied with after the reporting date do not affect the classification of debt as current or noncurrent at the reporting date. Instead, the amendments require the entity to disclose information about these covenants in the notes to the financial statements. The amendments must be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. If applied in earlier period, the Company shall also apply Amendments to PAS 1 - *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent* for that period.
- Amendments to PAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows* and PFRS 7, *Financial Instrument: Disclosures - Supplier Finance Arrangements* – The amendments introduced new disclosure requirements to enable users of the financial statements assess the effects of supplier finance arrangements on the liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. The amendments also provide transitional relief on certain aspects, particularly on the disclosures of comparative information. Earlier application is permitted.

Deferred effectivity -

- Amendments to PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, and PAS 28 - *Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* – The amendments address a conflicting provision under the two standards. It clarifies that a gain or loss shall be recognized fully when the transaction involves a business, and partially if it involves assets that do not constitute a business. The effective date of the amendments, initially set for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, was deferred indefinitely in December 2015 but earlier application is still permitted.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing amended PFRS is not expected to have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures will be included in the financial statements, as applicable.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Date of Recognition. The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable is done using settlement date accounting.

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), includes transaction cost.

“Day 1” Difference. Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a “Day 1” difference) in profit or loss. In cases where there is no observable data on inception, the Company deems the

transaction price as the best estimate of fair value and recognizes “Day 1” difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the “Day 1” difference.

Classification. The Company classifies its financial assets at initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at FVPL, (b) financial assets at amortized cost, and (c) financial assets at FVOCI. Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified as either financial liabilities at FVPL or other financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Company’s business model.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company does not have financial assets and liabilities at FVPL.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. A financial asset shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company’s cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers), due from related parties and loans receivable are classified under this category.

Financial Assets at FVOCI. Equity securities which are not held for trading may be irrevocably designated at initial recognition under the FVOCI category.

Financial assets at FVOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, financial assets at FVOCI are measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) and are included under “Other comprehensive income” account in the equity section of the statements of financial position. These fair value changes are recognized in equity and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. On disposal of these equity securities, any cumulative unrealized valuation gains will be reclassified to retained earnings.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company’s investment in a club share of Valley Golf & Country Club is classified under this category.

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payables) and amounts due to related parties are classified under this category.

Reclassification of Financial Assets

The Company reclassifies its financial assets when, and only when, it changes its business model for managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model (reclassification date).

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in OCI.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at amortized cost, any gain or loss previously recognized in OCI, and any difference between the new amortized cost and maturity amount, are amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest method. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at FVPL, the financial asset continues to be measured at fair value.

Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

The Company records an allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized by the Company when:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or

- the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the assets, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risk and rewards of the assets, but has transferred control over the asset.

When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset, if any, is measured at the lower of original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to pay.

Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, or cancelled or has expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of the new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. Reversal of financial liabilities arising from transactions that are not expected to be settled as the same is either discharged by the creditor or discontinued or cancelled are recognized as "Reversal of long-outstanding payables" line item in the statements of comprehensive income.

Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position.

Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

Other Current Assets

This account mainly consists of creditable withholding taxes (CWT) and input value-added tax (VAT).

CWT. CWT represent the amount withheld by the Company's customers in relation to its income. CWT can be utilized as payment for income taxes provided that these are properly supported by certificates of creditable tax withheld at source subject to the rules on Philippine income taxation. CWT are stated at estimated net realizable value.

VAT. Revenues, expenses and assets are generally recognized net of the amount of VAT, except:

- where the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable; and
- receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of tax included.

The net amount of VAT recoverable from the taxation authority is included as part of “Other current assets” account in the statements of financial position.

Investment in a Joint Venture

Joint arrangements represents activities where the Parent Company has joint control established by a contractual agreement. Joint control requires unanimous consent for financial and operational decisions. A joint arrangement is either a joint operation, whereby the parties have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities, or a joint venture, whereby the parties have rights to the net assets.

Classification of a joint arrangement as either joint operation or joint venture requires judgment.

Management’s considerations include, but are not limited to, determining if the arrangement is structured through a separate vehicle and whether the legal form and contractual arrangements give the entity direct rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities within the normal course of business. Other facts and circumstances are also assessed by management, including the entity’s rights to the economic benefits of assets and its involvement and responsibility for settling liabilities associated with the arrangement.

The Company accounted for its interest in Media Serbisyo Production Corp (MSPC) as a joint venture (see Note 8).

Investment in a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recorded at cost and thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Company’s share in net assets of the joint venture. The statement of comprehensive income reflects the Company’s share in the results of operations of the joint venture.

The financial statements of the joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. Adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company.

The considerations made in determining significant influence on joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that nonfinancial assets may be impaired when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and if the carrying amount exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, nonfinancial assets are written down to its recoverable amount, which is the greater of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm’s length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties less cost of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current

market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. In such instance, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. However, that increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss.

Equity

Capital Stock. Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued and outstanding.

Additional Paid-in Capital. Additional paid-in capital includes any premium received in the issuances of capital stock. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from additional paid-in capital, net of tax.

Deficit. Deficit represents the cumulative balance of the Company's results of operations.

Cumulative Fair Value Changes on Investment in a Club Share. This account comprises of unrealized fair value changes of the investment that is not recognized in profit or loss for the year in accordance with PFRS.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied at a point in time or over time.

The Company also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Company has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue source.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized.

Interest Income. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset.

Expense Recognition

Expenses constitute cost of administering the business. These costs are expensed upon receipt of goods, utilization of services, or when the expense is incurred.

Income Taxes

Current Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount is the one that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of any unused tax credits from the excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax (RCIT) and any unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused excess MCIT over RCIT and unused NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items directly recognized in equity as OCI.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates and tax laws that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Basic and Diluted Loss per Share

The Company computes its basic loss per share by dividing net loss for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted loss per share amounts are computed in the same manner, adjusted for the dilutive effect of any potential common shares. There is no such information in 2023, 2022 and 2021 because the Company has no dilutive potential common shares and is in a net loss position.

Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the transactions with any of the Company's other components. The Company has only one segment which is as a holding company.

Related Parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Related party transactions are considered material and/or significant if these transactions amount to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets or if there are several transactions or a series of transactions over a twelve-month period with the same related party amounting to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are made using the best estimates of the amount required to settle the obligation and are discounted to present values using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. Changes in estimates are reflected in profit or loss in the period these arise.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. They are disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events after the Reporting Date

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's financial position at the end of reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are non-adjusting are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material.

3. Significant Judgment, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with PFRS requires management to exercise judgments, make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. The judgment and estimates used in the financial statements are based on management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the reporting date. While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgment, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Classifying the Financial Instruments. The Company exercises judgment in classifying a financial instrument on initial recognition either as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument. The substance of a financial instrument, rather than its legal form, governs its classification in the statements of financial position.

The Company classified its investment in a club share as financial asset at FVOCI (see Note 7).

Assessing the Distinction Between Joint Operation and Joint Venture. The Company determines whether a joint arrangement qualifies as a joint operation or a joint venture. In making its judgment, the Company assesses whether it has joint control and has rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement or it has joint control and has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, in which case the arrangement shall be classified as a joint operation or a joint venture, respectively, as the case may be. The Company considers each arrangement separately in making its judgment.

The Company assessed that the joint arrangement qualifies as a joint venture and to be accounted using equity method in accordance with PAS 28, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* (see Note 8).

Determining the Fair Value of Financial Instruments. PFRS requires certain financial assets and liabilities to be carried at fair value, which requires extensive use of accounting estimates. While significant components of fair value measurement were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the amount of changes in fair value would differ if the Company utilized different valuation methodologies. Any changes in fair value of these financial assets would affect profit and loss and equity.

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 16.

Evaluating the Contingencies. The Company is a party to certain lawsuits or claims arising from the ordinary course of business. However, the Company's management and legal counsel believe that eventual liabilities under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Estimates and Assumptions

The key estimates concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that has a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Estimating the Liabilities related to Previous Development Bank Operations. The estimated liabilities related to previous development bank operations of the Company is based on the management's best estimate of the amount expected to be incurred to settle the obligation based on the terms of the MOA.

Liabilities arising from the MOA amounted to ₱184.0 million and ₱166.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 10).

Determining Fair Value of Financial Instruments at Date of Initial Recognition. The Company determines the fair value of financial instruments based on transaction price. As at date of recognition of financial instruments in 2023 and 2022, the Company assessed that the fair value of the financial instruments approximates its transaction price.

Assessing the ECL on Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. The Company applies the simplified approach on its receivables and the general approach on all its other financial assets at amortized cost in measuring the ECL. The Company estimates the ECL on its receivables using a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Company assessed that cash in banks are deposited with reputable counterparty banks that possess good credit ratings. For related party transactions and other receivables, the Company considered the available liquid assets of the related parties and letter of guarantee from the stockholders.

The Company assesses that a financial asset is considered credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset have occurred such as significant financial difficulty and cessation of operations of the debtor.

No impairment loss was recognized in 2023 and 2022. In 2022, the Company has written-off receivables amounting to ₱5.5 million (see Note 5).

The aggregate carrying amount of cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers) due from related parties and loans receivable amounted to ₱421.0 million and ₱36.2 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 4, 5 and 13).

Assessing the Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets. The Company assesses impairment on nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; or
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

No impairment losses were recognized in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

The carrying amounts of the Company's nonfinancial assets are as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
Advances to officers, employees and service providers	5	₱292,919	₱258,200
Other current assets	6	5,995,992	5,109,828
Investment in a joint venture	8	3,257,154	—
Property and equipment	9	501,600	636,063

Assessing the Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Company reviews its deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized in the future. The amount of deferred income tax assets that are recognized is based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies to which the deferred income tax assets can be utilized.

The Company's unrecognized deferred tax assets amounted to ₱21.1 million and ₱14.3 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 12). Management believes that there will be no sufficient future taxable profits against which these deferred tax assets can be utilized.

4. Cash

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Cash on hand	₱20,000	₱5,000
Cash in banks	47,760,041	33,834,166
	₱47,780,041	₱33,839,166

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates.

Interest income amounted to ₱30,244, ₱10,465 and ₱7,257 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

5. Receivables

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Loans receivable	₱62,277,740	₱62,277,740
Advances to officers, employees and service providers	2,419,254	2,384,535
Rent receivables	237,932	237,932
	64,934,926	64,900,207
Less allowance for impairment losses	64,642,007	64,642,007
	₱292,919	₱258,200

Loans receivable are loans granted to third parties related to the Company's previous bank operations and are fully provided with allowance for impairment loss.

Advances to officers, employees and service providers represent unliquidated, noninterest-bearing advances for processing the transfer of title of properties to BDO and PDIC. These are liquidated upon the accomplishment of the purposes for which the advances were granted.

Breakdown of allowance for impairment losses as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Loans receivable	₱62,277,740
Advances to officers, employees and service providers	2,126,335
Rent receivables	237,932
	₱64,642,007

Movements of allowance for impairment loss in 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year		₱64,642,007	₱70,183,674
Write-off	13	—	(5,541,667)
Balance at end of year		₱64,642,007	₱64,642,007

In 2022, the Company wrote-off interest receivables from a related party amounting to ₱5.5 million. This was approved by the BOD on April 11, 2023 (see Note 13).

6. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
CWT and excess tax credits	₱3,159,222	₱3,159,222
Input VAT	2,651,713	1,608,549
Prepayments	185,057	342,057
	₱5,995,992	₱5,109,828

Prepayments mainly pertain to prepaid insurance.

7. Investment in a Club Share

The Company's investment consists of a club share in Valley Golf & Country Club. The fair value of the club share is determined by reference to published price quotations in an active market.

Movements in this account are as follows:

	2023	2022
Cost	₱200,000	₱200,000
Cumulative unrealized gains on fair value changes		
Balance at beginning of year	3,100,000	1,550,000
Fair value changes	1,700,000	1,550,000
Balance at end of year	4,800,000	3,100,000
	₱5,000,000	₱3,300,000

The fair value of the investment in a club share falls under Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

8. Investment in a Joint Venture

As discussed in Note 1, on June 30, 2023, the Company and ABS-CBN, collectively referred hereinafter as the “Venturers,” incorporated MSPC with a 51:49 ownership interest ratio in accordance with the Joint Venture Agreement (JVA) entered into by the Venturers on May 23, 2023. The JVA provided mainly for the establishment, operation and management of MSPC and certain other matters related to MSPC. MSPC was incorporated with a primary purpose of developing, producing, and financing content, programs, and shows for distribution by other broadcast networks, channels, or platforms, locally and internationally.

Details of investments in a joint venture during the year are as follows:

Investment to the joint venture	₱20,400,000
Share in net loss	(17,142,846)
Balance at end of year	₱3,257,154

The financial information of the MSPC as at and for the period ended December 31, 2023 follows:

Current assets	₱35,517,329
Current liabilities	27,936,680
Revenues	9,924,802
Net loss	(33,613,423)

9. Property and Equipment

Movements in this account are as follows:

	2023		Total
	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	
Cost			
Balance at beginning and end of year	₱712,800	₱54,375	₱767,175
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year	85,800	45,312	131,112
Depreciation	125,400	9,063	134,463
Balance at end of year	211,200	54,375	265,575
Carrying Amount	₱501,600	₱—	₱501,600

	2022		
	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	₱85,800	₱1,631,375	₱1,717,175
Additions	627,000	–	627,000
Disposal	–	(1,577,000)	(1,577,000)
Balance at end of year	712,800	54,375	767,175
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year	85,800	1,374,887	1,460,687
Depreciation	–	89,725	89,725
Disposal	–	(1,419,300)	(1,419,300)
Balance at end of year	85,800	45,312	131,112
Carrying Amount	₱627,000	₱9,063	₱636,063

In 2022, the Company sold its transportation equipment to a related party with carrying amount of ₱157,700 for ₱200,746. Gain on disposal of transportation equipment amounted to ₱43,046.

10. Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	2023	2022
Liabilities arising from the MOA	₱184,038,013	₱166,304,972
Dividends payable	10,985,443	10,985,443
Accrued expenses	2,036,636	3,379,895
Statutory payables	18,599	79,037
	₱197,078,691	₱180,749,347

Liabilities arising from the MOA pertain mainly to the estimated general cost on the transfer and related fees and taxes for the transfer of assets from the Company's previous development bank operations to BDO and PDIC and other related liabilities, primarily from unremitted collection of assigned receivables and sale of foreclosed properties for the account of PDIC (see Note 1). Additions to the liabilities arising from the MOA in 2023 and 2022 amounted to ₱21.4 million and ₱2.0 million, respectively. The Company also paid ₱3.7 million during the year for processing of transfer of titles.

Dividends payable pertain to the Company's dividend for cumulative, nonparticipating, nonvoting, redeemable and convertible preferred stock that were declared prior to the Company's incurrence of deficit.

Accrued expenses pertain to accrual of professional fees and association dues, among others. These are normally settled in the next financial year.

Statutory payables is normally settled within the following month.

In 2021, the Company reversed long-outstanding payables aggregating ₱9.2 million related to rental deposits not claimed by previous tenants and other payables not expected to be settled or discharge. The reversal was subsequently approved by the Company's BOD on April 12, 2022.

11. Equity

Capital Stock

Details of capital stock as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 account are as follows:

	2023		2022	
	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount
Authorized:				
Preferred stock Series A - ₱1 par value	1,000,000,000	₱1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	₱1,000,000,000
Preferred stock Series B - ₱1 par value	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Common stock - ₱1 par value	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
	5,000,000,000	₱5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000	₱5,000,000,000
Issued and outstanding:				
Preferred stock Series A	14,366,260	₱14,366,260	14,366,260	₱14,366,260
Common stock				
Beginning of year	700,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
Issuance	150,000,000	150,000,000	–	–
End of year	850,298,616	850,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
	864,664,876	₱864,664,876	714,664,876	₱714,664,876

The preferred stock Series A and B has the following salient features:

- Cumulative, nonparticipating, nonvoting, redeemable and convertible at the option of the Company.
- Cash dividend rate initially at 4.50% per annum based on par value, which shall be automatically adjusted to 11.00% per annum upon full payment of the subscription price.
- The Company may, at any time at its option, wholly or partially redeem the outstanding preferred stock plus accrued dividends thereon. When such call for redemption is made, the holders of the preferred stock may opt to convert the preferred stock to common stock.

As discussed in Note 1, in 2022, the BOD and shareholders approved the amendment of the AOI of the Company to reflect conversion of preferred shares into common shares, deletion of all provisions relating to the preferred shares and increase in authorized capital. As at April 12, 2024, the application for the amendments of AOI is pending SEC approval.

Other planned amendments are also discussed in Note 1.

As discussed in Note 1, the Company, issued additional 150,000,000 common shares at ₱2.70 a share equivalent to ₱405.0 million and paid for in cash, resulting to additional paid-in capital amounting to ₱253.5 million, net of stock issuance cost of ₱1.5 million. The shares were issued to Angel Maple Properties, Inc. (now known as Valiant Consolidated Resources Inc.) for 125,000,000 unissued common shares and (ii) Cymac Holdings Corporation for 25,000,000 unissued common shares.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, there is no accrued and unpaid preferential dividend.

12. Income Tax

The Company has no current income tax in 2023 as it is in a gross and taxable loss position. The provision for current income tax in 2022 and 2021 represents MCIT.

On March 26, 2021, the “Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprise” (CREATE) was approved and signed into law by the country’s President. Under the CREATE, the RCIT of domestic corporations was revised from 30% to 25% or 20% depending on the amount of total assets or total amount of taxable income. In addition, the MCIT was changed from 2% to 1% of gross income for a period of three years. The changes in the income tax rates retrospectively became effective beginning July 1, 2020. The impact of change in 2020 was applied in 2021.

The rate of MCIT for domestic corporations shall revert to two percent (2%) based on the gross income starting July 1, 2023. The impact of the revision was accounted for in 2023.

The income tax rates used in preparing the financial statements are 25% and 20% for RCIT in 2023 and 2022, respectively, and 1.5% and 1% for MCIT in 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company used 25% regular tax rate in 2023 as the total assets breached the threshold allowing the Company to use the lower regular tax rate of 20%. As a result, unrecognized deferred tax assets which was previously measured at 20% is now measured using the 25%.

The reconciliation of benefit from current income tax at the statutory income tax rate to the provision for current income tax shown in the statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Income tax computed at statutory tax rate	(₱7,577,118)	(₱1,240,989)	(₱323,355)
Changes in unrecognized deferred tax assets	6,836,677	979,552	(7,916,007)
Tax effects of:			
Share in a net loss of a joint venture	4,285,712	—	—
Stock issuance cost	(375,000)	—	—
Nondeductible expenses	318,079	192,600	1,184,833
Expired MCIT	53,000	71,360	175,322
Interest income already subjected to final tax	(7,561)	(2,093)	(1,451)
Change in statutory income tax rate	(3,533,789)	—	6,972,347
	₱—	₱430	₱91,689

The components of the Company’s unrecognized deferred tax assets are as follows:

	2023	2022
Allowance for impairment losses on receivables	₱16,160,502	₱12,928,401
NOLCO	4,864,325	1,206,749
MCIT	92,119	145,119
	₱21,116,946	₱14,280,269

No deferred tax assets were recognized as it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

As at December 31, 2023, unused NOLCO that can be claimed as deduction from future taxable income are as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Applied	Ending Balance	Expiry Date
2023	P—	P13,423,553	P—	P13,423,553	2026
2022	5,252,413	—	—	5,252,413	2025
2020	781,334	—	—	781,334	2025
	P6,033,747	P13,423,553	P—	P19,457,300	

Under Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020, NOLCO incurred for the taxable years 2021 and 2020 will be carried over for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss and NOLCO incurred for taxable year 2022 and beyond can be carried over for the next three consecutive years.

As at December 31, 2023, unused MCIT that can be claimed as deduction from future income tax payable are as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Expired	Ending Balance	Expiry Date
2022	P430	P—	P—	P430	2025
2021	91,689	—	—	91,689	2024
2020	53,000	—	(53,000)	—	2023
	P145,119	P—	(P53,000)	P92,119	

13. Related Party Transactions

Outstanding balances and transactions with related parties are as follows:

	Nature of Transaction	Amount of Transaction		Outstanding Balance	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Receivables					
Loans Receivable					
Entity under common key management	Loan Collections	P373,000,000	P— 26,000,000	P373,000,000	P— —
				P373,000,000	P—
Due from related parties					
	Advances				
Entities under common control	(Settlement)	(P2,100,320)	(P5,364,349)	P217,235	P2,317,555
Due to related parties					
	Advances				
Entities under common control	(Settlement)	(P636,744)	P636,744	P—	P636,744
Parent Company	Management fee	—	—	13,880,000	13,880,000
				P13,880,000	P14,516,744

The Company has no other material and/or significant transactions with its related parties in 2023 and 2022.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

Loans Receivable to Entities with Common Stockholders

Loans Receivable from Philippine Collective Media (PCMC)

In August 2023, the Company granted an unsecured loan to PCMC, a related party under common key management, for the payments of its liabilities, acquisition of equipment, operations, and expansion of its business. The loan has no interest on the first year and 7.5% interest on succeeding years. The loan is to be paid within five years and can be paid in whole or in part at any time without penalty.

Loans Receivable from Marcventures Mining and Development Corporation (MMDC)

In 2018, the Company entered into an unsecured loan agreement with MMDC, a related party under common control, at 10% a year. The loan is due and demandable.

As at December 31, 2021, the Company has loans receivable amounting to ₱26.0 million. The Company fully collected the outstanding loan receivable in 2022.

Management has assessed that the outstanding interest receivable on the loan receivable was impaired in 2021, thus the Company recognized an impairment loss amounting to ₱5.5 million in the statement of comprehensive income and wrote-off the interest receivables in 2022. This was approved by the BOD on April 11, 2023. The interest from the loan receivable for 2021 was waived and no interest income was recognized for the year. This was approved by the BOD on April 12, 2022.

Rent Receivables

On February 8, 2018, the Company entered into an operating lease agreement with MMDC for the lease of a transportation equipment until October 7, 2019. In 2022, the Company sold the leased transportation equipment to MMDC for ₱200,746. Gain on disposal of equipment amounted to ₱43,046 (see Note 9).

Outstanding balances with related parties are unsecured, noninterest-bearing (unless otherwise stated in the loan agreement), collectible or payable in cash upon demand. The Company has no provision for impairment loss relating to the loans receivables and amounts due from related parties as at December 31, 2023 and 2022. This assessment is undertaken at each reporting date by taking into consideration the financial position of the related parties and the market at which the related parties operates.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

There is no compensation of key management personnel in 2023, 2022 and 2021. The Company's accounting and administrative functions are provided by a related party at no cost to the Company.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

- a. In the normal course of its prior operations, the Company has outstanding commitments, pending litigations and contingent liabilities which are not reflected in the financial statements. Management believes that the ultimate outcome of these matters will not have a material impact in the financial statements.
- b. As discussed in Note 1, under the MOA dated September 12, 2002 between the Company, BDO and PDIC, the Company agreed to transfer its assets and liabilities from its development bank operations to BDO and PDIC. Under the terms of the MOA, the Company holds BDO free from any contingent claims, labor and minority issues and concerns arising from related assets and liabilities still managed by the Company until these are assumed by BDO.

The Company has accounted for separately the assets from its development bank operations pursuant to the MOA. It still has in its possession titles of real estate properties from its development bank operations with an aggregate value of ₱723.5 million and ₱518.8 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Moreover, the Company has cash in its custody of ₱13.9 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 arising from the proceeds of the sale of one of the properties.

15. Basic/Diluted Loss Per Share

The basic loss per share is computed as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Net loss	(₱30,308,471)	(₱6,205,377)	(₱1,708,466)
Less dividend rights of preferred stockholders for the year	1,581,671	1,581,671	1,581,671
Loss attributable to common stockholders	(31,890,142)	(7,787,048)	(3,290,137)
Divided by weighted average number of common stock	850,298,616	700,298,616	700,298,616
Basic loss per share	(₱0.038)	(₱0.011)	(₱0.005)

The convertible feature of the Company's preferred stock has potential antidilutive effect. The Company has no diluted income per share in 2023, 2022 and 2021 because the Company is in a net loss position.

16. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise of cash, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers), due from related parties, investment in a club share, accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payable) and due to a related party.

The main risks arising from the financial instruments of the Company are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and market risk. The BOD reviews and approves policies for managing the risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligation. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from cash in banks, receivables (excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers) and due from related parties and investment in a club share. The carrying amounts of the financial assets represent the Company's gross maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

The Company estimates the ECL on its receivables using a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The tables below present the Company's exposure to credit risk and shows the credit quality of the financial assets by indicating whether the financial assets are subjected to 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL.

2023				
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired	Total
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks	₱47,760,041	₱—	₱—	₱47,760,041
Receivables*	—	—	62,515,672	62,515,672
Due from related parties	217,235	—	—	217,235
Loans receivable	—	373,000,000	—	373,000,000
Financial assets at FVOCI -				
Investment in a club share	5,000,000	—	—	5,000,000
	₱52,977,276	₱373,000,000	₱62,515,672	₱488,492,948

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers amounting to ₱2.4 million.

2022				
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired	Total
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks	₱33,834,166	₱—	₱—	₱33,834,166
Receivables*	—	—	62,515,672	62,515,672
Due from related parties	2,317,555	—	—	2,317,555
Financial asset at FVOCI -				
Investment in a club share	3,300,000	—	—	3,300,000
	₱39,451,721	₱—	₱62,515,672	₱101,967,393

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers amounting to ₱2.4 million.

The aging analyses of financial assets as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

2023					
	Neither Past Due Nor Impaired	Past Due But Not Impaired		Past Due and Impaired	Total
		Less Than 30 Days	31-60 Days		
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost					
Cash in banks	₱47,760,041	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱47,760,041
Receivables*	—	—	—	62,515,672	62,515,672
Due from related parties	217,235	—	—	—	217,235
Loans receivable	373,000,000	—	—	—	373,000,000
	₱420,977,276	—	—	62,515,672	₱483,492,948
Financial Asset at FVOCI					
Investment in a club share	5,000,000	—	—	—	5,000,000
	₱425,977,276	₱—	₱—	₱62,515,672	₱488,492,948

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers amounting to ₱2.4 million.

	2022				Total
	Neither Past Due Nor Impaired	Past Due But Not Impaired		Past Due and Impaired	
		Less Than 30 Days	31-60 Days		
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost					
Cash in banks	₱33,834,166	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱33,834,166
Receivables*	—	—	—	62,515,672	62,515,672
Due from related parties	2,317,555	—	—	—	2,317,555
	36,151,721	—	—	62,515,672	98,667,393
Financial Asset at FVOCI					
Investment in a club share	3,300,000	—	—	—	3,300,000
	₱39,451,721	₱—	₱—	₱62,515,672	₱101,967,393

*Excluding advances to officers, employees and service providers amounting to ₱2.4 million.

Credit Quality of Financial Assets. The credit quality of the Company's financial assets are being managed by using internal credit ratings such as high grade and standard grade.

High grade - pertains to counterparty who is not expected by the Company to default in settling its obligations, thus credit risk exposure is minimal.

Standard grade - include financial assets that are considered moderately realizable and some accounts which would require some reminder follow-ups to obtain settlement from the counterparty.

The Company has assessed the credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired as high grade.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its financial obligations when they fall due. The Company aims to maintain flexibility by maintaining sufficient cash to meet all foreseeable cash needs.

The Company also maintains a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The policy of the Company is to first exhaust lines available from affiliated companies before local bank lines are availed of. The Company seeks to manage its liquid funds through cash planning on a weekly basis. The Company uses historical figures and experiences and forecasts from its cash receipts and disbursements. As part of its liquidity risk management, the Company regularly evaluates its projected and actual cash flows.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payable) and due to related parties are generally due and demandable.

Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from a financial instrument (cash flow interest rate risk) or its fair value (fair value interest rate risk) will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's loans receivable is subject to fixed interest rates and is exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

As at December 31, 2023, the Company's loan receivable amounting ₱373.0 million has no repricing arrangement and is exposed to fair value interest risk. As at December 31, 2023, the Company's exposure to changes in interest rates is not significant.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk relates to the fair value of quoted club share would decrease as the result of the adverse changes in the quoted club share brought about by both rational and irrational market forces. The market risk of the Company arises mainly from its investments in a club share measured at FVOCI. Impact of fair value changes amounted to ₱1.7 million and ₱1.6 million on the investment as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Fair Values

The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value and the corresponding fair value hierarchy:

	2023		2022	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Cash	₱47,780,041	₱47,780,041	₱33,839,166	₱33,839,166
Due from related parties	217,235	217,235	2,317,555	2,317,555
Loans receivables	373,000,000	374,555,467	—	—
Investment in a club share	5,000,000	5,000,000	3,300,000	3,300,000
	₱425,997,276	₱427,552,743	₱39,456,721	₱39,456,721
Financial Liabilities				
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities*	₱197,060,092	₱197,060,092	₱180,670,310	₱180,670,310
Due to related parties	13,880,000	13,880,000	14,516,744	14,516,744
	₱210,940,092	₱210,940,092	₱195,187,054	₱195,187,054

*Excluding statutory payables amounting to ₱18,599 and ₱79,037 as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Current Financial Assets and Liabilities. The carrying amounts of cash, receivables (excluding advances from officers, employees and service providers), due from related parties and accrued expenses and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payable) and due to related parties approximate their fair values due to the short-term and demand nature and maturities of the transactions. The fair value measurement of current financial assets and liabilities is classified as Level 3 (significant unobservable inputs).

Loans Receivable. The fair value of loans receivables is based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the prevailing interest rates. Discount rate used is 6.25% in 2023.

Investment in a Club Share. The fair value of this financial asset was determined based on the current selling price to third parties. The fair value measurement of club share designated as FVOCI is classified as Level 1 wherein the inputs are based on quoted prices in active markets.

There has been no transfer between levels of fair value hierarchy as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue its operations as a going concern and to maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, when there are changes in the economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, or issue new stock. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. The Company is not subject to externally-imposed capital requirements.

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS
ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FOR FILING WITH THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero
8741 Paseo de Roxas
Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company), a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp., as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated April 12, 2024. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Supplementary Schedule on Financial Soundness Indicators, including their definitions, formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, are the responsibility of the Company's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. This schedule is presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Company's financial statements as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and no material exceptions were noted.

REYES TACANDONG & Co.



PAMELA ANN P. ESCUADRO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 128829

Tax Identification No. 216-321-918-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until April 13, 2024

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-013-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10072415

Issued January 2, 2024, Makati City

April 12, 2024
Makati City, Metro Manila

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS
DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Below is a schedule showing financial soundness indicators for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

Ratio	Formula	2023	2022
Current Ratio			
	Total current assets	₱54,286,187	₱41,524,749
	Divided by: Total current liabilities	210,958,691	195,266,091
	Current Ratio	0.26	0.21
Acid Test Ratio			
	Total current assets	₱54,286,187	₱41,524,749
	Less: Other current assets	5,995,992	5,109,828
	Quick assets	48,290,195	36,414,921
	Divide by: Total current liabilities	210,958,691	195,266,091
	Acid Test Ratio	0.23	0.19
Solvency Ratio			
	Loss before depreciation	(₱30,174,008)	(₱6,115,222)
	Divide by: Total liabilities	210,958,691	195,266,091
	Solvency Ratio	(0.14)	(0.03)
Debt-to-Equity Ratio			
	Total liabilities	₱210,958,691	₱195,266,091
	Divide by: Total equity	225,286,820	(149,805,279)
	Debt-to-Equity Ratio	0.94	(1.30)
Asset-to-Equity Ratio			
	Total assets	₱436,044,941	₱45,460,812
	Divide by: Total equity	225,086,250	(149,805,279)
	Asset-to-Equity Ratio	1.94	(0.30)
Profitability Ratio			
	Net loss	(₱30,308,471)	(₱6,205,377)
	Divide by: Total equity	225,086,250	(149,805,279)
	Profitability Ratio	(0.13)	0.04

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS
ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FOR FILING WITH THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors
Prime Media Holdings, Inc.
16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero
8741 Paseo de Roxas
Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Prime Media Holdings, Inc. (the Company), a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp., as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated April 12, 2024. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary schedules as at December 31, 2023 are the responsibility of the Company's management. These supplementary schedules include the following:

- Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration
- Schedules required by Part II of the Revised Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 68
- Conglomerate Map

These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule No. 68 Part II, and are not part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules have been subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

REYES TACANDONG & Co.



PAMELA ANN P. ESCUADRO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 128829

Tax Identification No. 216-321-918-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until April 13, 2024

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-013-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10072415

Issued January 2, 2024, Makati City

April 12, 2024
Makati City, Metro Manila

**RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION
FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

16th Floor, BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

	Amount
Deficit, beginning of reporting period	(P867,570,155)
Add net loss for the current year	(30,308,471)
Deficit, end of the reporting period	(P897,878,626)

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

SEC SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES AS REQUIRED BY
PAR. 6 PART II OF REVISED SRC RULE 68
DECEMBER 31, 2023

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<i>Schedule</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Page</i>
A	Financial Assets	<u>N/A</u>
B	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	<u>N/A</u>
C	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	<u>N/A</u>
D	Long-Term Debt	<u>N/A</u>
E	Indebtedness to Related Parties	<u>N/A</u>
F	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	<u>N/A</u>
G	Capital Stock	<u>1</u>

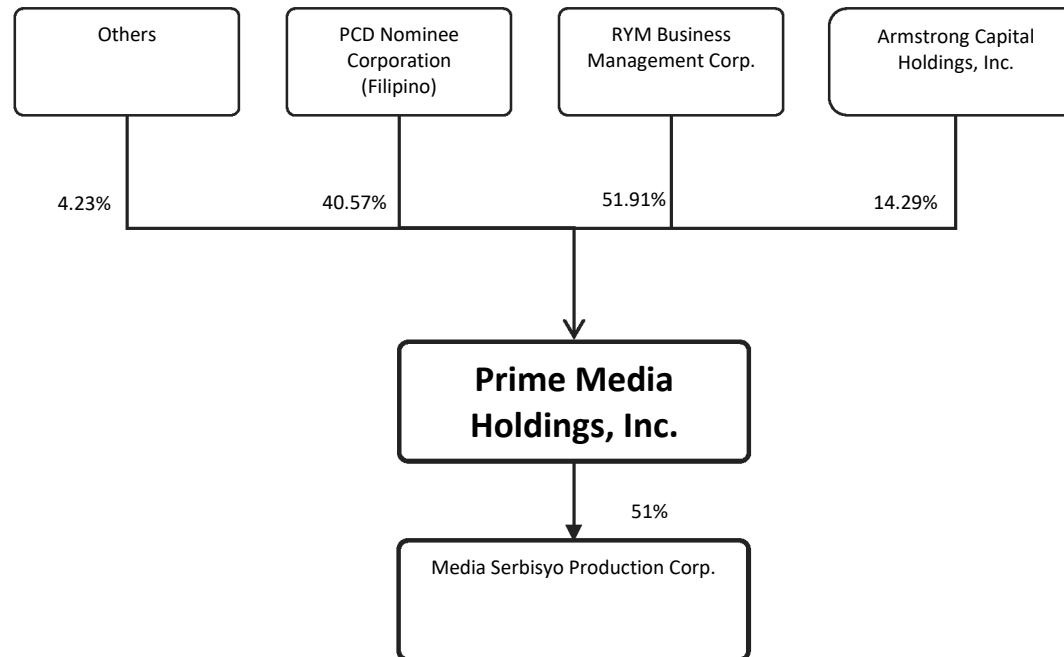
PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

SCHEDULE G - CAPITAL STOCK
DECEMBER 31, 2023

Title of issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding at shown under related balance sheet caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion and other rights	Number of shares held by related parties	Directors, officers and employees	Others
Common Stock	3,000,000,000	850,298,616	—	540,830,986	5,004	309,462,626
Preferred Stock	2,000,000,000	14,366,260	—	—	—	14,366,269
	5,000,000,000	864,664,876	—	540,830,986	5,004	323,828,895

PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.
(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

CONGLOMERATE MAP
DECEMBER 31, 2023





STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management of **Prime Media Holdings, Inc.** is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein for the years ended **December 31, 2023 and 2022**, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible in overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders or members.

Reyes Tacandong & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders for the years ended **December 31, 2023 and 2022**, has audited the financial statements of the company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders or members, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

A black rectangular box redacting the signature of Manolito A. Manalo.

MANOLITO A. MANALO
Chairman and President

A black rectangular box redacting the signature of Rolando S. Santos.

ROLANDO S. SANTOS
Treasurer

Signed this APR 16 2024 day of _____



SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this APR 16 day of 2024
affiant(s) exhibiting to their evidence of identity, as follows:

NAMES	Competent Evidence of Identity (TIN)	DATE OF ISSUE	PLACE OF ISSUE
Manolito A. Manalo	[REDACTED]		
Rolando S. Santos	[REDACTED]		

Doc. No. 143 ;
Page No. 10 ;
Book No. III ;
Series of 2024.

Notary Public

[REDACTED]
KENNETH PETER D. MOLAVE
Notary Public for Makati City
Appt. No. M-572 valid until 31 Dec. 2024
Roll of Atty. No. 70029
MCLE Compliance No. VII-0018666; 04/12/2022
IBP Membership No. 414799; 01/10/2024
PTR No. PC 8457506; 01/03/2024
4F BDO Towers, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City



Jordan Bajamonde <jordan.bajamonde@marcventures.com.ph>

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Mon, Apr 15, 2024 at 11:53 PM

To: JOANNA.MANZANO@marcventures.com.ph

Cc: JACKY.VALENZUELA@marcventures.com.ph

Hi PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.,

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- EAFS000491007OTHTY122023.pdf
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Transaction Code: **AFS-0-QZ24441X0CF7H9KCKQYX1VTRP041X33SYP**

Submission Date/Time: **Apr 15, 2024 11:53 PM**

Company TIN: **000-491-007**

Please be reminded that you accepted the terms and conditions for the use of this portal and expressly agree, warrant and certify that:

- The submitted forms, documents and attachments are complete, truthful and correct based on the personal knowledge and the same are from authentic records;
- The submission is without prejudice to the right of the BIR to require additional document, if any, for completion and verification purposes;
- The hard copies of the documents submitted through this facility shall be submitted when required by the BIR in the event of audit/investigation and/or for any other legal purpose.

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Sustainability Report 2025



PRIME MEDIA
Holdings, Inc.



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Media plays a significant role in sustainable development as it shapes public opinion, raises awareness, and directly influences individuals and collective behavior.



In 2018, the United Nations (UN) launched the SDG Media Compact, an initiative to strengthen the global reach of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The SDG Media Compact began with 31 founding media and entertainment companies and has grown into a powerful alliance of almost 400 members around the world, spanning 160 countries.

The SDG Media Compact seeks to inspire news and entertainment organizations to leverage their resources and talent to amplify and accelerate progress towards achieving the goals. Building awareness facilitates education and provides a platform for marginalized voices through diverse, community-oriented content. The media also fosters global collaboration, combats misinformation, and bridges gaps between policy and action.

A Vital Driver for Awareness.

Prime Media Holdings Inc. (PMHI) approved the joint venture agreement with ABS-CBN on May 23, 2023. Media Serbisyo Production Corporation (MSPC) was officially formed to develop, produce, and finance content, programs, and shows for distribution by other broadcast networks, channels, or platforms, locally and internationally. In the same year, MSPC launched DWPM Radyo 630 and Teleradyo Serbisyo, which airs on YouTube, ABS-CBN International's The Filipino Channel, and the iWant TFC streaming service. On May 29, 2025, at 8:00 PM, Radyo 630 was officially rebranded as DZMM Radyo Patrol 630.

The media platform strengthens the company's commitment to sustainable development as Radyo 630 is a catalyst for building awareness and influencing public opinion, while at the same time holding stakeholders accountable for their sustainable initiatives. The practice of publicly reporting significant sustainability-related issues enables organizations to measure and understand performance as leaders manage existing change and set development goals.

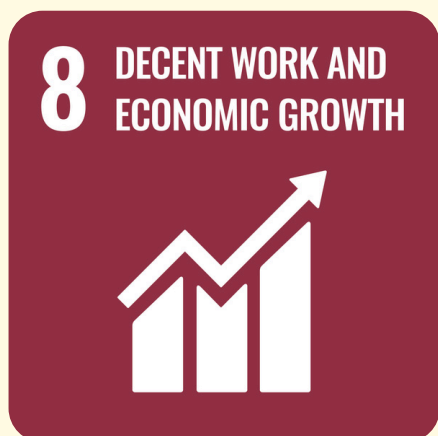
On the 17th UNSDG, PMHI supports the sustainable development goals that promote sustainable economic growth, infrastructure development, and innovation.

Background

PMHI was registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 6, 1963, as a Private Development Corporation. On July 9, 1964, the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE) approved the public listing of the company's shares of stock. In 2002, the company transferred its assets and liabilities to Banco de Oro Unibank, Inc. (BDO) and the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC) under a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA). It is still in the process of transferring titles of real estate properties in its possession. In October 2003, the SEC approved the change in primary purpose from a development bank to a holding company. On March 4, 2013, the SEC approved the extension of its corporate life for another 50 years. Under the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, effective February 23, 2019, it was accorded perpetual existence.

In 2021, PMHI signed an MOA with the major stockholders of Philippine Collective Media Corporation ("PCMC Shareholders"), subscribing to 70% of the company's outstanding capital stock in exchange for PCMC shares to obtain the business, assets, and ownership of PCMC, subject to terms and conditions. PCMC has a national franchise, thereby providing content providers an avenue to broadcast content. Media Serbisyo Production Corporation was officially formed in May 2023 through a joint venture agreement with ABS-CBN. DWPM Radyo 630 was launched after a month.

On May 29, 2025, Radyo 630 became DZMM Radyo Patrol 630, and TeleRadyo Serbisyo was called DZMM TeleRadyo. Content and programs being aired on both platforms are provided by MSPC.



Economic Growth, Innovation & Infrastructure

The joint venture supports PMHI's commitment to Economic Growth infrastructure and innovation as it leads to better opportunities and economic security. Growth is dependent on investments in infrastructure, sustainable industrial development, and technological progress.



Economic Value

Revitalization continues with the current business model following the functional outsourcing approach. The company retired all employees in 2010, and since then, specific functions like accounting and IT development have been handled by consultants and external providers, allowing the company to focus on its core competencies.

In 2025, PMHI generated a direct economic value of Php 50,851,534 in revenue, with direct value distributed at Php 16,331,031. It remitted taxes to the Philippine government in the amount of Php 8,633,393. Overall, retained economic value is Php 34,520,503.

The figures may not be deemed substantial from a business standpoint, but they strengthen PMHI's contribution to the Philippine government and the local economy.



Ensure Healthy Lives and Promote Well-being for All Ages

Health awareness is crucial for empowering individuals to focus on their well-being and promote preventive care. The health programs currently being aired are:

- “Iwas Sakit Iwas Gastos,” promotes practical healthy habits to avoid illness and reduce medical expenses, through expert advice and accessible healthcare tips.
- “Ligtas Dapat,” Safety and preparedness tips for different situations.
- “Safe Space,” focuses on mental health and emotional well-being, while promoting understanding and empathy.



Corporate Governance

As a publicly listed corporation, PMHI seeks to ensure continuous adherence to corporate governance rules, regulations, and requirements imposed by the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the PSE. Likewise, PMHI continues to practice transparency and accountability to the public and its institutional stakeholders.

PMHI holds regular stockholders' meetings to keep its stockholders informed of the current condition and future standing of the Company. The Company's audited financial performance was presented to its shareholders during the virtual annual stockholders' meeting held on 30 October 2025. Company information is also freely accessible via the Company website, which also includes its current Annual Report and Sustainability Reports.

Programs that amplify sustainability

As a media entity, the company produces content that strengthen the reach of the global goals.



Promoting Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions

DZMM also airs several programs on current issues that encourage the public to take action, foster positive association, influence behavior change which is essential to develop.

“Hello Attorney”, offers advice to listeners with legal problems.

“Radyo Patrol Balita Alas Kwatro”, highlights the first news of the day along with local and national updates.

“Balitapan”, discussion on the day’s issues, featuring different points of views that encourage critical thinking.

“Aksyon Ngayon”, answers urgent public concerns from experts and relevant agencies.

“Isyu Spotted”, features the hottest issues and breaks down news stories for easy understanding.

“Spot Report”, updates on developing police stories.

“With Due Respect”, tackles pressing issues with sharp insight, open dialogue and commitment to fairness.



Access To Economic Resources

The following programs directly extend assistance to those in need.

“Konek Ka Dyan”, connects listeners to helpful information and services.

“Pasado Serbisyo”, highlights public service stories and initiatives, with updates on community assistance programs.

“Nagseserbisyo”, host Nina Corpuz focuses on real-life problems and offers clear information and practical solutions.

“Mutya ng Masa”, inspirational stories that uplift lives, showcasing public service, highlighting ordinary people making extraordinary impact.



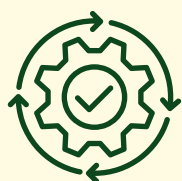
Community Engagement

The radio and television programs reflect the company's commitment to creating a positive impact in the community. Awareness of current events through news programs promotes understanding and encourages institutions and the public to be part of the potential solution that can directly benefit the elderly, people with disabilities, indigent, and other vulnerable groups.



Data Security

Data security is a vital material topic relative to the Company's operations. PMHI has a duly appointed Data Privacy Officer to ensure strict implementation of confidentiality measures that comply with Philippine data privacy laws.



Materiality Assessment & Reporting Process

The report was prepared following the Sustainability Reporting Guidelines for Publicly Listed companies of the Philippines, released by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

PMHI regularly reviews materiality assessment and the sustainability reporting process along with the significant changes in operations, brought about by new partnerships and ventures.

In 2019, the Company hired Atty. Teodoro Kalaw IV, a certified sustainability trainer and assurer, to lead a sustainability orientation and materiality workshop for key officers and staff. These same individuals are responsible for preparing the 2024 Sustainability Report.

Atty. Kalaw facilitated an extensive sustainability orientation and materiality assessment workshop for key officers and staff of the Firm. The same key officers and staff are tasked to provide continuity in preparing the 2024 Sustainability Report.

PMHI has no direct employees, and it was determined that most of the prospective material topics in the economic, environmental, and social domains described in SEC Memorandum Circular No. 4 s. of 2019 are presently not relevant to stakeholders. Moving forward PMHI expects more substantial contributions to the Sustainable Development Goals.

For 2024, the results of the materiality assessment are substantially similar to the previous year as the Company is in the process of determining the optimal business model, which can pave the way for robust sustainable operations and reporting in the future.

Material Topic Index

As required by Annexes A (reporting template) and B (topic guide) of SEC Memorandum Circular No. 4 Sustainability Reporting Guidelines for Publicly-listed Companies, the topics identified as material for the reporting period are as follows:

Topic	SEC Guidelines Annex A Page#	2025Sustainability Report Page#
Economic Value	19	3
Community Engagement	39	6
Data Security	41	6

Contact

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